

Converting Colors

YIQ(123.6220, 27.0070,
-10.3770)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(123.6220, 27.0070, -10.3770)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(123.6220, 27.0070,
-10.3770)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8F7B4C
RGB	143, 123, 76
RGB Percent	56%, 48%, 30%
CMY	0.4392, 0.5177, 0.7018
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.47, 0.44
HSL	42°, 31%, 43%
HSV	42°, 47%, 56%
XYZ	19.7162, 20.5262, 9.7669
YIQ	123.6220, 27.0070, -10.3770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

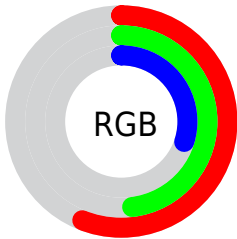
Format	Color
RYB	105, 143, 76
Decimal	9403212
CIELab	52.43, 1.04, 28.45
CIElCh	52, 28.468, 87.911
Yxy	20.5262, 0.3943, 0.4104
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287593292 (0xFF8F7B4C)
YUV	123.6220, -23.4776, 16.9945
Hunter-Lab	45.3058, -1.6056, 18.9324

Details

The YIQ color **123.6220, 27.0070, -10.3770** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **95.3780, -27.0070, 10.3770**, and the grayscale version is **124.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **176.2910, 29.4370, -10.3630**, and **74.6540, 23.9810, -10.6030** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **119.6780, 32.6010, -12.6390**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **127.5660, 21.4130, -8.1150**.

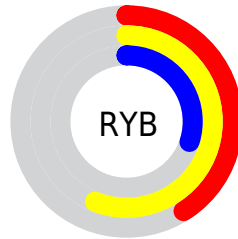
Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (48%)

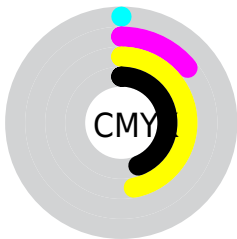
Blue (30%)



Red (41%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (30%)

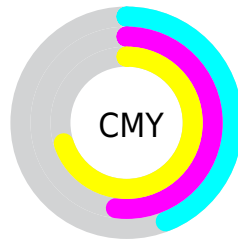


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (47%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 123.6220, 27.0070, -10.3770 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 123.6220, 27.0070, -10.3770 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 123.6220, 27.0070,
-10.3770

■ 123.6220, 27.0070,
-10.3770

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 98.5510, 25.7690,
-9.9670

■ 176.2910, 29.4370,
-10.3630

■ 74.0670, 24.2560,
-10.0800

■ 204.3620, 30.6750,
-10.7730

■ 51.0560, 22.7890,
-11.0270

■ 232.2480, 30.9960,
-11.0840

■ 31.0540, 17.1030,
-7.0970

■ 249.4140, 15.7290,
-15.2390

■ 9.1810, 6.7400,
-1.0040

■ 252.7200, 6.4200,
-6.2200

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 123.6220, 27.0070,
-10.3770

■ 123.6220, 27.0070,
-10.3770

■ 119.6780, 32.6010,
-12.6390

■ 127.5660, 21.4130,
-8.1150

■ 115.0330, 38.7910,
-14.6890

■ 132.2110, 15.2230,
-6.0650

■ 111.0890, 44.3850,
-16.9510

■ 136.1550, 9.6290,
-3.8030

■ 107.1450, 49.9790,
-19.2130

■ 140.0990, 4.0350,
-1.5410

■ 103.2010, 55.5730,
-21.4750

■ 144.1570, -1.8800,
1.0320

■ 101.4570, 57.7280,
-21.9840

■ 148.6880, -7.7490,
2.7710

■ 152.6320,
-13.3430, 5.0330

■ 156.5760,

-18.9370, 7.2950

■ 160.6340,
-24.8520, 9.8680

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



125.5190, 37.9630, 0.3230



123.6220, 27.0070, -10.3770



120.8260, 8.5770, -17.7830

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



123.6220, 27.0070, -10.3770



107.3320, -66.0650, -19.6730



128.4170, 12.7880, 21.5560

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



123.6220, 27.0070, -10.3770



95.3780, -27.0070, 10.3770

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



126.6790, -11.5570, 16.7230



123.6220, 27.0070, -10.3770



111.9340, -61.5280, -8.2800

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



123.6220, 27.0070, -10.3770



112.2560, -42.5440, -21.9360



121.1700, -38.2850, 5.5150



127.6440, 31.0820, 20.4100

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



123.6220, 27.0070, -10.3770



118.7470, -7.3780, -20.4820



121.1700, -38.2850, 5.5150



128.5840, 4.9480, 20.4680

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



123.6220, 27.0070, -10.3770



178.3400, 10.5460, -3.9020



98.3130, 33.5120, 20.4240



89.8280, 6.2360, -2.8840



222.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



123.6220, 27.0070, -10.3770



155.9470, 41.9090, -16.1310



131.4750, 13.7590, -23.5930



69.0280, 2.7970, -1.1310



96.1300, 54.3350, -21.0650



5.3270, 3.3930, -0.9190

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95.3780, -27.0070, 10.3770



112.0530, -41.9090, 16.1310



87.5250, -13.7590, 23.5930



65.9720, -2.7970, 1.1310



38.8700, -54.3350, 21.0650



2.0860, -3.1180, 1.4420

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 123.6220, 27.0070, -10.3770 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

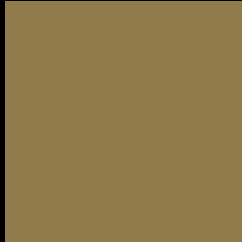
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 123.6220, 27.0070, -10.3770 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

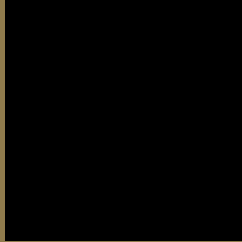
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 123.6220, 27.0070, -10.3770

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 123.6220, 27.0070, -10.3770.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 123.6220, 27.0070,

-10.3770.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

123.6220, 27.0070, -10.3770

Protanopia

123.1160, 22.5600, -12.3840

Deuteranopia

124.6660, 32.8750, -6.5890



Tritanopia

127.2950, 15.5870, 9.3710

Trichromacy



Original Color

123.6220, 27.0070, -10.3770

Protanomaly

123.1270, 24.0270, -11.4370

Deuteranomaly

124.3560, 30.8120, -7.7480

Tritanomaly

125.8190, 19.6230, 2.3030

Monochromacy



Original Color

123.6220, 27.0070, -10.3770

Achromatopsia

124.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

124.1550, 9.6290, -3.8030

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 123.6220, 27.0070, -10.3770 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 123, 76)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 123, 76)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 123, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 123, 76) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 123.6220, 27.0070, -10.3770 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 123, 76) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 123, 76) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 123, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 123, 76); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 123, 76);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 123,  
76) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 123.6220, 27.0070, -10.3770 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 123, 76) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
123, 76) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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