

Converting Colors

YIQ(124.4450, 31.6390,
-17.2330)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(124.4450, 31.6390, -17.2330)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(124.4450, 31.6390,
-17.2330)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	907F3C
RGB	144, 127, 60
RGB Percent	56%, 50%, 24%
CMY	0.4353, 0.5020, 0.7645
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.58, 0.44
HSL	48°, 41%, 40%
HSV	48°, 58%, 56%
XYZ	19.9068, 21.4328, 7.3690
YIQ	124.4450, 31.6390, -17.2330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

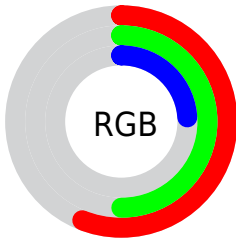
Format	Color
R_{YB}	81, 144, 60
Decimal	9469756
CIE _{Lab}	53.42, -2.29, 38.19
CIE _{LCh}	53, 38.254, 93.435
Yxy	21.4328, 0.4087, 0.4400
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287659836 (0xFF907F3C)
YUV	124.4450, -31.7714, 17.1497
Hunter-Lab	46.2956, -4.2636, 22.9696

Details

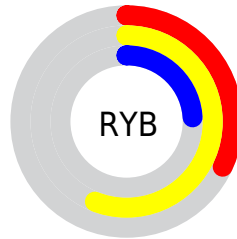
The YIQ color **124.4450, 31.6390, -17.2330** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **79.5550, -31.6390, 17.2330**, and the grayscale version is **125.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **178.0000, 34.3900, -17.5300**, and **74.1350, 29.5760, -18.3920** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **121.0880, 36.9580, -20.0180**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **127.8020, 26.3200, -14.4480**.

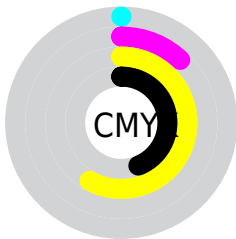
Distribution



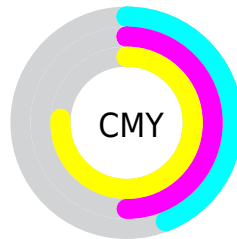
- Red (56%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 124.4450, 31.6390, -17.2330 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 124.4450, 31.6390, -17.2330 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

124.4450, 31.6390,
-17.2330

124.4450, 31.6390,
-17.2330

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

98.9610, 30.1260,
-17.3460

178.0000, 34.3900,
-17.5300

74.1350, 29.5760,
-18.3920

205.4840, 35.9030,
-17.4170

52.6060, 23.9360,
-15.2960

232.6580, 35.3530,
-18.4630

32.2170, 15.0860,
-9.0900

247.5900, 20.8650,
-20.2150

11.5180, 4.1730,
-4.0430

250.7820, 11.8770,
-11.5070

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

254.0880, 2.5680,

-2.4880

■ 124.4450, 31.6390,
-17.2330

■ 124.4450, 31.6390,
-17.2330

■ 121.0880, 36.9580,
-20.0180

■ 127.8020, 26.3200,
-14.4480

■ 117.6170, 42.5980,
-23.1140

■ 131.2730, 20.6800,
-11.3520

■ 114.2600, 47.9170,
-25.8990

■ 134.6300, 15.3610,
-8.5670

■ 110.7890, 53.5570,
-28.9950

■ 138.1010, 9.7210,
-5.4710

■ 110.5610, 54.1990,
-29.6170

■ 141.4580, 4.4020,
-2.6860

■ 144.2280, -0.6420,
0.6220

■ 147.6990, -6.2820,
3.7180

■ 151.0560,
-11.6010, 6.5030

■ 154.5270,
-17.2410, 9.5990

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



126.5000, 48.1420, -2.4340



124.4450, 31.6390, -17.2330



120.8160, 5.3690, -25.7270

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



124.4450, 31.6390, -17.2330



103.1100, -91.9230, -24.6190



131.6620, 22.6440, 30.1640

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



124.4450, 31.6390, -17.2330



79.5550, -31.6390, 17.2330

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



130.4930, -10.7330, 23.8190



124.4450, 31.6390, -17.2330



102.7970, -97.9310, -14.8510

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



124.4450, 31.6390, -17.2330



99.9350, -81.6050, -35.4050



121.9330, -50.6190, 8.7810



129.4610, 45.0190, 26.6430

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



124.4450, 31.6390, -17.2330



117.5020, -17.2340, -29.0900



121.9330, -50.6190, 8.7810



131.4590, 12.9700, 29.2740

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



124.4450, 31.6390, -17.2330



178.9440, 11.6010, -6.5030



87.1680, 44.2860, 23.4060



90.0730, 6.9240, -4.3400



222.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



124.4450, 31.6390, -17.2330



155.9180, 48.8800, -26.8320



127.2480, 12.6600, -31.2120



69.6150, 2.5220, -1.6540



103.7610, 50.7600, -27.8640



5.9140, 3.1180, -1.4420

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79.5550, -31.6390, 17.2330



86.0820, -48.8800, 26.8320



76.7520, -12.6600, 31.2120



65.9720, -2.7970, 1.1310



31.2390, -50.7600, 27.8640



2.0860, -3.1180, 1.4420

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 124.4450, 31.6390, -17.2330 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 124.4450, 31.6390, -17.2330 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

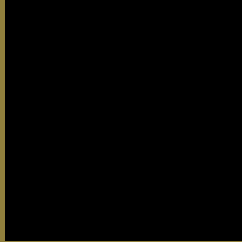
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 124.4450, 31.6390, -17.2330

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 124.4450, 31.6390, -17.2330.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 124.4450, 31.6390,

-17.2330.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

124.4450, 31.6390, -17.2330

Protanopia

124.4340, 30.1720, -18.1800

Deuteranopia

125.5110, 40.4410, -11.5510



Tritanopia

129.9960, 14.9910, 9.1590

Trichromacy



Original Color

124.4450, 31.6390, -17.2330

Protanomaly

124.7330, 30.7680, -17.9680

Deuteranomaly

125.1900, 36.9110, -13.6570

Tritanomaly

128.3090, 20.9990, -0.6090

Monochromacy



Original Color

124.4450, 31.6390, -17.2330

Achromatopsia

124.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

124.0580, 11.2800, -6.1920

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 124.4450, 31.6390, -17.2330 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(144, 127, 60)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 127, 60)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 127, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 127, 60) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 124.4450, 31.6390, -17.2330 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 127, 60) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 127, 60) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 127, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 127, 60); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 127, 60);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 127,  
60) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 124.4450, 31.6390, -17.2330 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 127, 60) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144,  
127, 60) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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