

# Converting Colors

YIQ(124.9500, -14.8990,  
-10.8270)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(124.9500, -14.8990, -10.8270)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(124.9500, -14.8990,  
-10.8270)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	68887B
RGB	104, 136, 123
RGB Percent	41%, 53%, 48%
CMY	0.5922, 0.4666, 0.5177
CMYK	0.24, 0.00, 0.10, 0.47
HSL	156°, 13%, 47%
HSV	156°, 24%, 53%
XYZ	18.0868, 21.9836, 22.0248
YIQ	124.9500, -14.8990, -10.8270

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

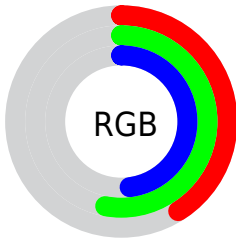
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	104, 124, 136
Decimal	6850683
CIELab	54.01, -14.17, 3.30
CIELCh	54, 14.552, 166.882
Yxy	21.9836, 0.2913, 0.3540
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285040763 (0xFF68887B)
YUV	124.9500, -0.9614, -18.3732
Hunter-Lab	46.8867, -13.1942, 4.9695

# Details


The YIQ color  $124.9500, -14.8990, -10.8270$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $669999$ . A complement of this color would be  $115.0500, 14.8990, 10.8270$ , and the grayscale version is  $125.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $177.5370, -15.1740, -11.3500$ , and  $75.6620, -14.0280, -10.0920$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $120.0800, -21.3170, -15.6610$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $129.8200, -8.4810, -5.9930$ .

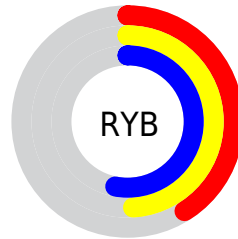
# Distribution



 Red (41%)

 Green (53%)

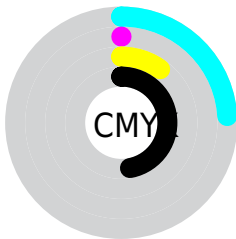
 Blue (48%)




 Red (41%)

 Yellow (49%)

 Blue (53%)

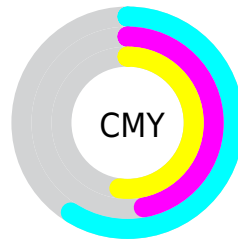



 Cyan (24%)


 Magenta (0%)

 Yellow (10%)

 Black (47%)



 Cyan (59%)

 Magenta (47%)

 Yellow (52%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 124.9500, -14.8990, -10.8270 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 124.9500, -14.8990, -10.8270 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 124.9500,  
-14.8990, -10.8270

■ 124.9500,  
-14.8990, -10.8270

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 99.9500, -14.8990,  
-10.8270

■ 177.5370,  
-15.1740, -11.3500

■ 75.6620, -14.0280,  
-10.0920

■ 205.2380,  
-15.7700, -11.5620

■ 52.7760, -14.3490,  
-9.7810

■ 233.8250,  
-16.0450, -12.0850

■ 30.8900, -14.6700,  
-9.4700

■ 250.2160, -9.5360,  
-3.3920

■ 13.0110, -7.7010,  
-9.1170

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 124.9500,  
-14.8990, -10.8270

■ 124.9500,  
-14.8990, -10.8270

■ 120.0800,  
-21.3170, -15.6610

■ 129.8200, -8.4810,  
-5.9930

■ 115.6230,  
-27.4600, -19.9720

■ 134.2770, -2.3380,  
-1.6820

■ 110.7530,  
-33.8780, -24.8060

■ 139.1470, 4.0800,  
3.1520

■ 106.2960,  
-40.0210, -29.1170

■ 143.6040, 10.2230,  
7.4630

■ 101.4260,  
-46.4390, -33.9510

■ 148.4740, 16.6410,  
12.2970

■ 96.6700, -53.1780,  
-38.4740

■ 153.2300, 23.3800,  
16.8200

■ 92.0990, -59.0000,  
-43.0960

■ 157.8010, 29.2020,  
21.4420

■ 89.0660, -63.4010,

■ 162.5570, 35.9410,

-45.9370

25.9650

■ 167.1280, 41.7630,  
30.5870

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



126.4090, -3.0700, -10.4460



124.9500, -14.8990, -10.8270



124.0400, -23.8400, -8.4800

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



124.9500, -14.8990, -10.8270



129.6540, -10.4090, 6.9270



130.6020, 21.7320, 2.6280

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



124.9500, -14.8990, -10.8270



115.0500, 14.8990, 10.8270

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



130.6930, 20.2180, 8.0420



124.9500, -14.8990, -10.8270



131.2920, 2.4740, 10.2340

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



124.9500, -14.8990, -10.8270



127.2180, -21.0450, 1.4430



131.5660, 13.3860, 10.7140



128.9880, 17.4690, -2.7150



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



124.9500, -14.8990, -10.8270



124.9520, -26.4080, -5.9920



131.5660, 13.3860, 10.7140



130.7700, 21.3190, 4.6070

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



124.9500, -14.8990, -10.8270



171.8420, -5.5470, -4.0990



126.6710, -1.0520, -13.9800



86.5650, -3.2090, -2.4170



217.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



89.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



124.9500, -14.8990, -10.8270



159.0690, -22.7840, -16.6080



124.6710, -18.2470, -5.2150



66.5650, -3.2090, -2.4170



87.0770, -61.9340, -44.9900



3.2770, -2.3380, -1.6820



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



115.0500, 14.8990, 10.8270



143.9310, 22.7840, 16.6080



115.3290, 18.2470, 5.2150



64.4350, 3.2090, 2.4170



45.9230, 61.9340, 44.9900



1.7230, 2.3380, 1.6820



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 124.9500, -14.8990, -10.8270 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 124.9500, -14.8990, -10.8270 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

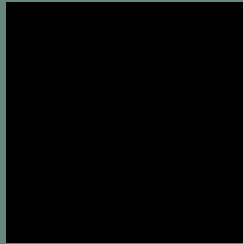
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 124.9500, -14.8990, -10.8270 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 124.9500, -14.8990, -10.8270.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 124.9500, -14.8990, -10.8270.

-10.8270.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

124.9500, -14.8990, -10.8270

### Protanopia

128.4690, 5.8690, -1.7390

### Deuteranopia

129.4960, 10.4070, 4.1270



## Tritanopia

126.7790, -18.4310, -1.8790

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

124.9500, -14.8990, -10.8270

## Protanomaly

127.0550, -1.8330, -5.3290

## Deuteranomaly

127.5440, 1.2840, -1.2440

## Tritanomaly

126.1550, -16.7340, -5.1020

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

124.9500, -14.8990, -10.8270

## Achromatopsia

125.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

124.8420, -5.5470, -4.0990

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 124.9500, -14.8990, -10.8270 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 136, 123)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 136, 123)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 136, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 136, 123) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 124.9500, -14.8990, -10.8270 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 136, 123) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 136, 123) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 136, 123)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 136, 123); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 136, 123);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 136,  
123) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 124.9500, -14.8990, -10.8270 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 136, 123) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104,  
136, 123) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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