

Converting Colors

YIQ(125.7550, 16.5070, -7.3090)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(125.7550, 16.5070, -7.3090)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(125.7550, 16.5070,
-7.3090)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	897E5F
RGB	137, 126, 95
RGB Percent	54%, 49%, 37%
CMY	0.4627, 0.5059, 0.6274
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.31, 0.46
HSL	44°, 18%, 45%
HSV	44°, 31%, 54%
XYZ	19.8437, 21.0657, 13.8521
YIQ	125.7550, 16.5070, -7.3090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

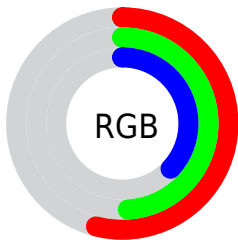
Format	Color
R_{YB}	110, 137, 95
Decimal	9010783
CIE Lab	53.02, -0.89, 18.41
CIE LCh	53, 18.435, 92.759
Yxy	21.0657, 0.3624, 0.3847
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287200863 (0xFF897E5F)
YUV	125.7550, -15.1622, 9.8619
Hunter-Lab	45.8973, -3.1461, 14.2340

Details

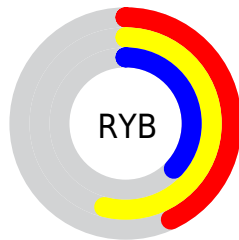
The YIQ color **125.7550, 16.5070, -7.3090** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **106.2450, -16.5070, 7.3090**, and the grayscale version is **126.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **178.8260, 17.7450, -7.7190**, and **76.3850, 14.6730, -7.1110** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **121.8110, 22.1010, -9.5710**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **129.6990, 10.9130, -5.0470**.

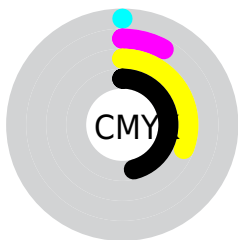
Distribution



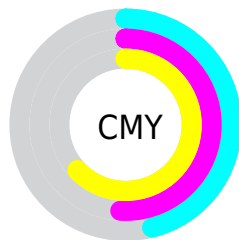
- Red (54%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (46%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 125.7550, 16.5070, -7.3090 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 125.7550, 16.5070, -7.3090 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 125.7550, 16.5070,
-7.3090

■ 125.7550, 16.5070,
-7.3090

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 100.5700, 15.5900,
-7.2100

■ 178.8260, 17.7450,
-7.7190

■ 76.3850, 14.6730,
-7.1110

■ 206.0110, 18.6620,
-7.8180

■ 54.2000, 13.7560,
-7.0120

■ 234.3100, 19.2580,
-7.6060

■ 31.8580, 14.7190,
-7.9450

■ 251.9220, 8.6670,
-8.3970

■ 10.6430, 5.3190,
-2.7850

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 125.7550, 16.5070,
-7.3090

■ 125.7550, 16.5070,
-7.3090

■ 121.8110, 22.1010,
-9.5710

■ 129.6990, 10.9130,
-5.0470

■ 118.5680, 27.0990,
-12.0450

■ 132.9420, 5.9150,
-2.5730

■ 114.6240, 32.6930,
-14.3070

■ 136.8860, 0.3210,
-0.3110

■ 111.2670, 38.0120,
-17.0920

■ 140.2430, -4.9980,
2.4740

■ 107.4370, 43.2850,
-19.0430

■ 144.1870,
-10.5920, 4.7360

■ 103.4930, 48.8790,
-21.3050

■ 148.0170,
-15.8650, 6.6870

■ 100.2500, 53.8770,
-23.7790

■ 151.3740,
-21.1840, 9.4720

■ 155.3180,

-26.7780, 11.7340

■ 158.5610,
-31.7760, 14.2080

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



127.4620, 24.9420, -0.4820



125.7550, 16.5070, -7.3090



124.1770, 3.3950, -11.9730

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



125.7550, 16.5070, -7.3090



119.7660, -34.7520, -8.9600



129.0050, 10.7720, 14.0360

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



125.7550, 16.5070, -7.3090



106.2450, -16.5070, 7.3090

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



128.2250, -4.5870, 11.5490



125.7550, 16.5070, -7.3090



121.9500, -32.0940, -2.0620

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



125.7550, 16.5070, -7.3090



120.4370, -26.6360, -12.8760



126.0380, -20.3580, 5.5140



129.1110, 22.0970, 12.5370

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



125.7550, 16.5070, -7.3090



122.5610, -6.5540, -13.3860



126.0380, -20.3580, 5.5140



129.2540, 5.6370, 13.4850

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



125.7550, 16.5070, -7.3090



174.1270, 6.8320, -2.6720



108.8120, 21.5010, 12.3250



86.6860, 3.7600, -2.0640



217.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



89.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



125.7550, 16.5070, -7.3090



160.7960, 26.4570, -11.4230



129.2220, 7.5220, -15.1820



67.0280, 2.7970, -1.1310



97.2930, 52.3180, -23.0580



3.8430, 1.8800, -1.0320

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



106.2450, -16.5070, 7.3090



130.2040, -26.4570, 11.4230



102.7780, -7.5220, 15.1820



63.9720, -2.7970, 1.1310



35.7070, -52.3180, 23.0580



1.1570, -1.8800, 1.0320

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 125.7550, 16.5070, -7.3090 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

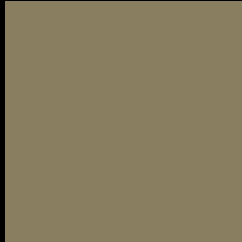
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 125.7550, 16.5070, -7.3090 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

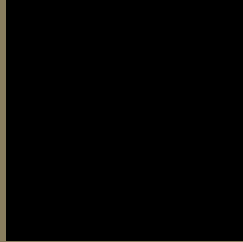
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 125.7550, 16.5070, -7.3090

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 125.7550, 16.5070, -7.3090.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 125.7550, 16.5070, -7.3090.

-7.3090.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

125.7550, 16.5070, -7.3090

Protanopia

125.4560, 15.9110, -7.5210

Deuteranopia

126.5220, 24.7130, -1.8390



Tritanopia

128.1200, 8.7100, 7.3500

Trichromacy



Original Color

125.7550, 16.5070, -7.3090

Protanomaly

125.4560, 15.9110, -7.5210

Deuteranomaly

126.5000, 21.7790, -3.7330

Tritanomaly

127.5130, 11.7370, 2.0490

Monochromacy



Original Color

125.7550, 16.5070, -7.3090

Achromatopsia

126.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

125.9420, 5.9150, -2.5730

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 125.7550, 16.5070, -7.3090 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 126, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 126, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 126, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 126, 95) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 125.7550, 16.5070, -7.3090 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 126, 95) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 126, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(137, 126, 95)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 126, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 126, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 126,  
95) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 125.7550, 16.5070, -7.3090 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 126, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
126, 95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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