

# Converting Colors

YIQ(125.7540, 69.8330,  
-26.6070)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(125.7540, 69.8330, -26.6070)  
contains.

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**Color**

**YIQ(125.7540, 69.8330,  
-26.6070)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B07C03
RGB	176, 124, 3
RGB Percent	69%, 49%, 1%
CMY	0.3098, 0.5138, 0.9878
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.98, 0.31
HSL	42°, 97%, 35%
HSV	42°, 98%, 69%
XYZ	25.1291, 23.6481, 3.3290
YIQ	125.7540, 69.8330, -26.6070

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

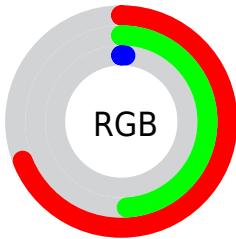
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	77, 176, 3
Decimal	11566083
CIELab	55.73, 11.71, 61.14
CIELCh	56, 62.252, 79.155
Yxy	23.6481, 0.4823, 0.4538
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289756163 (0xFFB07C03)
YUV	125.7540, -60.5177, 44.0657
Hunter-Lab	48.6293, 7.1384, 29.9818

# Details

The YIQ color **125.7540, 69.8330, -26.6070** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **53.2460, -69.8330, 26.6070**, and the grayscale version is **126.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **181.7420, 70.1070, -20.5570**, and **79.3070, 49.7030, -14.2090** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **124.8250, 71.0710, -27.0170**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **130.7410, 62.6800, -23.6240**.

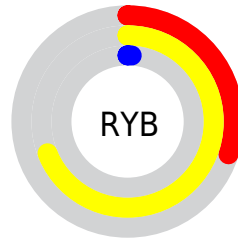
# Distribution



Red (69%)

Green (49%)

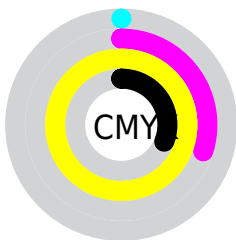
Blue (1%)



Red (30%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (1%)

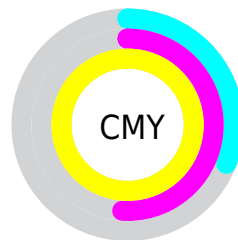


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (98%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (31%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (99%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 125.7540, 69.8330, -26.6070 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 125.7540, 69.8330, -26.6070 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 125.7540, 69.8330,  
-26.6070

■ 125.7540, 69.8330,  
-26.6070

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 102.0660, 60.3870,  
-20.6130

■ 181.7420, 70.1070,  
-20.5570

■ 79.3070, 49.7030,  
-14.2090

■ 206.8230, 65.3850,  
-23.0870

■ 58.0210, 39.0650,  
-8.6390

■ 226.3370, 49.0180,  
-29.3340

■ 37.6210, 28.7480,  
-3.3800

■ 243.0300, 33.7050,  
-32.6550

■ 17.8190, 19.6230,  
2.3030

■ 246.1080, 25.0380,  
-24.2580

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 249.4140, 15.7290,

-15.2390

252.7200, 6.4200,  
-6.2200

125.7540, 69.8330,  
-26.6070

125.7540, 69.8330,  
-26.6070

124.8250, 71.0710,  
-27.0170

130.7410, 62.6800,  
-23.6240

136.2010, 55.5730,  
-21.4750

141.1880, 48.4200,  
-18.4920

146.1750, 41.2670,  
-15.5090

151.0480, 34.4350,  
-12.8370

■ 156.6220, 27.0070,  
-10.3770

■ 161.4950, 20.1750,  
-7.7050

■ 166.4820, 13.0220,  
-4.7220

■ 172.0560, 5.5940,  
-2.2620

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



128.6030, 81.8850, 8.2930



125.7540, 69.8330, -26.6070



121.1960, 35.6330, -45.5750

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



125.7540, 69.8330, -26.6070



112.3710, -97.3320, -31.2200



137.3520, 12.5540, 47.8340

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



125.7540, 69.8330, -26.6070



53.2460, -69.8330, 26.6070

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



129.5480, -56.1240, 25.9560



125.7540, 69.8330, -26.6070



115.4950, -111.6400, -14.2000

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



125.7540, 69.8330, -26.6070



104.8130, -78.8060, -47.5900



113.0620, -117.1900, -1.7180



131.9970, 59.0900, 52.4820



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



125.7540, 69.8330, -26.6070



117.5520, -3.4760, -47.1560



113.0620, -117.1900, -1.7180



136.6530, -7.5270, 42.8170

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



125.7540, 69.8330, -26.6070



210.0350, 27.2820, -9.8540



60.9970, 85.4530, 53.7810



103.3960, 16.1400, -6.1640



242.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



115.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



125.7540, 69.8330, -26.6070



162.6900, 93.0800, -34.9200



146.7100, 36.4610, -60.5870



86.8000, 3.4390, -1.7530



108.5560, 61.7630, -23.5250



18.3400, 10.5460, -3.9020



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.2460, -69.8330, 26.6070



66.7230, -92.8050, 35.4430



32.2900, -36.4610, 60.5870



82.7870, -3.7140, 1.2300



44.4440, -61.7630, 23.5250

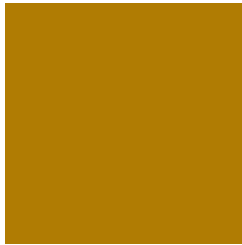


7.6600, -10.5460, 3.9020



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 125.7540, 69.8330, -26.6070 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 125.7540, 69.8330, -26.6070 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 125.7540, 69.8330, -26.6070

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 125.7540, 69.8330, -26.6070.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 125.7540, 69.8330,

-26.6070.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

125.7540, 69.8330, -26.6070

### Protanopia

125.0610, 49.6150, -34.6490

### Deuteranopia

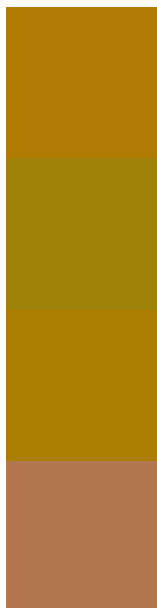
125.0800, 65.7990, -30.5930



## Tritanopia

136.0590, 37.0430, 17.0030

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

125.7540, 69.8330, -26.6070

## Protanomaly

125.0620, 57.0420, -31.5820

## Deuteranomaly

125.5040, 67.5410, -29.1230

## Tritanomaly

132.2060, 49.1500, 1.3260

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

125.7540, 69.8330, -26.6070

## Achromatopsia

126.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

125.6650, 25.4480, -9.6560

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 125.7540, 69.8330, -26.6070 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 124, 3)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 124, 3)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 124, 3) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 124, 3) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 125.7540, 69.8330, -26.6070 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 124, 3) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 124, 3) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(176, 124, 3)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(176, 124, 3); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 124, 3);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 124,  
3) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 125.7540, 69.8330, -26.6070 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 124, 3) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176,  
124, 3) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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