

# Converting Colors

YIQ(126.5850, -5.9610, 3.4070)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(126.5850, -5.9610, 3.4070)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(126.5850, -5.9610,  
3.4070)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7B7E8B
RGB	123, 126, 139
RGB Percent	48%, 49%, 55%
CMY	0.5176, 0.5059, 0.4549
CMYK	0.12, 0.09, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	229°, 6%, 51%
HSV	229°, 12%, 55%
XYZ	20.2890, 20.9968, 27.4063
YIQ	126.5850, -5.9610, 3.4070

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

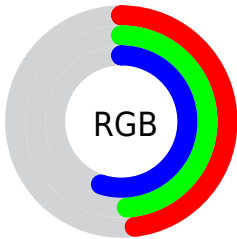
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	123, 126, 139
Decimal	8093323
CIE Lab	52.95, 1.64, -7.41
CIE LCh	53, 7.585, 282.484
Yxy	20.9968, 0.2954, 0.3057
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286283403 (0xFF7B7E8B)
YUV	126.5850, 6.1206, -3.1440
Hunter-Lab	45.8223, -1.1536, -3.3856

# Details

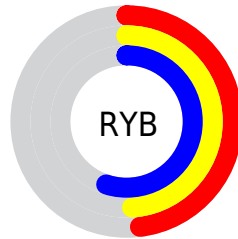
The YIQ color **126.5850, -5.9610, 3.4070** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **135.4150, 5.9610, -3.4070**, and the grayscale version is **127.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **179.5850, -5.9610, 3.4070**, and **77.4710, -5.6400, 3.0960** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **115.9420, -11.2800, 6.1920**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **137.2280, -0.6420, 0.6220**.

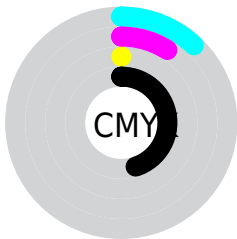
# Distribution



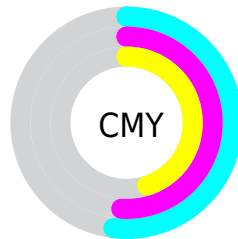
- Red (48%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (45%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 126.5850, -5.9610, 3.4070 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 126.5850, -5.9610, 3.4070 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 126.5850, -5.9610,  
3.4070

■ 126.5850, -5.9610,  
3.4070

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 101.5850, -5.9610,  
3.4070

■ 179.5850, -5.9610,  
3.4070

■ 77.4710, -5.6400,  
3.0960

■ 206.6990, -6.2820,  
3.7180

■ 54.7700, -5.0440,  
3.3080

■ 234.8130, -6.6030,  
4.0290

■ 33.3570, -5.3190,  
2.7850

■ 10.5850, -5.9610,  
3.4070

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 126.5850, -5.9610,  
3.4070

■ 126.5850, -5.9610,  
3.4070

■ 115.9420,  
-11.2800, 6.1920

■ 137.2280, -0.6420,  
0.6220

■ 104.7120,  
-16.3240, 9.5000

■ 148.4580, 4.4020,  
-2.6860

■ 94.0690, -21.6430,  
12.2850

■ 159.1010, 9.7210,  
-5.4710

■ 83.4260, -26.9620,  
15.0700

■ 169.7440, 15.0400,  
-8.2560

■ 73.0820, -31.6850,  
18.0670

■ 180.0880, 19.7630,  
-11.2530

■ 61.8520, -36.7290,  
21.3750

■ 191.3180, 24.8070,  
-14.5610

■ 51.2090, -42.0480,  
24.1600

■ 201.9610, 30.1260,  
-17.3460

■ 40.5660, -47.3670,

■ 212.6040, 35.4450,

26.9450

-20.1310

■ 31.1080, -51.7690,  
29.6310

■ 223.8340, 40.4890,  
-23.4390

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



125.6660, -10.6830, 0.8770



126.5850, -5.9610, 3.4070



127.4610, 0.3200, 5.2160

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



126.5850, -5.9610, 3.4070



127.5130, 11.7370, 2.0490



124.6030, -6.3720, -5.6680

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



126.5850, -5.9610, 3.4070



135.4150, 5.9610, -3.4070

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



125.2400, -0.9160, -5.4280



126.5850, -5.9610, 3.4070



127.0350, 10.0870, -1.0890

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



126.5850, -5.9610, 3.4070



127.6100, 10.0860, 4.4380



126.1160, 5.3650, -3.6190



124.2050, -11.0030, -4.3390



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



126.5850, -5.9610, 3.4070



128.0270, 4.5380, 5.8660



126.1160, 5.3650, -3.6190



124.9730, -4.5380, -5.8660

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



126.5850, -5.9610, 3.4070



177.1570, -1.8800, 1.0320



133.8740, -8.5730, -4.3250



89.0430, -1.5590, 0.7210



219.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



92.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



126.5850, -5.9610, 3.4070



161.1980, -9.1250, 5.6830



126.3190, -2.1560, 6.0360



63.3850, -2.5220, 1.6540



29.8370, -49.5680, 28.2880



1.1570, -1.8800, 1.0320



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



128.1260, 8.5730, 4.3250



163.9310, 13.6160, 6.5440



135.6810, 2.1560, -6.0360



64.2070, 3.8510, 1.7950



42.6170, 71.2430, 35.9710



1.6090, 2.6590, 1.3710



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 126.5850, -5.9610, 3.4070 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

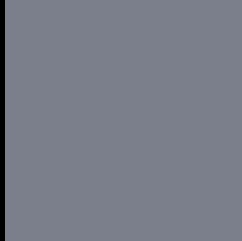
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 126.5850, -5.9610, 3.4070 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

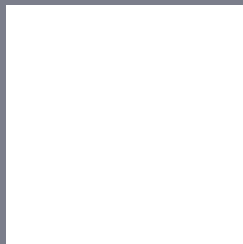
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 126.5850, -5.9610, 3.4070**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 126.5850, -5.9610, 3.4070.



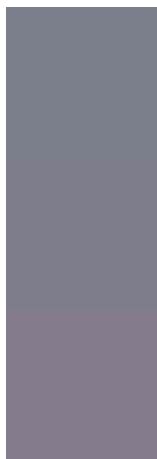
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 126.5850, -5.9610,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

126.5850, -5.9610, 3.4070

### Protanopia

126.5960, -4.4940, 4.3540

### Deuteranopia

127.6290, -0.0930, 7.1950



## Tritanopia

126.2430, -4.9980, 2.4740

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

126.5850, -5.9610, 3.4070

## Protanomaly

126.2970, -5.0900, 4.1420

## Deuteranomaly

127.3190, -2.1560, 6.0360

## Tritanomaly

126.3570, -5.3190, 2.7850

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

126.5850, -5.9610, 3.4070

## Achromatopsia

127.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

127.1570, -1.8800, 1.0320

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 126.5850, -5.9610, 3.4070 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 126, 139)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 126, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 126, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 126, 139) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 126.5850, -5.9610, 3.4070 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 126, 139) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 126, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(123, 126, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(123, 126, 139); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 126, 139);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 126,  
139) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 126.5850, -5.9610, 3.4070 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 126, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
126, 139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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