

Converting Colors

YIQ(121.6160, -16.4140, 0.1140)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(121.6160, -16.4140, 0.1140)
contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| YIQ(121.6160, -16.4140, 0.1140) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**YIQ(121.6160, -16.4140,
0.1140)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | 6A7E8C |
| RGB | 106, 126, 140 |
| RGB Percent | 42%, 49%, 55% |
| CMY | 0.5843, 0.5058, 0.4511 |
| CMYK | 0.24, 0.10, 0.00, 0.45 |
| HSL | 205°, 14%, 48% |
| HSV | 205°, 24%, 55% |
| XYZ | 18.1368, 19.8803, 27.6848 |
| YIQ | 121.6160, -16.4140, 0.1140 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

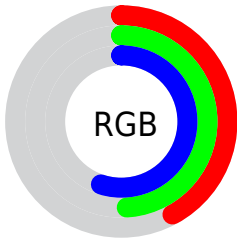
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 106, 119, 140 |
| Decimal | 6979212 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 51.70, -3.96, -9.98 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 52, 10.734, 248.352 |
| Yxy | 19.8803, 0.2760, 0.3026 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4285169292 (0xFF6A7E8C) |
| YUV | 121.6160, 9.0633, -13.6952 |
| Hunter-Lab | 44.5873, -5.4193, -5.6027 |

Details

The YIQ color $121.6160, -16.4140, 0.1140$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $124.3840, 16.4140, -0.1140$, and the grayscale version is $122.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $174.4310, -17.3310, 0.2130$, and $72.8010, -15.4970, 0.0150$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $113.9080, -23.1080, 0.2840$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $129.3240, -9.7200, -0.0560$.

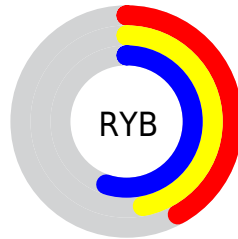
Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (49%)

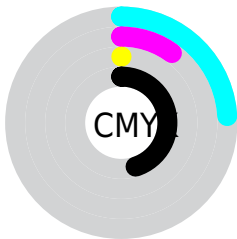
Blue (55%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (55%)

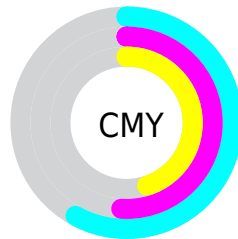


Cyan (24%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 121.6160, -16.4140, 0.1140 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 121.6160, -16.4140, 0.1140 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 121.6160,
-16.4140, 0.1140

■ 121.6160,
-16.4140, 0.1140

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 96.5020, -16.0930,
-0.1970

■ 174.4310,
-17.3310, 0.2130

■ 72.8010, -15.4970,
0.0150

■ 201.4310,
-17.3310, 0.2130

■ 49.8010, -15.4970,
0.0150

■ 229.5450,
-17.6520, 0.5240

■ 28.2740, -15.4510,
-0.8190

■ 250.8140, -8.3440,
-2.9680

■ 8.6060, -10.4540,
2.2340

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 121.6160,
-16.4140, 0.1140

■ 121.6160,
-16.4140, 0.1140

■ 113.9080,
-23.1080, 0.2840

■ 129.3240, -9.7200,
-0.0560

■ 106.7870,
-30.0770, -0.0690

■ 137.0320, -3.0260,
-0.2260

■ 99.0790, -36.7710,
0.1010

■ 144.1530, 3.9430,
0.1270

■ 91.3710, -43.4650,
0.2710

■ 151.8610, 10.6370,
-0.0430

■ 83.6630, -50.1590,
0.4410

■ 159.5690, 17.3310,
-0.2130

■ 75.9550, -56.8530,
0.6110

■ 167.2770, 24.0250,
-0.3830

■ 68.8340, -63.8220,
0.2580

■ 174.3980, 30.9940,
-0.0300

■ 64.0940, -67.4900,

■ 182.1060, 37.6880,

0.6540

-0.2000

■ 189.8140, 44.3820,
-0.3700

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



120.3120, -18.6140, -4.0700



121.6160, -16.4140, 0.1140



123.2580, -9.3540, 4.3260

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



121.6160, -16.4140, 0.1140



124.9310, 13.6160, 6.5440



121.6700, 0.6890, -6.9830

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



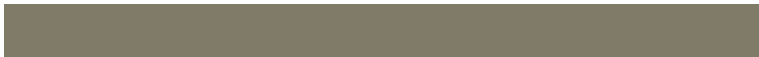
121.6160, -16.4140, 0.1140



124.3840, 16.4140, -0.1140

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



122.4430, 8.7580, -4.5380



121.6160, -16.4140, 0.1140



124.4920, 16.2300, 3.2220

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



121.6160, -16.4140, 0.1140



125.3480, 8.0680, 7.9720



123.4870, 14.6260, -0.7500



120.6520, -8.0680, -7.9720

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



121.6160, -16.4140, 0.1140



123.9490, -3.9900, 6.2340



123.4870, 14.6260, -0.7500



121.7520, 3.3940, -6.4460

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



121.6160, -16.4140, 0.1140



174.1780, -6.3730, -0.1410



127.5540, -13.8440, -13.4280



87.8470, -3.9430, -0.1270



219.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



92.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



121.6160, -16.4140, 0.1140



152.5380, -24.9420, 0.4820



111.6370, -11.7390, 9.0050



65.1460, -3.3470, 0.0850



60.9480, -64.1430, 0.5690



2.3310, -2.4300, -0.0140

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



118.4460, 13.8440, 13.4280



147.9680, 21.3620, 20.3540



134.3630, 11.7390, -9.0050



64.5490, 2.8880, 2.7280



48.6590, 54.2300, 52.4540



1.8370, 2.0170, 1.9930

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 121.6160, -16.4140, 0.1140 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 121.6160, -16.4140, 0.1140 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

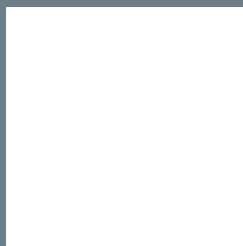
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 121.6160, -16.4140, 0.1140

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 121.6160, -16.4140, 0.1140.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 121.6160, -16.4140,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

121.6160, -16.4140, 0.1140

Protanopia

123.4110, -5.4110, 4.4530

Deuteranopia

124.1880, -3.1650, 7.8030



Tritanopia

121.5620, -16.3220, -1.5540

Trichromacy



Original Color

121.6160, -16.4140, 0.1140

Protanomaly

122.6170, -8.9870, 3.1810

Deuteranomaly

123.2690, -7.8870, 5.2730

Tritanomaly

121.6760, -16.6430, -1.2430

Monochromacy



Original Color

121.6160, -16.4140, 0.1140

Achromatopsia

122.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

121.5910, -6.0980, 0.3820

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 121.6160, -16.4140, 0.1140 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(106, 126, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(106, 126, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 126, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(106, 126, 140) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 121.6160, -16.4140, 0.1140 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(106, 126, 140) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(106, 126, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(106, 126, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(106, 126, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 126, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 126,  
140) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 121.6160, -16.4140, 0.1140 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(106, 126, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(106,  
126, 140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor