

# Converting Colors

YIQ(128.8290, 77.8390, 70.6310)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(128.8290, 77.8390, 70.6310)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(128.8290, 77.8390,  
70.6310)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F73EA3
RGB	247, 62, 163
RGB Percent	97%, 24%, 64%
CMY	0.0309, 0.7571, 0.3606
CMYK	0.00, 0.75, 0.34, 0.03
HSL	327°, 92%, 61%
HSV	327°, 75%, 97%
XYZ	46.7376, 25.8808, 37.2101
YIQ	128.8290, 77.8390, 70.6310

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

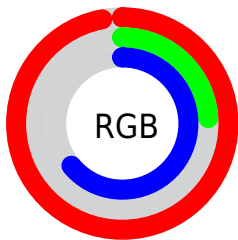
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	247, 62, 163
Decimal	16203427
CIE Lab	57.92, 76.01, -12.37
CIE LCh	58, 77.014, 350.754
Yxy	25.8808, 0.4256, 0.2356
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294393507 (0xFF73EA3)
YUV	128.8290, 16.8463, 103.6360
Hunter-Lab	50.8731, 74.9614, -7.7553

# Details

The YIQ color **128.8290, 77.8390, 70.6310** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3399**. The color can be described as light washed rose. A complement of this color would be **180.1710, -77.8390, -70.6310**, and the grayscale version is **129.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **174.4720, 47.6270, 56.4830**, and **68.2680, 75.2250, 73.9530** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **112.9000, 88.2450, 80.2850**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **144.7580, 67.4330, 60.9770**.

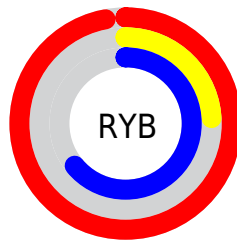
# Distribution



Red (97%)

Green (24%)

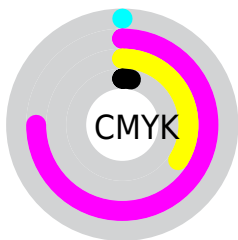
Blue (64%)



Red (97%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (64%)

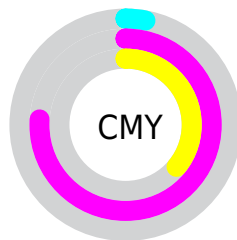


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (75%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (3%)



Cyan (3%)

Magenta (76%)


Yellow (36%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 128.8290, 77.8390, 70.6310 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 128.8290, 77.8390, 70.6310 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 128.8290, 77.8390,  
70.6310


 128.8290, 77.8390,  
70.6310


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 88.4200, 80.9090,  
81.0770


 174.4720, 47.6270,  
56.4830


 68.2680, 75.2250,  
73.9530


 195.2740, 30.3890,  
49.5010


 56.5620, 65.0490,  
60.1290


 213.9100, 19.2500,  
36.6100

 44.9700, 54.5520,  
46.6160

 231.5200, 11.0000,  
20.9200

 33.4920, 43.7340,  
33.4140

 249.1300, 2.7500,  
5.2300

 23.0250, 34.3830,  
21.1590

 11.4760, 22.3270,

8.3670

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 128.8290, 77.8390,  
70.6310

■ 128.8290, 77.8390,  
70.6310

■ 112.9000, 88.2450,  
80.2850

■ 144.7580, 67.4330,  
60.9770

■ 97.5580, 98.3760,  
89.4160

■ 160.1000, 57.3020,  
51.8460

■ 89.2430, 103.8770,  
94.3490

■ 176.1430, 46.5750,  
42.5030

■ 192.0720, 36.1690,  
32.8490

■ 207.4140, 26.0380,  
23.7180

223.3430, 15.6320,  
14.0640

239.3860, 4.9050,  
4.7210

252.3800, -4.1260,  
-2.3180

252.6080, -4.7680,  
-1.6960

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



141.3180, 19.0620, 62.0540



128.8290, 77.8390, 70.6310



124.7570, 103.5640, 50.4440

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



128.8290, 77.8390, 70.6310



125.1260, 32.6540, -52.1620



124.5570, -123.3780, -10.7220

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



128.8290, 77.8390, 70.6310



180.1710, -77.8390, -70.6310

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



120.2930, -105.8600, -30.8520



128.8290, 77.8390, 70.6310



100.1100, -58.6740, -71.0420

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



128.8290, 77.8390, 70.6310



131.0380, 74.7850, -28.2470



111.1390, -82.8400, -51.5760



119.4680, -124.2050, -1.2370



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



128.8290, 77.8390, 70.6310



128.8820, 103.5690, 22.8090



111.1390, -82.8400, -51.5760



123.7930, -118.4710, -17.0550

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



128.8290, 77.8390, 70.6310



219.2780, 23.4250, 21.5130



107.9070, -9.9170, 75.1310



106.2180, 14.4860, 12.8060



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



128.8290, 77.8390, 70.6310



108.1340, 96.6340, 87.9460



118.3410, 107.3710, 42.0190



114.3860, 4.9050, 4.7210



67.2420, 78.1140, 71.1540



21.2890, 24.8920, 22.4600



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



128.8290, 77.8390, 70.6310



108.1340, 96.6340, 87.9460



190.6590, -107.3710, -42.0190



114.3860, 4.9050, 4.7210



67.2420, 78.1140, 71.1540



21.2890, 24.8920, 22.4600



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 128.8290, 77.8390, 70.6310 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 128.8290, 77.8390, 70.6310 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 128.8290, 77.8390, 70.6310

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 128.8290, 77.8390, 70.6310.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 128.8290, 77.8390,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

128.8290, 77.8390, 70.6310

### Protanopia

138.4170, -39.9380, 18.9580

### Deuteranopia

141.2270, 1.0990, 7.6190



## Tritanopia

131.6980, 92.8840, 34.7400

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

128.8290, 77.8390, 70.6310



## Protanomaly

135.0530, 2.7900, 37.5580



## Deuteranomaly

136.5980, 28.6960, 30.6160



## Tritanomaly

130.6780, 87.6090, 47.7450

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

128.8290, 77.8390, 70.6310



## Achromatopsia

129.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

129.1370, 28.3760, 25.4000

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 128.8290, 77.8390, 70.6310 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(247, 62, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 62, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 62, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 62, 163) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 128.8290, 77.8390, 70.6310 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 62, 163) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 62, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 62, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 62, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 62, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 62,  
163) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 128.8290, 77.8390, 70.6310 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 62, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247, 62,  
163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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