

Converting Colors

YIQ(122.1320, 16.4630,
-17.5290)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(122.1320, 16.4630, -17.5290)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(122.1320, 16.4630,
-17.5290)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7F814A
RGB	127, 129, 74
RGB Percent	50%, 51%, 29%
CMY	0.5020, 0.4941, 0.7097
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.43, 0.49
HSL	62°, 27%, 40%
HSV	62°, 43%, 51%
XYZ	17.8382, 20.7067, 9.5401
YIQ	122.1320, 16.4630, -17.5290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

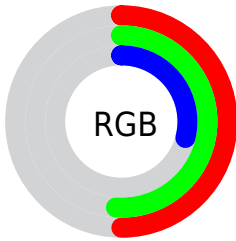
Format	Color
R_{YB}	74, 129, 76
Decimal	8356170
CIE _{Lab}	52.63, -9.54, 29.49
CIE _{LCh}	53, 30.996, 107.920
Yxy	20.7067, 0.3710, 0.4306
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286546250 (0xFF7F814A)
YUV	122.1320, -23.7291, 4.2692
Hunter-Lab	45.5047, -9.6596, 19.4231

Details

The YIQ color **122.1320, 16.4630, -17.5290** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **80.8680, -16.4630, 17.5290**, and the grayscale version is **122.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **175.0890, 18.0220, -18.2500**, and **72.8760, 14.3080, -17.0200** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **120.6500, 20.6360, -21.5720**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **123.6140, 12.2900, -13.4860**.

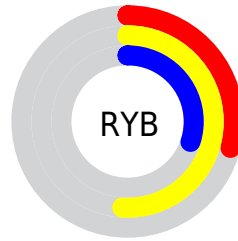
Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (51%)

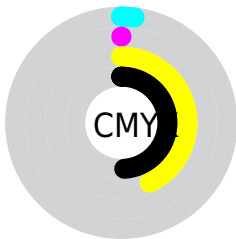
Blue (29%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (30%)

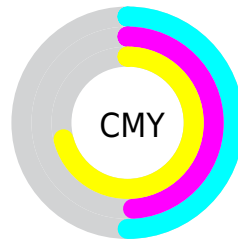


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (43%)

Black (49%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (71%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 122.1320, 16.4630, -17.5290 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 122.1320, 16.4630, -17.5290 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 122.1320, 16.4630,
-17.5290

■ 122.1320, 16.4630,
-17.5290

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 97.0610, 15.2250,
-17.1190

■ 175.0890, 18.0220,
-18.2500

■ 72.8760, 14.3080,
-17.0200

■ 202.2740, 18.9390,
-18.3490

■ 49.7620, 14.6290,
-17.3310

■ 230.7470, 18.9850,
-19.1830

■ 30.1020, 7.9800,
-12.4680

■ 249.1860, 16.3710,
-15.8610

■ 9.3920, -4.4000,
-8.3680

■ 252.4920, 7.0620,
-6.8420

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 122.1320, 16.4630,
-17.5290

■ 122.1320, 16.4630,
-17.5290

■ 120.6500, 20.6360,
-21.5720

■ 123.6140, 12.2900,
-13.4860

■ 118.8690, 24.2130,
-25.8270

■ 125.3950, 8.7130,
-9.2310

■ 117.3870, 28.3860,
-29.8700

■ 126.8770, 4.5400,
-5.1880

■ 115.6060, 31.9630,
-34.1250

■ 128.6580, 0.9630,
-0.9330

■ 114.2380, 35.8150,
-37.8570

■ 130.1400, -3.2100,
3.1100

■ 112.7990, 38.4290,
-41.1790

■ 131.8070, -6.4660,
7.0540

■ 133.2890,
-10.6390, 11.0970

■ 135.0700,

-14.2160, 15.3520

■ 136.5520,
-18.3890, 19.3950

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



124.2100, 34.1590, -7.8330



122.1320, 16.4630, -17.5290



118.3940, -7.8820, -22.3620

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



122.1320, 16.4630, -17.5290



101.8060, -84.9550, -18.7390



128.6700, 28.1930, 23.2090

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



122.1320, 16.4630, -17.5290



80.8680, -16.4630, 17.5290

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



128.9370, 5.4520, 22.3480



122.1320, 16.4630, -17.5290



117.1080, -52.9100, 0.7380

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



122.1320, 16.4630, -17.5290



103.0380, -74.2250, -25.9770



126.0520, -22.9730, 14.3630



127.5110, 41.5820, 17.3420

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



122.1320, 16.4630, -17.5290



115.1020, -27.5510, -23.8310



126.0520, -22.9730, 14.3630



129.3750, 21.7740, 23.9020

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



122.1320, 16.4630, -17.5290



165.1930, 6.4660, -7.0540



91.6190, 32.2300, 10.6140



82.5180, 4.1730, -4.0430



212.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



84.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



122.1320, 16.4630, -17.5290



157.2990, 25.8180, -27.3820



114.0590, 0.3710, -23.2530



63.2020, 2.2470, -2.1770



111.9130, 38.1080, -40.8680



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80.8680, -16.4630, 17.5290



93.0000, -25.2220, 27.5940



88.9410, -0.3710, 23.2530



58.0970, -1.6510, 2.3890



16.0870, -38.1080, 40.8680



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 122.1320, 16.4630, -17.5290 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 122.1320, 16.4630, -17.5290 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

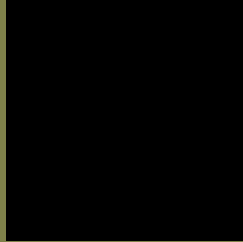
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 122.1320, 16.4630, -17.5290

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 122.1320, 16.4630, -17.5290.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 122.1320, 16.4630,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

122.1320, 16.4630, -17.5290

Protanopia

123.5460, 24.1650, -13.9390

Deuteranopia

124.5520, 33.1960, -6.9000



Tritanopia

126.7280, 3.9420, 5.6540

Trichromacy



Original Color

122.1320, 16.4630, -17.5290

Protanomaly

122.9370, 21.5060, -15.3100

Deuteranomaly

123.5080, 27.3280, -10.6880

Tritanomaly

125.1980, 8.0700, -3.0820

Monochromacy



Original Color

122.1320, 16.4630, -17.5290

Achromatopsia

122.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

122.4210, 5.8240, -6.4320

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 122.1320, 16.4630, -17.5290 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 129, 74)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 129, 74)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 129, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 129, 74) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 122.1320, 16.4630, -17.5290 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 129, 74) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 129, 74) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 129, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 129, 74); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 129, 74);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 129,  
74) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 122.1320, 16.4630, -17.5290 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 129, 74) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
129, 74) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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