

Converting Colors

YIQ(127.0080, 47.9660,
-43.3140)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(127.0080, 47.9660, -43.3140)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(127.0080, 47.9660,
-43.3140)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 928E00 |
| RGB | 146, 142, 0 |
| RGB Percent | 57%, 56%, 0% |
| CMY | 0.4275, 0.4431, 0.9997 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.03, 1.00, 0.43 |
| HSL | 58°, 100%, 29% |
| HSV | 58°, 100%, 57% |
| XYZ | 21.5236, 25.4547, 3.7810 |
| YIQ | 127.0080, 47.9660, -43.3140 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

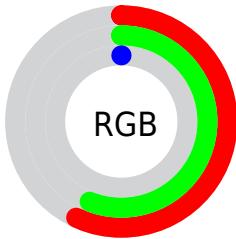
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 4, 146, 0 |
| Decimal | 9604608 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 57.52, -12.12, 61.50 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 58, 62.683, 101.144 |
| Yxy | 25.4547, 0.4240, 0.5015 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4287794688 (0xFF928E00) |
| YUV | 127.0080, -62.6149, 16.6560 |
| Hunter-Lab | 50.4527, -12.1423, 30.8735 |

Details

The YIQ color **127.0080, 47.9660, -43.3140** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999900**. A complement of this color would be **18.9920, -47.9660, 43.3140**, and the grayscale version is **128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **183.1420, 44.8930, -37.1790**, and **81.2130, 28.9360, -28.8240** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **127.0080, 47.9660, -43.3140**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **128.7180, 43.1510, -38.6490**.

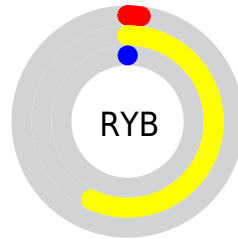
Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (56%)

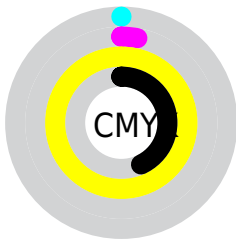
Blue (0%)



Red (2%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (0%)

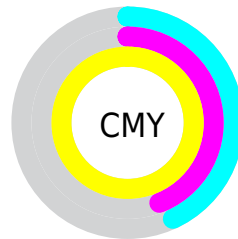


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 127.0080, 47.9660, -43.3140 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 127.0080, 47.9660, -43.3140 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 127.0080, 47.9660,
-43.3140

■ 127.0080, 47.9660,
-43.3140

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 103.9610, 38.1530,
-36.1750

■ 183.1420, 44.8930,
-37.1790

■ 81.2130, 28.9360,
-28.8240

■ 211.6260, 46.4060,
-37.0660

■ 59.6390, 19.1690,
-22.5190

■ 238.3050, 42.8760,
-39.1720

■ 39.2500, 10.3190,
-16.3130

■ 243.2580, 33.0630,
-32.0330

■ 19.1380, -0.8690,
-11.7890

■ 246.4500, 24.0750,
-23.3250

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 249.6420, 15.0870,

-14.6170

■ 252.9480, 5.7780,
-5.5980

■ 127.0080, 47.9660,
-43.3140

■ 128.7180, 43.1510,
-38.6490

■ 130.9010, 38.3820,
-34.8180

■ 132.6110, 33.5670,
-30.1530

■ 134.7940, 28.7980,
-26.3220

■ 136.5040, 23.9830,
-21.6570

■ 138.2140, 19.1680,
-16.9920

■ 140.3970, 14.3990,
-13.1610

■ 142.1070, 9.5840,
-8.4960

■ 144.2900, 4.8150,
-4.6650

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



132.5300, 73.8200, -16.2600



127.0080, 47.9660, -43.3140



121.8720, -7.3730, -48.1170

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



127.0080, 47.9660, -43.3140



118.9200, -111.6390, -19.7270



138.2610, 49.5990, 53.7830

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



127.0080, 47.9660, -43.3140



18.9920, -47.9660, 43.3140

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



141.7460, -3.3550, 44.3010



127.0080, 47.9660, -43.3140



117.9860, -120.0320, -5.2800

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



127.0080, 47.9660, -43.3140



114.2800, -95.8180, -36.6340



124.2990, -86.5200, 15.1440



132.9650, 79.3110, 43.9430

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



127.0080, 47.9660, -43.3140



103.2680, -70.3220, -58.1780



124.2990, -86.5200, 15.1440



140.1220, 33.8730, 52.4410

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



127.0080, 47.9660, -43.3140



181.3280, 18.8470, -16.6810



44.2240, 85.4110, 32.5070



89.5370, 11.1890, -10.0510



222.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



127.0080, 47.9660, -43.3140



164.5190, 62.0440, -56.1640



109.0240, 6.3380, -59.8220



73.2020, 2.2470, -2.1770



119.9200, 45.3980, -40.8260



8.8600, 3.2100, -3.1100

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.9920, -47.9660, 43.3140



24.4810, -62.0440, 56.1640



36.9760, -6.3380, 59.8220



67.7980, -2.2470, 2.1770



18.0800, -45.3980, 40.8260



1.1400, -3.2100, 3.1100

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 127.0080, 47.9660, -43.3140 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

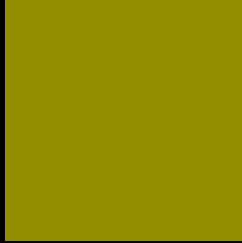
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 127.0080, 47.9660, -43.3140 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

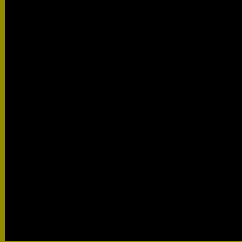
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 127.0080, 47.9660, -43.3140

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 127.0080, 47.9660, -43.3140.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 127.0080, 47.9660,

-43.3140.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

127.0080, 47.9660, -43.3140

Protanopia

128.2370, 54.7510, -39.6250

Deuteranopia

131.3170, 60.9380, -25.0940



Tritanopia

140.0170, 10.4980, 7.9860

Trichromacy



Original Color

127.0080, 47.9660, -43.3140

Protanomaly

127.6280, 52.0920, -40.9960

Deuteranomaly

129.7630, 56.4460, -31.7940

Tritanomaly

135.5400, 24.3020, -10.9140

Monochromacy



Original Color

127.0080, 47.9660, -43.3140

Achromatopsia

127.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

126.7840, 17.5630, -15.4370

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 127.0080, 47.9660, -43.3140 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 142, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 142, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 142, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 142, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 127.0080, 47.9660, -43.3140 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 142, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 142, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 142, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 142, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 142, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 142,  
0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 127.0080, 47.9660, -43.3140 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 142, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146,  
142, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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