

Converting Colors

YIQ(126.3350, 26.1370,
-16.6390)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(126.3350, 26.1370, -16.6390)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(126.3350, 26.1370,
-16.6390)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8D8245
RGB	141, 130, 69
RGB Percent	55%, 51%, 27%
CMY	0.4471, 0.4902, 0.7293
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.51, 0.45
HSL	51°, 34%, 41%
HSV	51°, 51%, 55%
XYZ	20.0414, 22.0566, 8.8375
YIQ	126.3350, 26.1370, -16.6390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

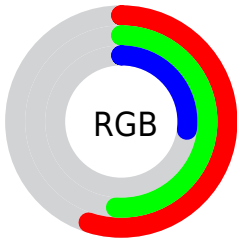
Format	Color
R_{YB}	82, 141, 69
Decimal	9273925
CIE Lab	54.09, -4.50, 34.25
CIE LCh	54, 34.540, 97.485
Yxy	22.0566, 0.3935, 0.4330
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287464005 (0xFF8D8245)
YUV	126.3350, -28.2662, 12.8612
Hunter-Lab	46.9644, -6.0156, 21.7182

Details

The YIQ color **126.3350, 26.1370, -16.6390** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **83.6650, -26.1370, 16.6390**, and the grayscale version is **127.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **179.5910, 28.2920, -17.1480**, and **76.6660, 23.7070, -16.6530** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **123.5650, 31.1810, -19.9470**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **129.1050, 21.0930, -13.3310**.

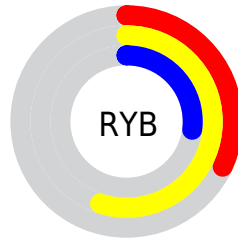
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (51%)

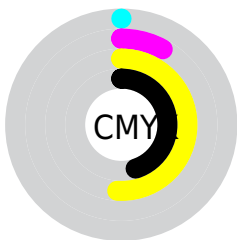
Blue (27%)



Red (32%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (27%)

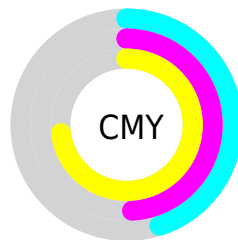


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (51%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 126.3350, 26.1370, -16.6390 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 126.3350, 26.1370, -16.6390 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 126.3350, 26.1370,
-16.6390

■ 126.3350, 26.1370,
-16.6390

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 101.1500, 25.2200,
-16.5400

■ 179.5910, 28.2920,
-17.1480

■ 76.6660, 23.7070,
-16.6530

■ 207.0750, 29.8050,
-17.0350

■ 53.1820, 22.1940,
-16.7660

■ 235.8470, 30.4470,
-17.6570

■ 33.6790, 13.6650,
-10.8710

■ 248.6160, 17.9760,
-17.4160

■ 12.6810, 2.1560,
-6.0360

■ 251.9220, 8.6670,
-8.3970

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 126.3350, 26.1370,
-16.6390

■ 126.3350, 26.1370,
-16.6390

■ 123.5650, 31.1810,
-19.9470

■ 129.1050, 21.0930,
-13.3310

■ 120.7950, 36.2250,
-23.2550

■ 131.8750, 16.0490,
-10.0230

■ 118.0250, 41.2690,
-26.5630

■ 134.6450, 11.0050,
-6.7150

■ 114.6680, 46.5880,
-29.3480

■ 138.0020, 5.6860,
-3.9300

■ 112.0120, 51.3110,
-32.3450

■ 140.8860, 0.3210,
-0.3110

■ 143.6560, -4.7230,
2.9970

■ 146.4260, -9.7670,
6.3050

■ 149.1960,

-14.8110, 9.6130

■ 151.9660,
-19.8550, 12.9210

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



128.9230, 42.4570, -4.0310



126.3350, 26.1370, -16.6390



122.8310, 1.0130, -23.8750

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



126.3350, 26.1370, -16.6390



103.3380, -92.5650, -23.9970



133.1520, 24.0200, 27.2520

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



126.3350, 26.1370, -16.6390



83.6650, -26.1370, 16.6390

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



132.4890, -4.9100, 22.9140



126.3350, 26.1370, -16.6390



111.5390, -79.4090, -9.1130

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



126.3350, 26.1370, -16.6390



101.5160, -81.7430, -32.9030



126.4460, -38.8820, 10.8300



131.2710, 42.4980, 22.7700

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



126.3350, 26.1370, -16.6390



119.4140, -19.8020, -26.6020



126.4460, -38.8820, 10.8300



133.2480, 14.9420, 26.5740

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



126.3350, 26.1370, -16.6390



177.8730, 10.3630, -6.0930



91.8960, 39.0600, 18.9960



88.3010, 6.2820, -3.7180



219.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



92.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



126.3350, 26.1370, -16.6390



160.6660, 40.9020, -25.4180



125.6160, 8.8080, -27.4800



69.6150, 2.5220, -1.6540



107.2830, 49.1100, -31.0020



5.9140, 3.1180, -1.4420

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.6650, -26.1370, 16.6390



94.7470, -40.6270, 25.9410



84.3840, -8.8080, 27.4800



65.3850, -2.5220, 1.6540



27.7170, -49.1100, 31.0020



1.4990, -2.8430, 1.9650

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 126.3350, 26.1370, -16.6390 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 126.3350, 26.1370, -16.6390 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 126.3350, 26.1370, -16.6390

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 126.3350, 26.1370, -16.6390.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 126.3350, 26.1370,

-16.6390.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

126.3350, 26.1370, -16.6390

Protanopia

126.3460, 27.6040, -15.6920

Deuteranopia

127.5370, 37.5520, -8.7520



Tritanopia

131.2020, 11.4150, 7.8870

Trichromacy



Original Color

126.3350, 26.1370, -16.6390

Protanomaly

126.0470, 27.0080, -15.9040

Deuteranomaly

127.3900, 33.4720, -11.9040

Tritanomaly

129.7430, 16.7810, -1.2590

Monochromacy



Original Color

126.3350, 26.1370, -16.6390

Achromatopsia

126.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

125.6880, 9.4460, -5.9940

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 126.3350, 26.1370, -16.6390 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 130, 69)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 130, 69)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 130, 69) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 130, 69) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 126.3350, 26.1370, -16.6390 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 130, 69) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 130, 69) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 130, 69)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 130, 69); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 130, 69);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 130,  
69) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 126.3350, 26.1370, -16.6390 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 130, 69) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141,  
130, 69) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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