

# Converting Colors

YIQ(122.9310, 39.9790, 7.8430)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(122.9310, 39.9790, 7.8430)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(122.9310, 39.9790, 7.8430)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YIQ(122.9310, 39.9790,  
7.8430)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A66B5C
RGB	166, 107, 92
RGB Percent	65%, 42%, 36%
CMY	0.3489, 0.5805, 0.6390
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.45, 0.35
HSL	12°, 29%, 51%
HSV	12°, 45%, 65%
XYZ	22.9217, 19.3943, 12.6705
YIQ	122.9310, 39.9790, 7.8430

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

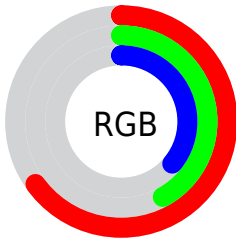
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	166, 111, 92
Decimal	10906460
CIE Lab	51.15, 21.80, 18.12
CIE LCh	51, 28.354, 39.735
Yxy	19.3943, 0.4169, 0.3527
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289096540 (0xFFA66B5C)
YUV	122.9310, -15.2490, 37.7715
Hunter-Lab	44.0389, 15.8387, 13.7688

# Details

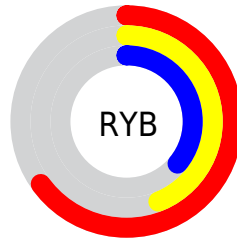
The YIQ color **122.9310, 39.9790, 7.8430** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **135.0690, -39.9790, -7.8430**, and the grayscale version is **123.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **176.1980, 43.6010, 8.2810**, and **73.0660, 35.1650, 6.9810** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **113.3620, 49.0110, 9.3550**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **132.5000, 30.9470, 6.3310**.

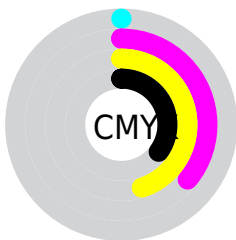
# Distribution



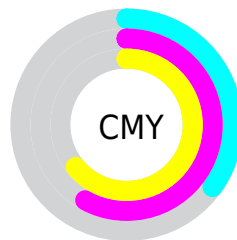
- Red (65%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (64%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 122.9310, 39.9790, 7.8430 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 122.9310, 39.9790, 7.8430 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 122.9310, 39.9790,  
7.8430

■ 122.9310, 39.9790,  
7.8430

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 97.1480, 37.8700,  
7.5180

■ 176.1980, 43.6010,  
8.2810

■ 73.0660, 35.1650,  
6.9810

■ 203.7960, 44.7930,  
8.7050

■ 49.3970, 32.7350,  
6.9670

■ 224.2070, 30.2140,  
3.0940

■ 26.1580, 31.9100,  
5.3980

■ 243.8350, 13.5260,  
-2.8420

■ 11.3620, 22.6480,  
8.0560

■ 254.7720, 0.6420,  
-0.6220

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

122.9310, 39.9790,  
7.8430

122.9310, 39.9790,  
7.8430

113.3620, 49.0110,  
9.3550

132.5000, 30.9470,  
6.3310

103.3200, 57.9970,  
11.7010

141.9550, 22.2360,  
4.5080

93.7510, 67.0290,  
13.2130

152.1110, 12.9290,  
2.4730

84.2960, 75.7400,  
15.0360

161.5660, 4.2180,  
0.6500

74.7270, 84.7720,  
16.5480

171.1350, -4.8140,  
-0.8620

69.5920, 89.5860,  
17.4100

180.7040,  
-13.8460, -2.3740

190.7460,  
-22.8320, -4.7200

200.3150,

-31.8640, -6.2320

■ 209.7700,  
-40.5750, -8.0550

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



124.1020, 35.4840, 17.7240



122.9310, 39.9790, 7.8430



121.7310, 34.2500, -3.9740

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



122.9310, 39.9790, 7.8430



112.6400, -26.1300, -22.0500



120.7800, -28.1990, 9.9530

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



122.9310, 39.9790, 7.8430



135.0690, -39.9790, -7.8430

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



112.7010, -53.3220, -2.8100



122.9310, 39.9790, 7.8430



106.5090, -53.5020, -21.5820

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



122.9310, 39.9790, 7.8430



116.9820, -0.7300, -19.8180



103.4720, -69.2750, -16.5630



124.8220, -1.6540, 18.9700



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



122.9310, 39.9790, 7.8430



120.0240, 25.8150, -10.8010



103.4720, -69.2750, -16.5630



118.1810, -36.8180, 6.4620

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



122.9310, 39.9790, 7.8430



200.3070, 15.3130, 3.3210



120.8520, 25.1650, 34.0370



99.7300, 9.6280, 1.7240



237.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



122.9310, 39.9790, 7.8430



149.8860, 62.2150, 12.3510



144.6500, 29.8040, -11.5080



78.9790, 4.4930, 1.1730



61.8620, 79.9580, 15.6860



8.3280, 10.8200, 2.1480



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



135.0690, -39.9790, -7.8430



169.1140, -62.2150, -12.3510



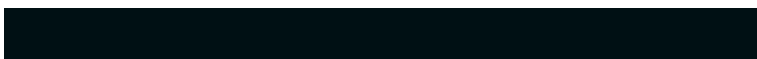
113.3500, -29.8040, 11.5080



80.4340, -4.2180, -0.6500



86.1380, -79.9580, -15.6860



11.6720, -10.8200, -2.1480



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 122.9310, 39.9790, 7.8430 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

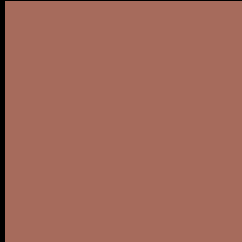
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 122.9310, 39.9790, 7.8430 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 122.9310, 39.9790, 7.8430**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 122.9310, 39.9790, 7.8430.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 122.9310, 39.9790,

7.8430.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

122.9310, 39.9790, 7.8430

### Protanopia

121.7700, 12.1510, -5.4570

### Deuteranopia

121.9950, 24.7590, -2.6730



## Tritanopia

124.0480, 35.5760, 16.0560

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

122.9310, 39.9790, 7.8430

## Protanomaly

122.3800, 22.2370, -1.0190

## Deuteranomaly

122.1530, 30.3060, 1.4260

## Tritanomaly

123.5380, 36.9520, 13.1440

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

122.9310, 39.9790, 7.8430

## Achromatopsia

123.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

123.0080, 14.7170, 3.1090

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 122.9310, 39.9790, 7.8430 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 107, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 107, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 107, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 107, 92) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 122.9310, 39.9790, 7.8430 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 107, 92) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 107, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 107, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 107, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 107, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 107,  
92) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 122.9310, 39.9790, 7.8430 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 107, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166,  
107, 92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor