

Converting Colors

YIQ(128.9040, -18.4260,
-29.5140)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(128.9040, -18.4260, -29.5140)
contains.

YIQ(128.9040, -18.4260, -29.5140)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(128.9040, -18.4260,
-29.5140)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D9963
RGB	93, 153, 99
RGB Percent	36%, 60%, 39%
CMY	0.6355, 0.3999, 0.6118
CMYK	0.39, 0.00, 0.35, 0.40
HSL	126°, 24%, 48%
HSV	126°, 39%, 60%
XYZ	18.1567, 26.0162, 15.8670
YIQ	128.9040, -18.4260, -29.5140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

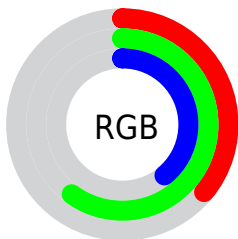
Format	Color
R_{YB}	93, 148, 153
Decimal	6134115
CIE _{Lab}	58.05, -31.23, 22.43
CIE _{LCh}	58, 38.449, 144.312
Yxy	26.0162, 0.3024, 0.4333
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284324195 (0xFF5D9963)
YUV	128.9040, -14.7427, -31.4878
Hunter-Lab	51.0061, -25.7196, 17.2602

Details

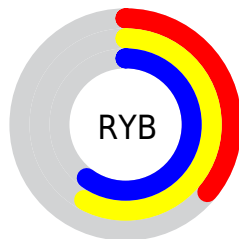
The YIQ color **128.9040, -18.4260, -29.5140** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **117.0960, 18.4260, 29.5140**, and the grayscale version is **129.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **182.8500, -18.3340, -31.1820**, and **77.7730, -19.4350, -27.7470** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **122.8230, -22.8720, -37.0480**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **134.9850, -13.9800, -21.9800**.

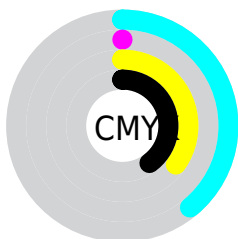
Distribution



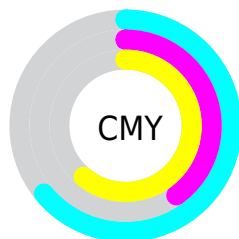
- Red (36%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 128.9040, -18.4260, -29.5140 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 128.9040, -18.4260, -29.5140 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 128.9040,
-18.4260, -29.5140

■ 128.9040,
-18.4260, -29.5140

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 103.1320,
-19.0680, -28.8920

■ 182.8500,
-18.3340, -31.1820

■ 77.7730, -19.4350,
-27.7470

■ 210.4370,
-18.6090, -31.7050

■ 52.0930, -23.3320,
-28.7080

■ 233.1540,
-16.1340, -26.9980

■ 32.3820, -16.7760,
-26.3760

■ 245.0170, -7.8380,
-12.1420

■ 19.9580, -9.3500,
-17.7820

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 128.9040,
-18.4260, -29.5140

■ 128.9040,
-18.4260, -29.5140

■ 122.8230,
-22.8720, -37.0480

■ 134.9850,
-13.9800, -21.9800

■ 116.4430,
-27.9140, -44.7940

■ 141.3650, -8.9380,
-14.2340

■ 110.4760,
-32.6810, -52.0170

■ 147.3320, -4.1710,
-7.0110

■ 104.3950,
-37.1270, -59.5510

■ 153.4130, 0.2750,
0.5230

■ 98.0150, -42.1690,
-67.2970

■ 159.4940, 4.7210,
8.0570

■ 91.9340, -46.6150,
-74.8310

■ 165.8740, 9.7630,
15.8030

■ 91.5210, -46.8900,
-75.3540

■ 171.8410, 14.5300,
23.0260

■ 177.9220, 18.9760,

30.5600

■ 184.3020, 24.0180,
38.3060

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



134.1330, 14.7220, -24.5260



128.9040, -18.4260, -29.5140



117.9710, -64.0910, -33.4270

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



128.9040, -18.4260, -29.5140



129.8280, -63.6850, 3.2830



140.6110, 53.0440, 18.8680

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



128.9040, -18.4260, -29.5140



117.0960, 18.4260, 29.5140

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



142.5900, 40.3420, 28.8060



128.9040, -18.4260, -29.5140



140.7520, -21.8280, 21.1480

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



128.9040, -18.4260, -29.5140



111.8130, -104.0280, -19.9960



143.7580, 13.5660, 29.4860



139.1140, 52.4050, 2.9090

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



128.9040, -18.4260, -29.5140



109.8290, -92.9300, -33.9060



143.7580, 13.5660, 29.4860



141.5770, 50.3840, 23.0240

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



128.9040, -18.4260, -29.5140



189.3160, -7.2420, -11.9300



144.3660, 15.6840, -19.9320



93.7450, -3.8960, -6.4880



227.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



99.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



128.9040, -18.4260, -29.5140



161.3180, -29.0600, -46.0520



132.3240, -28.0560, -20.1840



73.8100, -2.5210, -3.8730



83.7760, -42.9940, -68.8660



7.7450, -3.8960, -6.4880

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



117.0960, 18.4260, 29.5140



142.7960, 28.7390, 46.3630



113.6760, 28.0560, 20.1840



72.1900, 2.5210, 3.8730



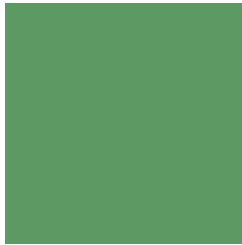
56.2240, 42.9940, 68.8660



5.1410, 4.2170, 6.1770

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 128.9040, -18.4260, -29.5140 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 128.9040, -18.4260, -29.5140 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 128.9040, -18.4260, -29.5140 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 128.9040, -18.4260, -29.5140.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 128.9040, -18.4260, -29.5140.

-29.5140.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

128.9040, -18.4260, -29.5140

Protanopia

137.3440, 21.9180, -11.7620

Deuteranopia

138.8490, 28.1060, -2.7580



Tritanopia

135.1090, -28.2880, -4.9600

Trichromacy



Original Color

128.9040, -18.4260, -29.5140

Protanomaly

134.2280, 7.3850, -18.2070

Deuteranomaly

135.0700, 11.0060, -12.2420

Tritanomaly

133.2800, -24.7560, -13.9080

Monochromacy



Original Color

128.9040, -18.4260, -29.5140

Achromatopsia

129.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

129.1420, -6.6920, -10.8840

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 128.9040, -18.4260, -29.5140 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 153, 99)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 153, 99)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 153, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 153, 99) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 128.9040, -18.4260, -29.5140 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 153, 99) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 153, 99) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 153, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 153, 99); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 153, 99);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 153,  
99) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 128.9040, -18.4260, -29.5140 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 153, 99) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 153,  
99) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet
interesting? Support Converting
Colors with the new Membership
Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you
double the colors in the color bucket, and more
awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor