

Converting Colors

YIQ(123.4380, -11.1820,
-28.6380)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(123.4380, -11.1820, -28.6380)
contains.

YIQ(123.4380, -11.1820, -28.6380)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(123.4380, -11.1820,
-28.6380)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5F9157
RGB	95, 145, 87
RGB Percent	37%, 57%, 34%
CMY	0.6276, 0.4313, 0.6588
CMYK	0.35, 0.00, 0.40, 0.43
HSL	112°, 25%, 45%
HSV	112°, 40%, 57%
XYZ	16.5641, 23.3761, 12.6559
YIQ	123.4380, -11.1820, -28.6380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

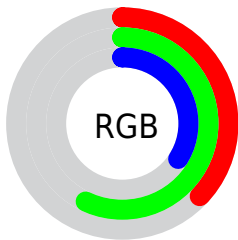
Format	Color
RYB	87, 145, 137
Decimal	6263127
CIELab	55.46, -28.72, 25.60
CIELCh	55, 38.474, 138.293
Yxy	23.3761, 0.3149, 0.4444
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284453207 (0xFF5F9157)
YUV	123.4380, -17.9639, -24.9401
Hunter-Lab	48.3488, -23.4571, 18.3243

Details

The YIQ color **123.4380, -11.1820, -28.6380** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **108.5620, 11.1820, 28.6380**, and the grayscale version is **124.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **176.4980, -11.4110, -29.9950**, and **73.1930, -11.8700, -27.1820** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **117.8410, -14.1150, -36.0590**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **128.7360, -8.8450, -21.4290**.

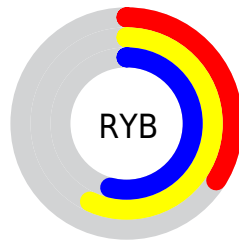
Distribution



Red (37%)

Green (57%)

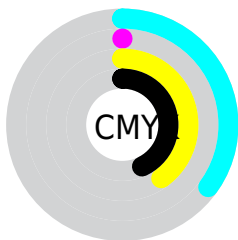
Blue (34%)



Red (34%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (54%)

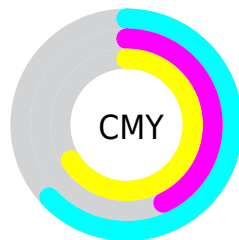


Cyan (35%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (40%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (63%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 123.4380, -11.1820, -28.6380 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 123.4380, -11.1820, -28.6380 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 123.4380,
-11.1820, -28.6380

■ 123.4380,
-11.1820, -28.6380

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 97.9650, -11.2280,
-27.8040

■ 176.4980,
-11.4110, -29.9950

■ 73.1930, -11.8700,
-27.1820

■ 204.2700,
-10.7690, -30.6170

■ 48.8230, -13.7040,
-26.9840

■ 231.8570,
-11.0440, -31.1400

■ 27.5890, -12.9250,
-24.5810

■ 243.7200, -2.7480,
-16.2840

■ 16.4360, -7.7000,
-14.6440

■ 254.2020, 2.2470,
-2.1770

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 123.4380,
-11.1820, -28.6380

■ 123.4380,
-11.1820, -28.6380

■ 117.8410,
-14.1150, -36.0590

■ 128.7360, -8.8450,
-21.4290

■ 112.6570,
-16.7730, -42.9570

■ 134.2190, -5.5910,
-14.3190

■ 107.0600,
-19.7060, -50.3780

■ 139.8160, -2.6580,
-6.8980

■ 101.8760,
-22.3640, -57.2760

■ 145.0000, 0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 96.2790, -25.2970,
-64.6970

■ 150.5970, 2.9330,
7.4210

■ 91.0950, -27.9550,
-71.5950

■ 155.7810, 5.5910,
14.3190

■ 161.3780, 8.5240,
21.7400

■ 166.5620, 11.1820,

28.6380

■ 172.1590, 14.1150,
36.0590

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



127.8240, 20.0860, -22.6180



123.4380, -11.1820, -28.6380



113.4730, -53.8210, -32.3250

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



123.4380, -11.1820, -28.6380



117.9080, -75.8340, -2.3140



134.1210, 51.6680, 21.7800

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



123.4380, -11.1820, -28.6380



108.5620, 11.1820, 28.6380

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



136.0780, 36.0320, 29.8240



123.4380, -11.1820, -28.6380



132.4520, -29.8510, 17.8690

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



123.4380, -11.1820, -28.6380



107.0370, -98.8470, -20.2790



136.5230, 6.9180, 28.8220



132.4070, 53.1380, 6.1460

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



123.4380, -11.1820, -28.6380



104.1240, -86.5110, -34.5990



136.5230, 6.9180, 28.8220



134.4890, 47.8160, 25.5120

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



123.4380, -11.1820, -28.6380



180.3980, -4.5370, -11.3930



133.1050, 21.0930, -13.3310



89.2290, -2.3830, -6.3750



222.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



123.4380, -11.1820, -28.6380



155.3040, -17.2770, -44.8370



123.3260, -22.3700, -24.1140



68.4080, -1.3290, -3.4490



84.9260, -25.8010, -66.5770



4.9950, -1.6040, -3.9720

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



108.5620, 11.1820, 28.6380



131.6960, 17.2770, 44.8370



108.6740, 22.3700, 24.1140



66.5920, 1.3290, 3.4490



50.3730, 26.3970, 66.7890



3.0050, 1.6040, 3.9720

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 123.4380, -11.1820, -28.6380 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 123.4380, -11.1820, -28.6380 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 123.4380, -11.1820, -28.6380 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 123.4380, -11.1820, -28.6380.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 123.4380, -11.1820,

-28.6380.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

123.4380, -11.1820, -28.6380

Protanopia

129.8880, 23.2020, -13.0060

Deuteranopia

132.1650, 30.0320, -4.6240



Tritanopia

129.6860, -22.6030, -3.3630

Trichromacy



Original Color

123.4380, -11.1820, -28.6380

Protanomaly

127.6690, 10.4570, -18.8150

Deuteranomaly

129.2830, 14.7200, -13.4720

Tritanomaly

127.6290, -18.4290, -12.9330

Monochromacy



Original Color

123.4380, -11.1820, -28.6380

Achromatopsia

123.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

123.2240, -3.9870, -10.3470

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 123.4380, -11.1820, -28.6380 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(95, 145, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 145, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 145, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 145, 87) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 123.4380, -11.1820, -28.6380 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 145, 87) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 145, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(95, 145, 87)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(95, 145, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 145, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 145,  
87) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 123.4380, -11.1820, -28.6380 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 145, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 145,  
87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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