

# Converting Colors

YIQ(125.9080, 12.4230, 11.6470)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(125.9080, 12.4230, 11.6470)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(125.9080, 12.4230,  
11.6470)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	917384
RGB	145, 115, 132
RGB Percent	57%, 45%, 52%
CMY	0.4313, 0.5491, 0.4823
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.09, 0.43
HSL	326°, 12%, 51%
HSV	326°, 21%, 57%
XYZ	21.9755, 19.9464, 24.5249
YIQ	125.9080, 12.4230, 11.6470

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

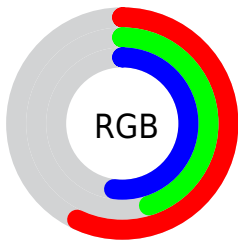
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	145, 115, 132
Decimal	9532292
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	51.78, 14.74, -4.83
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	52, 15.512, 341.854
Yxy	19.9464, 0.3307, 0.3002
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287722372 (0xFF917384)
YUV	125.9080, 3.0034, 16.7437
Hunter-Lab	44.6614, 9.6729, -1.2949

# Details

The YIQ color **125.9080, 12.4230, 11.6470** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **134.0920, -12.4230, -11.6470**, and the grayscale version is **126.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **178.6200, 13.2940, 12.3820**, and **76.8970, 10.9560, 10.7000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **116.4190, 18.4740, 17.6260**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **134.8100, 6.6470, 6.1910**.

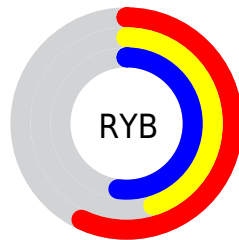
# Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (45%)

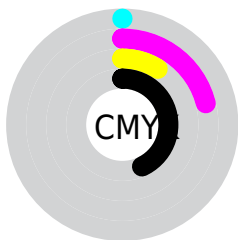
Blue (52%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (52%)

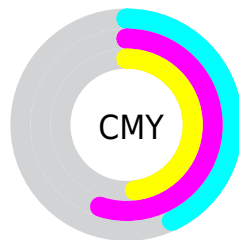


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (9%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (48%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 125.9080, 12.4230, 11.6470 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 125.9080, 12.4230, 11.6470 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



125.9080, 12.4230,  
11.6470

125.9080, 12.4230,  
11.6470

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

100.6090, 11.8270,  
11.4350

178.6200, 13.2940,  
12.3820

76.8970, 10.9560,  
10.7000

206.0330, 13.5690,  
12.9050

53.5980, 10.3600,  
10.4880

234.0330, 13.5690,  
12.9050

31.8860, 9.4890,  
9.7530

252.6520, 1.1000,  
2.0920

10.3100, 11.2310,  
11.2230

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 125.9080, 12.4230,  
11.6470

■ 125.9080, 12.4230,  
11.6470

■ 116.4190, 18.4740,  
17.6260

■ 134.8100, 6.6470,  
6.1910

■ 107.4030, 24.5710,  
22.7710

■ 144.4130, 0.2750,  
0.5230

■ 97.9140, 30.6220,  
28.7500

■ 153.3150, -5.5010,  
-4.9330

■ 89.0120, 36.3980,  
34.2060

■ 162.8040,  
-11.5520, -10.9120

■ 79.5230, 42.4490,  
40.1850

■ 172.2930,  
-17.6030, -16.8910

■ 70.5070, 48.5460,  
45.3300

■ 181.3090,  
-23.7000, -22.0360

■ 61.0180, 54.5970,  
51.3090


■ 190.7980,  
-29.7510, -28.0150

■ 52.7030, 60.0980,

■ 199.7000,

56.2420

-35.5270, -33.4710

 209.3030,  
-41.8990, -39.1390

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



125.0360, 0.3190, 10.7430



125.9080, 12.4230, 11.6470



125.6330, 20.4470, 9.3990

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



125.9080, 12.4230, 11.6470



122.1180, 11.0510, -7.5490



118.6960, -28.5630, -5.4830

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



125.9080, 12.4230, 11.6470



134.0920, -12.4230, -11.6470

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



118.1000, -24.0690, -9.8370



125.9080, 12.4230, 11.6470



120.6650, -0.9150, -10.9550

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



125.9080, 12.4230, 11.6470



123.8850, 19.2570, -2.0790



119.0210, -13.6610, -11.2370



120.7230, -24.0250, 0.3830



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



125.9080, 12.4230, 11.6470



125.1940, 23.0610, 6.0770



119.0210, -13.6610, -11.2370



118.5280, -28.1500, -7.4620

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



125.9080, 12.4230, 11.6470



181.3860, 4.9050, 4.7210



122.3070, -1.8820, 12.0860



90.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050



222.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



125.9080, 12.4230, 11.6470



159.0170, 19.6660, 18.0500



124.1980, 17.2380, 6.9820



66.5490, 2.8880, 2.7280



49.1430, 55.7430, 52.5670



2.8480, 3.4840, 2.9400



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



125.9080, 12.4230, 11.6470



159.0170, 19.6660, 18.0500



135.8020, -17.2380, -6.9820



66.5490, 2.8880, 2.7280



49.1430, 55.7430, 52.5670

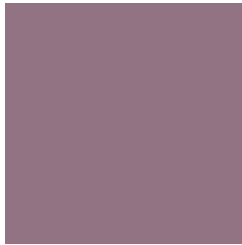


2.8480, 3.4840, 2.9400



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 125.9080, 12.4230, 11.6470 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

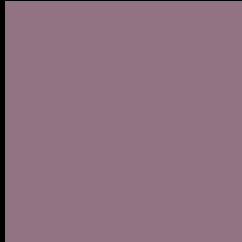
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 125.9080, 12.4230, 11.6470 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 125.9080, 12.4230, 11.6470

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 125.9080, 12.4230, 11.6470.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 125.9080, 12.4230,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

125.9080, 12.4230, 11.6470

### Protanopia

124.2970, -5.0900, 4.1420

### Deuteranopia

124.8420, 3.6210, 5.9650



## Tritanopia

125.3980, 13.7990, 8.7350

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

125.9080, 12.4230, 11.6470

## Protanomaly

124.7000, 1.1450, 6.7850

## Deuteranomaly

125.1630, 7.1510, 8.0710

## Tritanomaly

125.7400, 12.8360, 9.6680

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

125.9080, 12.4230, 11.6470

## Achromatopsia

126.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

125.9730, 4.6300, 4.1980

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 125.9080, 12.4230, 11.6470 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 115, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 115, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 115, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 115, 132) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 125.9080, 12.4230, 11.6470 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 115, 132) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 115, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 115, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 115, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 115, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 115,  
132) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 125.9080, 12.4230, 11.6470 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 115, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145,  
115, 132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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