

Converting Colors

YIQ(121.3780, 6.2420, -36.0460)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(121.3780, 6.2420, -36.0460)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(121.3780, 6.2420,
-36.0460)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	698F35
RGB	105, 143, 53
RGB Percent	41%, 56%, 21%
CMY	0.5884, 0.4391, 0.7921
CMYK	0.27, 0.00, 0.63, 0.44
HSL	85°, 46%, 38%
HSV	85°, 63%, 56%
XYZ	16.2893, 22.9079, 6.9342
YIQ	121.3780, 6.2420, -36.0460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

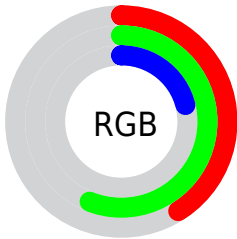
Format	Color
RYB	53, 143, 91
Decimal	6917941
CIELab	54.98, -28.21, 42.51
CIELCh	55, 51.013, 123.567
Yxy	22.9079, 0.3531, 0.4966
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285108021 (0xFF698F35)
YUV	121.3780, -33.7104, -14.3635
Hunter-Lab	47.8622, -23.0086, 24.9137

Details

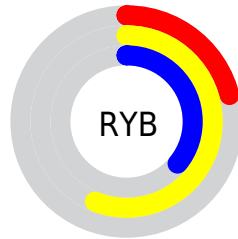
The YIQ color **121.3780, 6.2420, -36.0460** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669933**. A complement of this color would be **74.6220, -6.2420, 36.0460**, and the grayscale version is **122.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **175.0360, 7.2050, -36.9790**, and **70.1500, 6.8840, -36.6680** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **117.9880, 7.1600, -41.6720**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **124.7680, 5.3240, -30.4200**.

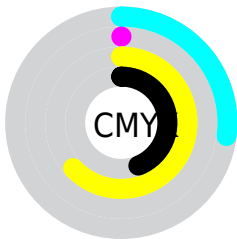
Distribution



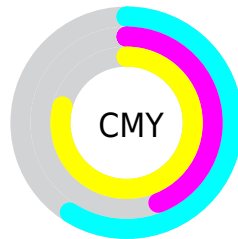
- Red (41%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (21%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 121.3780, 6.2420, -36.0460 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 121.3780, 6.2420, -36.0460 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 121.3780, 6.2420,
-36.0460

■ 121.3780, 6.2420,
-36.0460

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 95.3780, 6.2420,
-36.0460

■ 175.0360, 7.2050,
-36.9790

■ 70.1500, 6.8840,
-36.6680

■ 202.5090, 7.2510,
-37.8130

■ 48.5870, -1.4160,
-29.4160

■ 231.1670, 8.2140,
-38.7460

■ 27.0020, -12.6500,
-24.0580

■ 243.6170, 16.2350,
-24.4130

■ 15.2620, -7.1500,
-13.5980

■ 250.0980, 13.8030,
-13.3730

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 253.4040, 4.4940,

-4.3540

■ 121.3780, 6.2420,
-36.0460

■ 121.3780, 6.2420,
-36.0460

■ 117.9880, 7.1600,
-41.6720

■ 124.7680, 5.3240,
-30.4200

■ 114.4840, 8.3990,
-47.6090

■ 128.2720, 4.0850,
-24.4830

■ 111.0940, 9.3170,
-53.2350

■ 131.6620, 3.1670,
-18.8570

■ 108.7580, 10.1430,
-57.1930

■ 135.0520, 2.2490,
-13.2310

■ 138.5560, 1.0100,
-7.2940

■ 141.9460, 0.0920,
-1.6680

■ 145.3360, -0.8260,
3.9580

■ 148.7260, -1.7440,
9.5840

■ 152.2300, -2.9830,
15.5210

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



125.8510, 41.8190, -25.5170



121.3780, 6.2420, -36.0460



108.1770, -50.4720, -43.4640

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



121.3780, 6.2420, -36.0460



109.6420, -107.5600, -11.0480



131.0980, 59.6430, 36.9470

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



121.3780, 6.2420, -36.0460



74.6220, -6.2420, 36.0460

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



134.8190, 29.9320, 41.2600



121.3780, 6.2420, -36.0460



116.5840, -83.3090, 6.5070

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



121.3780, 6.2420, -36.0460



109.6300, -99.2590, -23.8270



134.6100, -15.1360, 32.0320



129.4080, 69.7330, 19.2770

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



121.3780, 6.2420, -36.0460



102.9040, -80.3200, -42.1760



134.6100, -15.1360, 32.0320



132.1990, 52.1690, 40.2410

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



121.3780, 6.2420, -36.0460



177.5250, 2.2950, -14.0650



102.2160, 43.1900, -0.7940



88.9150, 1.3770, -8.4390



222.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



121.3780, 6.2420, -36.0460



151.9860, 9.5010, -56.5710



108.2220, -19.9820, -45.3740



69.3050, 0.4590, -2.8130



102.5670, 9.3630, -54.0690



5.8920, 0.1840, -3.3360

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.6220, -6.2420, 36.0460



79.0140, -9.5010, 56.5710



88.0770, 20.5780, 45.5860



65.6950, -0.4590, 2.8130



32.4330, -9.3630, 54.0690



1.8090, -0.7800, 3.1240

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 121.3780, 6.2420, -36.0460 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 121.3780, 6.2420, -36.0460 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 121.3780, 6.2420, -36.0460

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 121.3780, 6.2420, -36.0460.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 121.3780, 6.2420,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

121.3780, 6.2420, -36.0460

Protanopia

126.2510, 34.9410, -22.0110

Deuteranopia

128.5390, 43.2380, -12.6820



Tritanopia

130.1710, -13.6630, -0.1830

Trichromacy



Original Color

121.3780, 6.2420, -36.0460

Protanomaly

124.2280, 24.5800, -26.9720

Deuteranomaly

126.1410, 29.4390, -21.4170

Tritanomaly

126.9740, -6.2790, -12.8630

Monochromacy



Original Color

121.3780, 6.2420, -36.0460

Achromatopsia

121.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

121.0520, 2.2490, -13.2310

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 121.3780, 6.2420, -36.0460 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 143, 53)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 143, 53)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 143, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 143, 53) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 121.3780, 6.2420, -36.0460 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 143, 53) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 143, 53) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(105, 143, 53)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(105, 143, 53); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 143, 53);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 143,  
53) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 121.3780, 6.2420, -36.0460 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 143, 53) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105,  
143, 53) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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