

# Converting Colors

YIQ(122.2630, 36.9490, 29.7250)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(122.2630, 36.9490, 29.7250)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(122.2630, 36.9490,  
29.7250)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B05D84
RGB	176, 93, 132
RGB Percent	69%, 36%, 52%
CMY	0.3096, 0.6354, 0.4822
CMYK	0.00, 0.47, 0.25, 0.31
HSL	332°, 34%, 53%
HSV	332°, 47%, 69%
XYZ	25.9955, 18.7261, 24.0848
YIQ	122.2630, 36.9490, 29.7250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

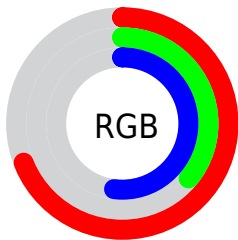
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	176, 93, 132
Decimal	11558276
CIE Lab	50.37, 38.50, -6.53
CIE LCh	50, 39.050, 350.370
Yxy	18.7261, 0.3778, 0.2722
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289748356 (0xFFB05D84)
YUV	122.2630, 4.8003, 47.1273
Hunter-Lab	43.2736, 31.5003, -2.7076

# Details

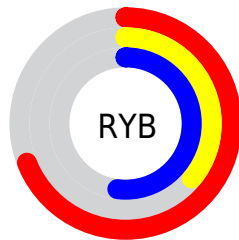
The YIQ color **122.2630, 36.9490, 29.7250** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **146.7370, -36.9490, -29.7250**, and the grayscale version is **122.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **175.8720, 39.6080, 31.0960**, and **70.8820, 33.6480, 28.9760** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **110.6710, 44.7880, 36.3400**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **133.8550, 29.1100, 23.1100**.

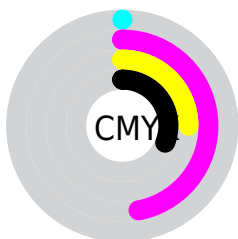
# Distribution



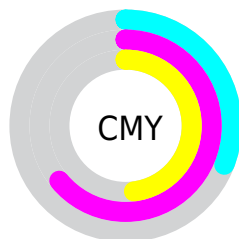
- Red (69%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (48%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 122.2630, 36.9490, 29.7250 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 122.2630, 36.9490, 29.7250 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 122.2630, 36.9490,  
29.7250

■ 122.2630, 36.9490,  
29.7250

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 96.3660, 35.1610,  
29.0890

■ 175.8720, 39.6080,  
31.0960

■ 70.8820, 33.6480,  
28.9760

■ 202.0780, 36.0320,  
29.8240

■ 44.0500, 33.2350,  
30.9550

■ 221.1190, 19.6190,  
24.4110

■ 24.9630, 28.9260,  
26.4460

■ 239.7380, 7.1500,  
13.5980

■ 15.9910, 22.5550,  
15.2510

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

122.2630, 36.9490,  
29.7250

122.2630, 36.9490,  
29.7250

110.6710, 44.7880,  
36.3400

133.8550, 29.1100,  
23.1100

99.5520, 52.6730,  
42.1210

144.9740, 21.2250,  
17.3290

87.9600, 60.5120,  
48.7360

156.5660, 13.3860,  
10.7140

76.9550, 68.0760,  
54.8280

167.5710, 5.8220,  
4.6220

65.2490, 76.2360,  
61.1320

179.2770, -2.3380,  
-1.6820


62.0860, 78.2530,  
63.1250

190.8690,  
-10.1770, -8.2970

201.8740,  
-17.7410, -14.3890

213.5800,

-25.9010, -20.6930

 224.5850,  
-33.4650, -26.7850

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



123.3060, 9.0270, 29.1470



122.2630, 36.9490, 29.7250



120.2950, 51.1180, 20.7340

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



122.2630, 36.9490, 29.7250



114.6280, 17.7020, -23.4660



98.0380, -91.4200, -17.2120

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



122.2630, 36.9490, 29.7250



146.7370, -36.9490, -29.7250

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



96.6070, -83.2570, -27.4890



122.2630, 36.9490, 29.7250



109.4700, -14.2080, -28.8640

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



122.2630, 36.9490, 29.7250



117.5110, 40.4410, -11.5510



92.7420, -70.8760, -37.1160



101.9180, -81.7940, -4.4340



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



122.2630, 36.9490, 29.7250



119.3410, 53.5040, 10.5280



92.7420, -70.8760, -37.1160



97.7130, -89.1270, -20.2230

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



122.2630, 36.9490, 29.7250



208.5770, 14.8530, 11.6610



115.3190, -1.0150, 34.9290



102.0060, 9.0310, 7.0390



242.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



115.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



122.2630, 36.9490, 29.7250



145.1230, 58.4950, 46.7430



118.4040, 49.1930, 17.0730



83.2610, 3.7590, 3.4630



53.9550, 68.0760, 54.8280



9.1420, 11.6440, 9.2440



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



122.2630, 36.9490, 29.7250



145.1230, 58.4950, 46.7430



150.5960, -49.1930, -17.0730



83.2610, 3.7590, 3.4630



53.9550, 68.0760, 54.8280

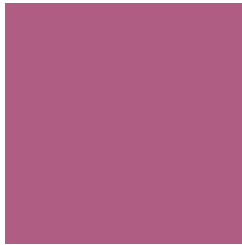


9.1420, 11.6440, 9.2440



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 122.2630, 36.9490, 29.7250 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

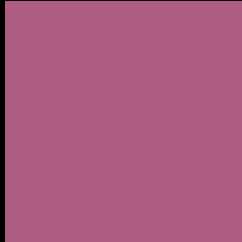
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 122.2630, 36.9490, 29.7250 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

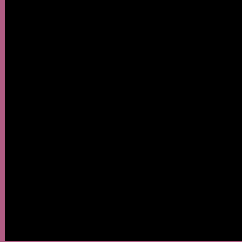
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 122.2630, 36.9490, 29.7250

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 122.2630, 36.9490, 29.7250.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 122.2630, 36.9490,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

122.2630, 36.9490, 29.7250

### Protanopia

120.6260, -13.2060, 8.0580

### Deuteranopia

121.8420, 3.6210, 5.9650



## Tritanopia

121.2230, 42.4530, 18.0770

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

122.2630, 36.9490, 29.7250

## Protanomaly

121.5360, 4.9030, 15.7750

## Deuteranomaly

121.7560, 15.9070, 14.5870

## Tritanomaly

121.4880, 40.3890, 22.4450

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

122.2630, 36.9490, 29.7250

## Achromatopsia

122.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

121.9790, 13.6610, 11.2370

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 122.2630, 36.9490, 29.7250 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 93, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 93, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 93, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 93, 132) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 122.2630, 36.9490, 29.7250 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 93, 132) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 93, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(176, 93, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(176, 93, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 93, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 93,  
132) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 122.2630, 36.9490, 29.7250 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 93, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176, 93,  
132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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