

Converting Colors

YIQ(123.9840, 14.1240,
-13.6840)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(123.9840, 14.1240, -13.6840)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(123.9840, 14.1240,
-13.6840)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	818155
RGB	129, 129, 85
RGB Percent	51%, 51%, 33%
CMY	0.4941, 0.4941, 0.6666
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.34, 0.49
HSL	60°, 21%, 42%
HSV	60°, 34%, 51%
XYZ	18.5430, 21.0233, 11.6797
YIQ	123.9840, 14.1240, -13.6840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

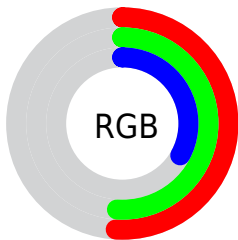
Format	Color
R_{YB}	85, 129, 85
Decimal	8487253
CIE _{Lab}	52.97, -7.32, 23.89
CIE _{LCh}	53, 24.989, 107.022
Yxy	21.0233, 0.3618, 0.4102
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286677333 (0xFF818155)
YUV	123.9840, -19.2191, 4.3990
Hunter-Lab	45.8512, -8.0509, 16.9928

Details

The YIQ color **123.9840, 14.1240, -13.6840** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **90.0160, -14.1240, 13.6840**, and the grayscale version is **124.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **176.9410, 15.6830, -14.4050**, and **75.0270, 12.5650, -12.9630** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **122.5020, 18.2970, -17.7270**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **125.4660, 9.9510, -9.6410**.

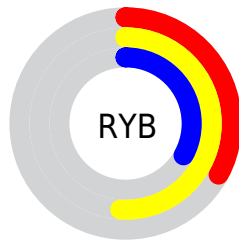
Distribution



Red (51%)

Green (51%)

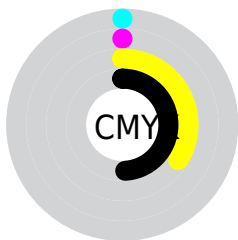
Blue (33%)



Red (33%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (33%)

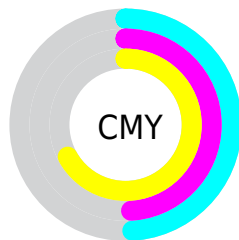


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (49%)



Cyan (49%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 123.9840, 14.1240, -13.6840 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 123.9840, 14.1240, -13.6840 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 123.9840, 14.1240,
-13.6840

■ 123.9840, 14.1240,
-13.6840

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 98.7990, 13.2070,
-13.5850

■ 176.9410, 15.6830,
-14.4050

■ 75.0270, 12.5650,
-12.9630

■ 203.9410, 15.6830,
-14.4050

■ 51.8420, 11.6480,
-12.8640

■ 232.7130, 16.3250,
-15.0270

■ 31.2980, 10.3640,
-11.6200

■ 250.6680, 12.1980,
-11.8180

■ 8.8050, -4.1250,
-7.8450

■ 253.8600, 3.2100,
-3.1100

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 123.9840, 14.1240,
-13.6840

■ 123.9840, 14.1240,
-13.6840

■ 122.5020, 18.2970,
-17.7270

■ 125.4660, 9.9510,
-9.6410

■ 121.0200, 22.4700,
-21.7700

■ 126.9480, 5.7780,
-5.5980

■ 119.5380, 26.6430,
-25.8130

■ 128.4300, 1.6050,
-1.5550

■ 118.0560, 30.8160,
-29.8560

■ 129.9120, -2.5680,
2.4880

■ 116.6880, 34.6680,
-33.5880

■ 131.3940, -6.7410,
6.5310

■ 115.2060, 38.8410,
-37.6310

■ 132.7620,
-10.5930, 10.2630

■ 114.2940, 41.4090,
-40.1190

■ 134.2440,
-14.7660, 14.3060

■ 135.7260,

-18.9390, 18.3490

■ 137.2080,
-23.1120, 22.3920

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



126.1540, 28.5650, -5.5710



123.9840, 14.1240, -13.6840



121.1110, -5.4070, -17.6550

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



123.9840, 14.1240, -13.6840



115.3710, -52.6330, -9.7930



129.5120, 22.6460, 19.1100

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



123.9840, 14.1240, -13.6840



90.0160, -14.1240, 13.6840

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



129.5190, 3.5730, 17.8530



123.9840, 14.1240, -13.6840



121.1650, -39.8890, 1.5430

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



123.9840, 14.1240, -13.6840



114.3790, -47.0840, -16.7480



126.5100, -18.5710, 11.6770



128.7980, 33.2840, 13.5400

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



123.9840, 14.1240, -13.6840



119.1570, -20.2160, -19.0960



126.5100, -18.5710, 11.6770



129.9890, 16.8690, 19.1810

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



123.9840, 14.1240, -13.6840



166.0620, 5.4570, -5.2870



98.1560, 26.2240, 9.3280



82.8600, 3.2100, -3.1100



212.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



84.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



123.9840, 14.1240, -13.6840



160.1340, 22.1490, -21.4590



117.4060, 1.0120, -18.3480



63.2020, 2.2470, -2.1770



113.1090, 40.4920, -40.0200



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90.0160, -14.1240, 13.6840



106.8660, -22.1490, 21.4590



96.5940, -1.0120, 18.3480



57.7980, -2.2470, 2.1770



14.5920, -41.0880, 39.8080



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 123.9840, 14.1240, -13.6840 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 123.9840, 14.1240, -13.6840 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

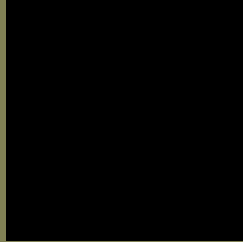
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 123.9840, 14.1240, -13.6840

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 123.9840, 14.1240, -13.6840.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 123.9840, 14.1240,

-13.6840.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

123.9840, 14.1240, -13.6840

Protanopia

124.5010, 20.0380, -10.7300

Deuteranopia

126.0940, 28.7940, -4.2140



Tritanopia

127.7280, 3.9420, 5.6540

Trichromacy



Original Color

123.9840, 14.1240, -13.6840

Protanomaly

124.1910, 17.9750, -11.8890

Deuteranomaly

125.3490, 23.5220, -7.7900

Tritanomaly

126.3660, 7.6570, -1.1030

Monochromacy



Original Color

123.9840, 14.1240, -13.6840

Achromatopsia

124.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

124.1760, 5.1360, -4.9760

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 123.9840, 14.1240, -13.6840 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 129, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 129, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 129, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 129, 85) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 123.9840, 14.1240, -13.6840 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 129, 85) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 129, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(129, 129, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(129, 129, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 129, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 129,  
85) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 123.9840, 14.1240, -13.6840 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 129, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129,  
129, 85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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