

Converting Colors

YIQ(123.4300, -15.5900, 7.2100)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(123.4300, -15.5900, 7.2100)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(123.4300, -15.5900,
7.2100)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	717B99
RGB	113, 123, 153
RGB Percent	44%, 48%, 60%
CMY	0.5569, 0.5176, 0.4001
CMYK	0.26, 0.20, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	225°, 16%, 52%
HSV	225°, 26%, 60%
XYZ	19.6414, 19.9768, 32.9483
YIQ	123.4300, -15.5900, 7.2100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

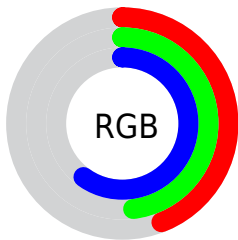
Format	Color
R _Y B	113, 121, 153
Decimal	7437209
CIE Lab	51.81, 3.32, -17.36
CIE LCh	52, 17.672, 280.822
Yxy	19.9768, 0.2707, 0.2753
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285627289 (0xFF717B99)
YUV	123.4300, 14.5780, -9.1471
Hunter-Lab	44.6954, 0.2247, -12.4203

Details

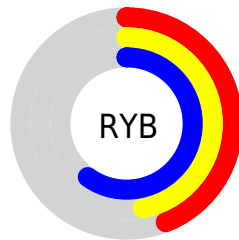
The YIQ color **123.4300, -15.5900, 7.2100** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **142.5700, 15.5900, -7.2100**, and the grayscale version is **123.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **175.6580, -16.2320, 7.8320**, and **74.2020, -14.9480, 6.5880** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **112.4880, -21.5050, 9.7830**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **134.3720, -9.6750, 4.6370**.

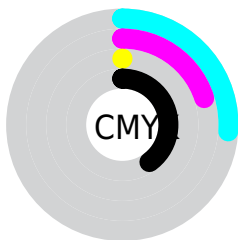
Distribution



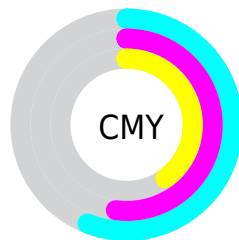
- Red (44%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 123.4300, -15.5900, 7.2100 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 123.4300, -15.5900, 7.2100 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 123.4300,
-15.5900, 7.2100

■ 123.4300,
-15.5900, 7.2100

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 98.3160, -15.2690,
6.8990

■ 175.6580,
-16.2320, 7.8320

■ 74.2020, -14.9480,
6.5880

■ 203.7720,
-16.5530, 8.1430

■ 51.6750, -14.9020,
5.7540

■ 230.7460,
-13.6640, 5.3440

■ 29.8490, -15.4520,
4.7080

■ 253.5050, -2.9800,
-1.0600

■ 7.3980, -12.5640,
7.4360

■ 0.9120, -2.5680,
2.4880

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 123.4300,
-15.5900, 7.2100

■ 123.4300,
-15.5900, 7.2100

■ 112.4880,
-21.5050, 9.7830

■ 134.3720, -9.6750,
4.6370

■ 100.6600,
-27.7410, 12.6670

■ 146.2000, -3.4390,
1.7530

■ 89.7180, -33.6560,
15.2400

■ 157.1420, 2.4760,
-0.8200

■ 78.1890, -39.2960,
18.3360

■ 168.6710, 8.1160,
-3.9160

■ 67.2470, -45.2110,
20.9090

■ 179.6130, 14.0310,
-6.4890

■ 55.4190, -51.4470,
23.7930

■ 191.4410, 20.2670,
-9.3730

■ 44.4770, -57.3620,
26.3660

■ 202.3830, 26.1820,
-11.9460

■ 39.7480, -59.5630,
27.7090

■ 213.9120, 31.8220,
-15.0420

■ 225.1530, 38.3330,
-17.4030

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



120.2710, -28.5640, 0.0440



123.4300, -15.5900, 7.2100



125.6770, -0.0480, 11.8880

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



123.4300, -15.5900, 7.2100



125.1080, 26.1790, 4.6350



118.1840, -15.6780, -13.2300

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



123.4300, -15.5900, 7.2100



142.5700, 15.5900, -7.2100

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



120.6110, -0.8230, -12.6230



123.4300, -15.5900, 7.2100



123.7390, 22.6040, -2.1640

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



123.4300, -15.5900, 7.2100



125.8290, 22.8310, 10.2470



122.0750, 12.6100, -8.2700



117.0070, -28.2410, -11.3210

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



123.4300, -15.5900, 7.2100



125.9940, 9.3050, 13.0890



122.0750, 12.6100, -8.2700



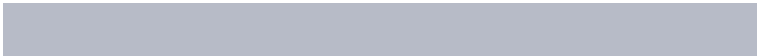
119.4080, -10.4970, -13.5130

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



123.4300, -15.5900, 7.2100



187.1720, -6.2360, 2.8840



139.7860, -20.3090, -11.9010



92.2000, -3.4390, 1.7530



227.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



99.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



123.4300, -15.5900, 7.2100



153.4600, -24.3020, 10.9140



120.2510, -7.4760, 14.3480



71.0860, -3.1180, 1.4420



36.5050, -54.5650, 25.2350



3.2430, -4.9980, 2.4740

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



126.1000, 20.6300, 11.5900



157.3620, 31.8160, 18.1200



145.7490, 7.4760, -14.3480



71.6200, 4.1260, 2.3180



45.8500, 72.2050, 40.5650



4.2290, 6.7850, 3.6890

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 123.4300, -15.5900, 7.2100 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 123.4300, -15.5900, 7.2100 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

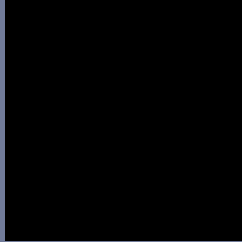
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

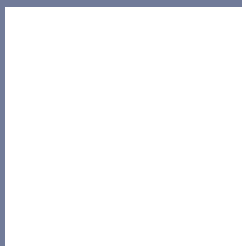
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 123.4300, -15.5900, 7.2100

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 123.4300, -15.5900, 7.2100.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 123.4300, -15.5900,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

123.4300, -15.5900, 7.2100

Protanopia

123.6260, -13.2060, 8.0580

Deuteranopia

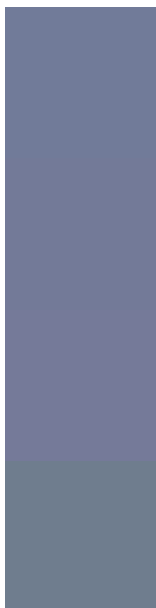
124.3490, -10.8680, 9.7400



Tritanopia

122.3560, -12.7460, -0.2820

Trichromacy



Original Color

123.4300, -15.5900, 7.2100

Protanomaly

123.3270, -13.8020, 7.8460

Deuteranomaly

124.0390, -12.9310, 8.5810

Tritanomaly

122.7520, -13.8010, 2.3190

Monochromacy



Original Color

123.4300, -15.5900, 7.2100

Achromatopsia

123.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

123.0580, -5.9150, 2.5730

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 123.4300, -15.5900, 7.2100 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 123, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 123, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 123, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 123, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 123.4300, -15.5900, 7.2100 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 123, 153) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 123, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 123, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 123, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 123, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 123,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 123.4300, -15.5900, 7.2100 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 123, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
123, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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