

Converting Colors

YIQ(124.3790, -11.5530,
-5.3850)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(124.3790, -11.5530, -5.3850)
contains.

YIQ(124.3790, -11.5530, -5.3850)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(124.3790, -11.5530,
-5.3850)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E8380
RGB	110, 131, 128
RGB Percent	43%, 51%, 50%
CMY	0.5687, 0.4862, 0.4981
CMYK	0.16, 0.00, 0.02, 0.49
HSL	171°, 9%, 47%
HSV	171°, 16%, 51%
XYZ	18.4418, 21.1073, 23.5204
YIQ	124.3790, -11.5530, -5.3850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

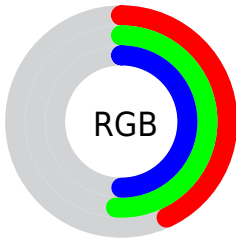
Format	Color
R_{YB}	110, 121, 131
Decimal	7242624
CIE _{Lab}	53.07, -8.24, -0.92
CIE _{LCh}	53, 8.291, 186.386
Yxy	21.1073, 0.2924, 0.3347
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285432704 (0xFF6E8380)
YUV	124.3790, 1.7852, -12.6104
Hunter-Lab	45.9427, -8.7484, 1.8064

Details

The YIQ color $124.3790, -11.5530, -5.3850$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $116.6210, 11.5530, 5.3850$, and the grayscale version is $124.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $177.0800, -12.1490, -5.5970$, and $75.6780, -10.9570, -5.1730$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $120.2640, -18.6590, -8.7630$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $128.4940, -4.4470, -2.0070$.

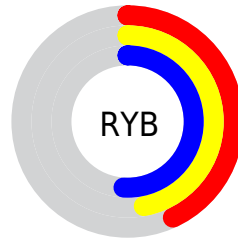
Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (51%)

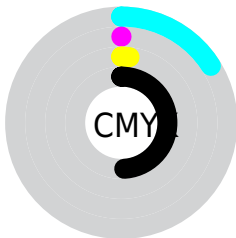
Blue (50%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (51%)

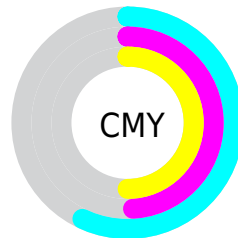


Cyan (16%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (49%)



Cyan (57%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 124.3790, -11.5530, -5.3850 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 124.3790, -11.5530, -5.3850 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 124.3790,
-11.5530, -5.3850

■ 124.3790,
-11.5530, -5.3850

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 99.3790, -11.5530,
-5.3850

■ 177.0800,
-12.1490, -5.5970

■ 75.6780, -10.9570,
-5.1730

■ 204.6670,
-12.4240, -6.1200

■ 52.9770, -10.3610,
-4.9610

■ 232.7810,
-12.7450, -5.8090

■ 31.3900, -10.0860,
-4.4380

■ 252.0100, -5.9600,
-2.1200

■ 10.8740, -8.5730,
-4.3250

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 124.3790,
-11.5530, -5.3850

■ 124.3790,
-11.5530, -5.3850

■ 120.2640,
-18.6590, -8.7630

■ 128.4940, -4.4470,
-2.0070

■ 116.1490,
-25.7650, -12.1410

■ 132.6090, 2.6590,
1.3710

■ 112.0340,
-32.8710, -15.5190

■ 136.7240, 9.7650,
4.7490

■ 107.9190,
-39.9770, -18.8970

■ 140.8390, 16.8710,
8.1270

■ 103.6190,
-48.0000, -22.1760

■ 144.8400, 24.2980,
11.1940

■ 99.5040, -55.1060,
-25.5540

■ 149.2540, 32.0000,
14.7840

■ 95.3890, -62.2120,
-28.9320

■ 153.3690, 39.1060,
18.1620

■ 91.2740, -69.3180,

■ 157.4840, 46.2120,

-32.3100

21.5400

■ 89.6650, -71.9770,
-33.6810

■ 161.5990, 53.3180,
24.9180

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



124.4890, -6.0510, -5.9790



124.3790, -11.5530, -5.3850



124.8780, -14.3960, -3.4200

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



124.3790, -11.5530, -5.3850



127.3900, -0.9180, 5.6260



127.0460, 11.5540, -0.1420

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



124.3790, -11.5530, -5.3850



116.6210, 11.5530, 5.3850

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



128.2250, 12.6080, 2.7840



124.3790, -11.5530, -5.3850



128.6250, 5.7300, 6.2900

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



124.3790, -11.5530, -5.3850



126.8020, -8.0700, 3.0820



128.3220, 10.9570, 5.1730



126.6000, 6.8780, -3.5060

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



124.3790, -11.5530, -5.3850



125.2310, -13.8920, -1.5400



128.3220, 10.9570, 5.1730



127.7580, 12.4250, 0.5930

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



124.3790, -11.5530, -5.3850



168.1950, -5.0430, -2.2190



123.2240, -3.9870, -10.3470



85.0920, -3.2550, -1.5830



214.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



87.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



124.3790, -11.5530, -5.3850



160.5630, -18.0630, -8.5510



120.6120, -10.5910, -0.7910



64.0920, -3.2550, -1.5830



88.9640, -71.3810, -33.4690



1.9890, -1.4670, -0.9470

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



116.6210, 11.5530, 5.3850



148.4370, 18.0630, 8.5510



120.3880, 10.5910, 0.7910



61.9080, 3.2550, 1.5830



41.0360, 71.3810, 33.4690



0.8970, 1.7880, 0.6360

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 124.3790, -11.5530, -5.3850 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 124.3790, -11.5530, -5.3850 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

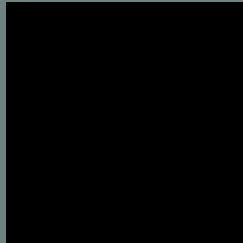
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 124.3790, -11.5530, -5.3850

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 124.3790, -11.5530, -5.3850.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 124.3790, -11.5530, -5.3850.

-5.3850.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

124.3790, -11.5530, -5.3850

Protanopia

126.7830, 2.1090, 0.3250

Deuteranopia

127.9840, 6.0970, 5.1450



Tritanopia

125.1710, -13.6630, -0.1830

Trichromacy



Original Color

124.3790, -11.5530, -5.3850

Protanomaly

125.9780, -2.9340, -1.8940

Deuteranomaly

126.6410, -0.3670, 1.1450

Tritanomaly

125.0030, -13.2500, -2.1620

Monochromacy



Original Color

124.3790, -11.5530, -5.3850

Achromatopsia

124.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

124.3800, -4.1260, -2.3180

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 124.3790, -11.5530, -5.3850 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 131, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 131, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 131, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 131, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 124.3790, -11.5530, -5.3850 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 131, 128) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 131, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 131, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 131, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 131, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 131,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 124.3790, -11.5530, -5.3850 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 131, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110,  
131, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor