

Converting Colors

YIQ(121.8740, 17.7900, -3.0260)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(121.8740, 17.7900, -3.0260)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(121.8740, 17.7900,
-3.0260)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	897761
RGB	137, 119, 97
RGB Percent	54%, 47%, 38%
CMY	0.4627, 0.5333, 0.6195
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.29, 0.46
HSL	33°, 17%, 46%
HSV	33°, 29%, 54%
XYZ	19.0724, 19.3743, 14.0491
YIQ	121.8740, 17.7900, -3.0260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

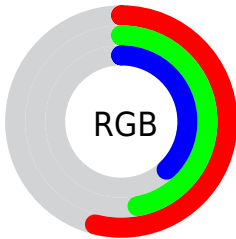
Format	Color
R_{YB}	130, 137, 97
Decimal	9008993
CIE _{Lab}	51.12, 3.40, 14.66
CIE _{LCh}	51, 15.055, 76.932
Yxy	19.3743, 0.3633, 0.3691
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287199073 (0xFF897761)
YUV	121.8740, -12.2629, 13.2655
Hunter-Lab	44.0163, 0.3161, 11.8872

Details

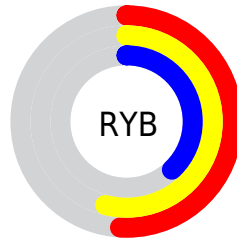
The YIQ color **121.8740, 17.7900, -3.0260** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **112.1260, -17.7900, 3.0260**, and the grayscale version is **122.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **174.3580, 19.3030, -2.9130**, and **73.0910, 15.6810, -3.3510** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **116.7560, 23.9340, -4.2420**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **126.9920, 11.6460, -1.8100**.

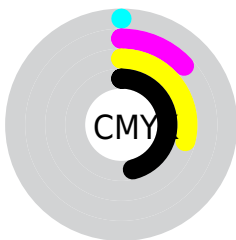
Distribution



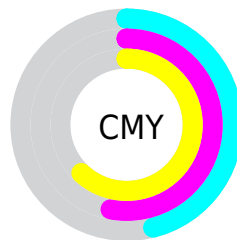
- Red (54%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (46%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 121.8740, 17.7900, -3.0260 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 121.8740, 17.7900, -3.0260 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 121.8740, 17.7900,
-3.0260

■ 121.8740, 17.7900,
-3.0260

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 96.6890, 16.8730,
-2.9270

■ 174.3580, 19.3030,
-2.9130

■ 73.2050, 15.3600,
-3.0400

■ 201.5430, 20.2200,
-3.0120

■ 50.3190, 15.0390,
-2.7290

■ 229.8420, 20.8160,
-2.8000

■ 28.3790, 14.8100,
-4.0860

■ 252.1500, 8.0250,
-7.7750

■ 5.0720, 8.6650,
2.6570

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 121.8740, 17.7900,
-3.0260

■ 121.8740, 17.7900,
-3.0260

■ 116.7560, 23.9340,
-4.2420

■ 126.9920, 11.6460,
-1.8100

■ 111.7520, 29.7570,
-5.1470

■ 131.9960, 5.8230,
-0.9050

■ 106.0470, 36.1760,
-5.8400

■ 137.7010, -0.5960,
-0.2120

■ 100.9290, 42.3200,
-7.0560

■ 142.8190, -6.7400,
1.0040

■ 95.9250, 48.1430,
-7.9610

■ 147.9370,
-12.8840, 2.2200

■ 90.8070, 54.2870,
-9.1770

■ 152.9410,
-18.7070, 3.1250

■ 85.6890, 60.4310,
-10.3930

■ 158.0590,
-24.8510, 4.3410

■ 84.9880, 61.0270,

■ 163.1770,

-10.1810

-30.9950, 5.5570

■ 168.7680,
-37.0930, 5.9390

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



123.0150, 22.0070, 3.1510



121.8740, 17.7900, -3.0260



120.3350, 8.9420, -7.8740

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



121.8740, 17.7900, -3.0260



116.7410, -24.4360, -8.6920



123.7050, 2.7490, 10.7570

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



121.8740, 17.7900, -3.0260



112.1260, -17.7900, 3.0260

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



122.0670, -10.1340, 7.4500



121.8740, 17.7900, -3.0260



117.7070, -27.0960, -4.5360

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



121.8740, 17.7900, -3.0260



117.6510, -15.4950, -11.0390



119.9190, -21.6410, 1.2310



123.9790, 13.6610, 11.2370

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



121.8740, 17.7900, -3.0260



119.5620, 0.8730, -10.3190



119.9190, -21.6410, 1.2310



123.1390, -1.4690, 10.1070

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



121.8740, 17.7900, -3.0260



172.3660, 7.6570, -1.1030



111.1260, 17.7410, 14.3890



85.5120, 4.3100, -1.0180



217.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



89.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



121.8740, 17.7900, -3.0260



154.7950, 28.1980, -4.4260



132.1410, 12.2440, -12.6520



66.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080



82.6180, 59.1930, -9.9830



3.2560, 2.1550, -0.5090

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



112.1260, -17.7900, 3.0260



139.6180, -27.9230, 4.9490



101.8590, -12.2440, 12.6520



64.5590, -3.0720, 0.6080



50.3820, -59.1930, 9.9830



1.7440, -2.1550, 0.5090

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 121.8740, 17.7900, -3.0260 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

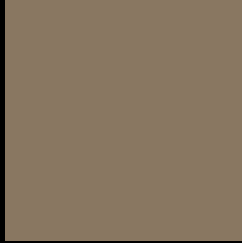
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 121.8740, 17.7900, -3.0260 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

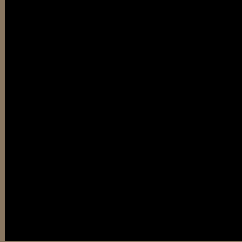
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 121.8740, 17.7900, -3.0260

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 121.8740, 17.7900, -3.0260.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 121.8740, 17.7900,

-3.0260.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

121.8740, 17.7900, -3.0260

Protanopia

121.3570, 11.8760, -5.9800

Deuteranopia

122.1950, 21.3200, -0.9200



Tritanopia

123.5010, 12.0110, 8.0990

Trichromacy



Original Color

121.8740, 17.7900, -3.0260

Protanomaly

121.6670, 13.9390, -4.8210

Deuteranomaly

122.1840, 19.8530, -1.8670

Tritanomaly

122.6490, 14.3500, 4.2540

Monochromacy



Original Color

121.8740, 17.7900, -3.0260

Achromatopsia

122.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

121.8820, 6.1440, -1.2160

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 121.8740, 17.7900, -3.0260 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 119, 97)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 119, 97)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 119, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 119, 97) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 121.8740, 17.7900, -3.0260 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 119, 97) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 119, 97) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(137, 119, 97)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 119, 97); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 119, 97);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 119,  
97) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 121.8740, 17.7900, -3.0260 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 119, 97) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
119, 97) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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