

Converting Colors

YIQ(129.3330, -128.5590,
-10.4390)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(129.3330, -128.5590, -10.4390)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(129.3330, -128.5590,
-10.4390)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00ABFE
RGB	0, 171, 254
RGB Percent	0%, 67%, 100%
CMY	0.9997, 0.3291, 0.0045
CMYK	1.00, 0.33, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	200°, 100%, 50%
HSV	200°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	32.4425, 36.2994, 98.9396
YIQ	129.3330, -128.5590, -10.4390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 102, 254
Decimal	44030
CIELab	66.75, -7.24, -51.05
CIELCh	67, 51.558, 261.926
Yxy	36.2994, 0.1935, 0.2165
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278234110 (0xFF00ABFE)
YUV	129.3330, 61.4608, -113.4250
Hunter-Lab	60.2490, -9.3184, -55.1904

Details

The YIQ color **129.3330, -128.5590, -10.4390** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099FF**. The color can be described as middle saturated azure. A complement of this color would be **124.6670, 128.5590, 10.4390**, and the grayscale version is **129.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **195.2200, -77.2530, -15.1490**, and **92.3110, -95.9620, -0.9700** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **129.3330, -128.5590, -10.4390**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **141.5040, -115.8590, -9.3230**.

Distribution



- Red (0%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 129.3330, -128.5590, -10.4390 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 129.3330, -128.5590, -10.4390 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 129.3330,
-128.5590, -10.4390

■ 129.3330,
-128.5590, -10.4390

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 110.7650,
-112.1000, -5.8600

■ 195.2200,
-77.2530, -15.1490

■ 92.3110, -95.9620,
-0.9700

■ 222.4090,
-64.9640, -23.1080

■ 75.0310, -80.3740,
2.8740

■ 232.2760,
-45.2960, -16.1120

■ 58.4520, -65.3820,
6.5060

■ 241.8440,
-26.2240, -9.3280

■ 42.5740, -50.9860,
9.9260

■ 251.4120, -7.1520,
-2.5440

■ 27.9840, -37.4610,
12.6110

■ 11.7470, -23.4320,

17.1760

■ 6.7770, -14.9490,
12.1150

■ 3.0950, -7.3370,
6.3190

■ 129.3330,
-128.5590, -10.4390

■ 141.5040,
-115.8590, -9.3230

■ 154.5610,
-102.8380, -8.5180

■ 166.7320,
-90.1380, -7.4020

■ 179.2020,
-76.8420, -6.0740

■ 191.3730,
-64.1420, -4.9580

■ 204.1310,
-51.7170, -4.3650

■ 216.6010,
-38.4210, -3.0370

■ 228.7720,
-25.7210, -1.9210

■ 241.8290,
-12.7000, -1.1160

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



132.9230, -124.8890, -21.8890



129.3330, -128.5590, -10.4390



162.6120, -35.8130, 26.8030

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



129.3330, -128.5590, -10.4390



162.6460, 72.2990, 27.8430



147.3020, -22.9630, -40.9070

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



129.3330, -128.5590, -10.4390



124.6670, 128.5590, 10.4390

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



154.6420, 23.1140, -33.4460



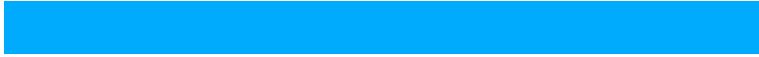
129.3330, -128.5590, -10.4390



161.0470, 71.7070, 5.5230

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



129.3330, -128.5590, -10.4390



165.0250, 52.7190, 41.2870



159.1240, 54.4720, -18.0400



125.4670, -98.3830, -50.7270

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



129.3330, -128.5590, -10.4390



167.1990, -0.5570, 37.6430



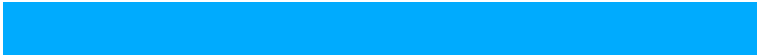
159.1240, 54.4720, -18.0400



150.0390, -6.0450, -39.1410

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



129.3330, -128.5590, -10.4390



217.6010, -38.4210, -3.0370



158.2180, -95.5300, -107.9620



105.4410, -23.2910, -1.9070



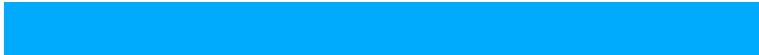
0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



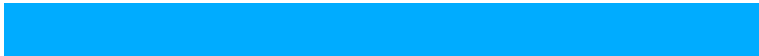
128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



129.3330, -128.5590, -10.4390



130.0340, -129.1550, -10.6510



56.5450, -94.4590, 54.4130



121.1780, -6.3730, -0.1410



97.4970, -96.7860, -8.0660



32.5370, -32.3690, -2.5850

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95.4400, 96.4930, 107.0290



95.8530, 96.7680, 107.5520



197.4550, 94.4590, -54.4130



119.7990, 5.1800, 5.2440



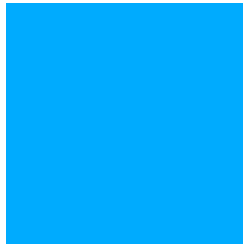
71.8150, 72.4270, 80.6110



24.0380, 24.3410, 26.9410

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 129.3330, -128.5590, -10.4390 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

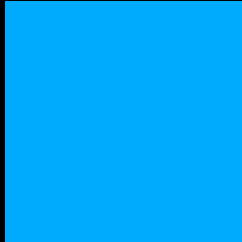
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 129.3330, -128.5590, -10.4390 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

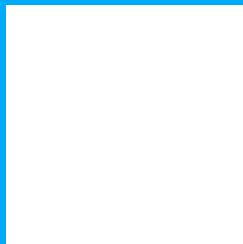
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 129.3330, -128.5590, -10.4390 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 129.3330, -128.5590, -10.4390.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 129.3330, -128.5590, -10.4390.

-10.4390.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

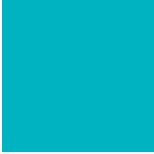
129.3330, -128.5590, -10.4390

Protanopia

159.9160, -42.7810, 20.9230

Deuteranopia

156.1680, -61.1660, 18.2100



Tritanopia

126.9610, -110.8570, -33.9050

Trichromacy



Original Color

129.3330, -128.5590, -10.4390

Protanomaly

148.9550, -74.0480, 9.3760

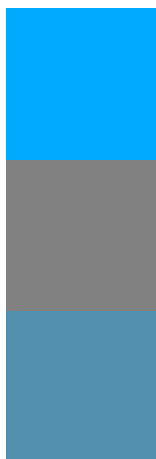
Deuteranomaly

146.5560, -86.1060, 7.6380

Tritanomaly

127.7080, -117.0940, -25.4940

Monochromacy



Original Color

129.3330, -128.5590, -10.4390

Achromatopsia

129.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

128.8820, -46.5820, -3.8140

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 129.3330, -128.5590, -10.4390 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 171, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 171, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 171, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 171, 254) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 129.3330, -128.5590, -10.4390 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 171, 254) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 171, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 171, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 171, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 171, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 171,  
254) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 129.3330, -128.5590, -10.4390 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 171, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 171,  
254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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