

Converting Colors

YIQ(126.8400, 15.1300, 1.1300)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(126.8400, 15.1300, 1.1300)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(126.8400, 15.1300,
1.1300)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8E7A70
RGB	142, 122, 112
RGB Percent	56%, 48%, 44%
CMY	0.4431, 0.5216, 0.5607
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.21, 0.44
HSL	20°, 12%, 50%
HSV	20°, 21%, 56%
XYZ	21.0412, 20.8389, 18.2476
YIQ	126.8400, 15.1300, 1.1300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

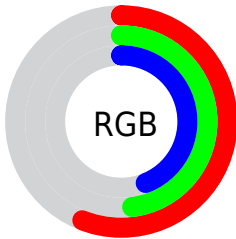
Format	Color
R_{YB}	142, 127, 112
Decimal	9337456
CIE _{Lab}	52.77, 6.03, 8.31
CIE _{LCh}	53, 10.267, 54.003
Yxy	20.8389, 0.3499, 0.3466
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287527536 (0xFF8E7A70)
YUV	126.8400, -7.3161, 13.2953
Hunter-Lab	45.6497, 2.3887, 8.2547

Details

The YIQ color **126.8400, 15.1300, 1.1300** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **127.1600, -15.1300, -1.1300**, and the grayscale version is **127.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **179.4380, 16.3220, 1.5540**, and **77.3560, 13.6170, 1.0170** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **119.9610, 22.0990, 1.4830**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **133.7190, 8.1610, 0.7770**.

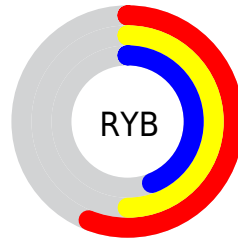
Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (48%)

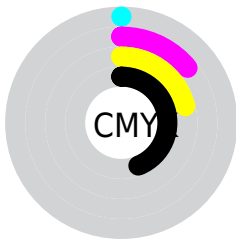
Blue (44%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (44%)

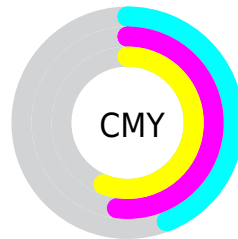


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 126.8400, 15.1300, 1.1300 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 126.8400, 15.1300, 1.1300 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 126.8400, 15.1300,
1.1300

■ 126.8400, 15.1300,
1.1300

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 101.6550, 14.2130,
1.2290

■ 179.4380, 16.3220,
1.5540

■ 77.3560, 13.6170,
1.0170

■ 207.3240, 16.6430,
1.2430

■ 54.7580, 12.4250,
0.5930

■ 235.6230, 17.2390,
1.4550

■ 33.5730, 11.5080,
0.6920

■ 254.0880, 2.5680,
-2.4880

■ 10.4100, 13.5250,
2.6850

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 126.8400, 15.1300,
1.1300

■ 126.8400, 15.1300,
1.1300

■ 119.9610, 22.0990,
1.4830

■ 133.7190, 8.1610,
0.7770

■ 112.4950, 29.3430,
2.3590

■ 141.1850, 0.9170,
-0.0990

■ 105.5020, 36.6330,
2.4010

■ 148.1780, -6.3730,
-0.1410

■ 98.0360, 43.8770,
3.2770

■ 155.6440,
-13.6170, -1.0170

■ 91.1570, 50.8460,
3.6300

■ 162.5230,
-20.5860, -1.3700

■ 83.6910, 58.0900,
4.5060

■ 169.9890,
-27.8300, -2.2460

■ 76.8120, 65.0590,
4.8590

■ 176.8680,
-34.7990, -2.5990

■ 70.0470, 71.7070,

■ 184.4480,

5.5230

-42.3640, -3.1640

■ 191.3270,
-49.3330, -3.5170

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



127.3610, 15.2210, 4.9890



126.8400, 15.1300, 1.1300



126.1660, 11.0960, -2.8560

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



126.8400, 15.1300, 1.1300



123.0260, -12.0570, -7.2650



126.6500, -4.5860, 6.0220

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



126.8400, 15.1300, 1.1300



127.1600, -15.1300, -1.1300

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



124.9370, -12.8840, 2.2200



126.8400, 15.1300, 1.1300



122.8560, -17.3300, -5.3140

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



126.8400, 15.1300, 1.1300



123.8050, -4.1250, -7.8450



123.9640, -17.5140, -1.9780



127.7820, 3.8500, 7.3220

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



126.8400, 15.1300, 1.1300



125.5460, 6.9700, -5.1740



123.9640, -17.5140, -1.9780



126.1550, -7.5660, 4.9620

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



126.8400, 15.1300, 1.1300



178.0500, 5.7310, 0.7630



123.3640, 11.1390, 12.8910



88.8540, 3.3470, -0.0850



219.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



92.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



126.8400, 15.1300, 1.1300



160.5590, 23.2910, 1.9070



135.6450, 11.0050, -6.7150



67.8540, 3.3470, -0.0850



66.7800, 68.0850, 5.0850



4.1530, 3.9430, 0.1270

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



127.1600, -15.1300, -1.1300



160.8540, -23.0160, -1.3840



118.9420, -11.2800, 6.1920



67.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380



68.2200, -68.0850, -5.0850



3.8470, -3.9430, -0.1270

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 126.8400, 15.1300, 1.1300 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 126.8400, 15.1300, 1.1300 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

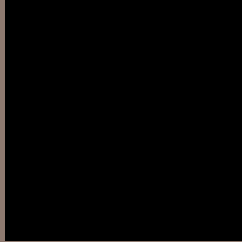
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 126.8400, 15.1300, 1.1300

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 126.8400, 15.1300, 1.1300.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 126.8400, 15.1300,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

126.8400, 15.1300, 1.1300

Protanopia

126.1270, 6.8320, -2.6720

Deuteranopia

126.5520, 16.0010, 1.8650



Tritanopia

128.2020, 11.4150, 7.8870

Trichromacy



Original Color

126.8400, 15.1300, 1.1300

Protanomaly

126.6220, 9.8120, -1.6120

Deuteranomaly

126.5520, 16.0010, 1.8650

Tritanomaly

127.8060, 12.4700, 5.2860

Monochromacy



Original Color

126.8400, 15.1300, 1.1300

Achromatopsia

127.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

126.7510, 5.1350, 0.5510

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 126.8400, 15.1300, 1.1300 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 122, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 122, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 122, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 122, 112) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 126.8400, 15.1300, 1.1300 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 122, 112) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 122, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(142, 122, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 122, 112); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 122, 112); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 122, 112) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 126.8400, 15.1300, 1.1300 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 122, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142,  
122, 112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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