

# Converting Colors

YIQ(124.3620, 13.4800, -2.0080)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(124.3620, 13.4800, -2.0080)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(124.3620, 13.4800, -2.0080)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YIQ(124.3620, 13.4800,  
-2.0080)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	887A6A
RGB	136, 122, 106
RGB Percent	53%, 48%, 42%
CMY	0.4666, 0.5216, 0.5842
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.22, 0.47
HSL	32°, 12%, 47%
HSV	32°, 22%, 53%
XYZ	19.7155, 20.1933, 16.4988
YIQ	124.3620, 13.4800, -2.0080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

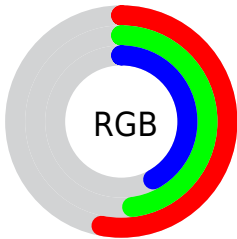
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	132, 136, 106
Decimal	8944234
CIELab	52.06, 2.64, 10.71
CIELCh	52, 11.031, 76.166
Yxy	20.1933, 0.3495, 0.3580
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287134314 (0xFF887A6A)
YUV	124.3620, -9.0525, 10.2065
Hunter-Lab	44.9370, -0.3251, 9.6873

# Details

The YIQ color **124.3620, 13.4800, -2.0080** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **117.6380, -13.4800, 2.0080**, and the grayscale version is **124.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **176.8460, 14.9930, -1.8950**, and **75.2910, 12.2420, -1.5980** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **119.2440, 19.6240, -3.2240**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **129.4800, 7.3360, -0.7920**.

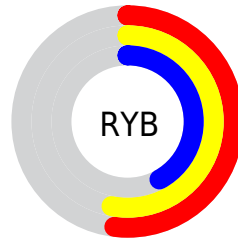
# Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (48%)

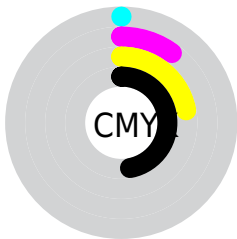
Blue (42%)



Red (52%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (42%)

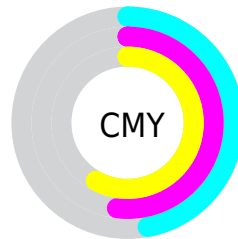


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (58%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 124.3620, 13.4800, -2.0080 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 124.3620, 13.4800, -2.0080 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 124.3620, 13.4800,  
-2.0080

■ 124.3620, 13.4800,  
-2.0080

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 99.1770, 12.5630,  
-1.9090

■ 176.8460, 14.9930,  
-1.8950

■ 75.2910, 12.2420,  
-1.5980

■ 204.7320, 15.3140,  
-2.2060

■ 52.6930, 11.0500,  
-2.0220

■ 232.7320, 15.3140,  
-2.2060

■ 31.3940, 10.4540,  
-2.2340

■ 253.2900, 4.8150,  
-4.6650

■ 8.0180, 8.7570,  
0.9890

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 124.3620, 13.4800,  
-2.0080

■ 124.3620, 13.4800,  
-2.0080

■ 119.2440, 19.6240,  
-3.2240

■ 129.4800, 7.3360,  
-0.7920

■ 113.6530, 25.7220,  
-3.6060

■ 135.0710, 1.2380,  
-0.4100

■ 108.5350, 31.8660,  
-4.8220

■ 140.1890, -4.9060,  
0.8060

■ 103.5310, 37.6890,  
-5.7270

■ 145.1930,  
-10.7290, 1.7110

■ 97.8260, 44.1080,  
-6.4200

■ 150.8980,  
-17.1480, 2.4040

■ 92.7080, 50.2520,  
-7.6360

■ 156.0160,  
-23.2920, 3.6200

■ 87.7040, 56.0750,  
-8.5410

■ 161.0200,  
-29.1150, 4.5250

■ 82.9280, 61.2560,

■ 166.7250,

-8.8240

-35.5340, 5.2180

■ 171.7290,  
-41.3570, 6.1230

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



125.2640, 16.8720, 2.6000



124.3620, 13.4800, -2.0080



123.1330, 6.6950, -5.6970

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



124.3620, 13.4800, -2.0080



120.9160, -17.5590, -6.6710



125.5260, 1.6950, 7.8310

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



124.3620, 13.4800, -2.0080



117.6380, -13.4800, 2.0080

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



124.2690, -7.8870, 5.2730



124.3620, 13.4800, -2.0080



121.5400, -19.2560, -3.4480

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



124.3620, 13.4800, -2.0080



120.9830, -10.4980, -7.9860



122.7410, -15.2680, 1.3720



126.1310, 10.1770, 8.2970



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



124.3620, 13.4800, -2.0080



122.5560, 1.0100, -7.2940



122.7410, -15.2680, 1.3720



125.1450, -1.6060, 7.0820

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



124.3620, 13.4800, -2.0080



171.1100, 5.5020, -0.5940



116.6800, 13.0650, 11.0250



86.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080



217.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



89.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



124.3620, 13.4800, -2.0080



158.4290, 20.5410, -3.3230



132.5800, 9.6300, -9.3300



66.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080



81.4440, 59.7430, -8.9370



3.2560, 2.1550, -0.5090



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



117.6380, -13.4800, 2.0080



148.1580, -20.8160, 2.8000



109.7190, -9.0340, 9.5420



64.5590, -3.0720, 0.6080



51.5560, -59.7430, 8.9370

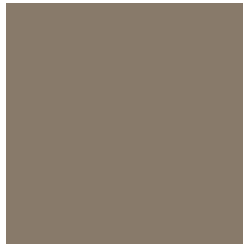


1.7440, -2.1550, 0.5090



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 124.3620, 13.4800, -2.0080 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 124.3620, 13.4800, -2.0080 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 124.3620, 13.4800, -2.0080**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 124.3620, 13.4800, -2.0080.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 124.3620, 13.4800, -2.0080.

-2.0080.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

124.3620, 13.4800, -2.0080

### Protanopia

123.8560, 9.0330, -4.0150

### Deuteranopia

125.0960, 17.2850, 0.6210



## Tritanopia

126.0060, 9.0310, 7.0390

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

124.3620, 13.4800, -2.0080

## Protanomaly

123.8670, 10.5000, -3.0680

## Deuteranomaly

125.0850, 15.8180, -0.3260

## Tritanomaly

125.3820, 10.7280, 3.8160

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

124.3620, 13.4800, -2.0080

## Achromatopsia

124.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

123.8110, 4.9060, -0.8060

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 124.3620, 13.4800, -2.0080 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 122, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 122, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 122, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 122, 106) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 124.3620, 13.4800, -2.0080 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

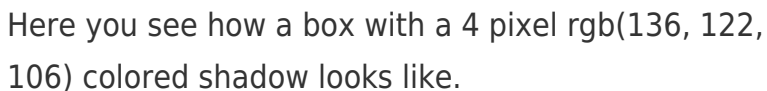
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 122, 106) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 122, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 122, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 122, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 122, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 122,  
106) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 124.3620, 13.4800, -2.0080 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 122, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136,  
122, 106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor