

Converting Colors

YIQ(129.6750, 18.3470,
-40.6690)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(129.6750, 18.3470, -40.6690)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(129.6750, 18.3470,
-40.6690)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7A9728
RGB	122, 151, 40
RGB Percent	48%, 59%, 16%
CMY	0.5217, 0.4078, 0.8430
CMYK	0.19, 0.00, 0.73, 0.41
HSL	76°, 58%, 37%
HSV	76°, 73%, 59%
XYZ	19.4733, 26.4255, 6.0854
YIQ	129.6750, 18.3470, -40.6690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

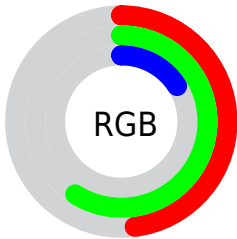
Format	Color
RYB	40, 151, 69
Decimal	8034088
CIELab	58.44, -26.10, 51.88
CIElCh	58, 58.070, 116.704
Yxy	26.4255, 0.3746, 0.5083
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286224168 (0xFF7A9728)
YUV	129.6750, -44.2098, -6.7310
Hunter-Lab	51.4058, -22.3416, 28.9653

Details

The YIQ color **129.6750, 18.3470, -40.6690** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669933**. A complement of this color would be **61.3250, -18.3470, 40.6690**, and the grayscale version is **130.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **183.8600, 19.2640, -40.7680**, and **79.3310, 13.6240, -37.6720** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **126.7690, 20.7780, -46.1820**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **132.5810, 15.9160, -35.1560**.

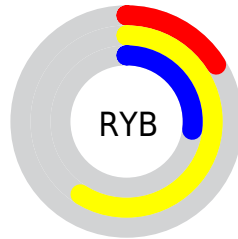
Distribution



Red (48%)

Green (59%)

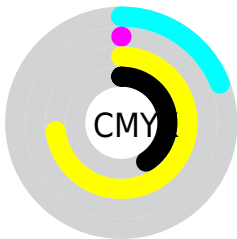
Blue (16%)



Red (16%)

Yellow (59%)

Blue (27%)

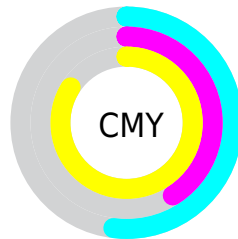


Cyan (19%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (73%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (52%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 129.6750, 18.3470, -40.6690 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 129.6750, 18.3470, -40.6690 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 129.6750, 18.3470,
-40.6690

■ 129.6750, 18.3470,
-40.6690

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 102.3500, 20.6400,
-43.6800

■ 183.8600, 19.2640,
-40.7680

■ 79.3310, 13.6240,
-37.6720

■ 212.6320, 19.9060,
-41.3900

■ 57.7680, 5.3240,
-30.4200

■ 236.7080, 22.7480,
-37.8280

■ 35.5960, -5.6350,
-24.5390

■ 245.7660, 26.0010,
-25.1910

■ 19.3710, -9.0750,
-17.2590

■ 248.9580, 17.0130,
-16.4830

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 252.2640, 7.7040,

-7.4640

■ 129.6750, 18.3470,
-40.6690

■ 129.6750, 18.3470,
-40.6690

■ 126.7690, 20.7780,
-46.1820

■ 132.5810, 15.9160,
-35.1560

■ 123.8630, 23.2090,
-51.6950

■ 135.4870, 13.4850,
-29.6430

■ 121.8260, 24.6310,
-55.4410

■ 138.3930, 11.0540,
-24.1300

■ 141.2990, 8.6230,
-18.6170

■ 144.3190, 5.8710,
-12.7930

■ 147.2250, 3.4400,
-7.2800

■ 150.1310, 1.0090,
-1.7670

■ 153.0370, -1.4220,
3.7460

■ 155.9430, -3.8530,
9.2590

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



134.0390, 55.8490, -26.4790



129.6750, 18.3470, -40.6690



117.9190, -41.1180, -47.7900

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



129.6750, 18.3470, -40.6690



119.5700, -116.2250, -13.7050



139.0480, 63.0800, 46.2480

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



129.6750, 18.3470, -40.6690



61.3250, -18.3470, 40.6690

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



144.1700, 24.7500, 47.0700



129.6750, 18.3470, -40.6690



114.4640, -118.3820, -2.1420

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



129.6750, 18.3470, -40.6690



117.3580, -104.4850, -28.2370



141.3400, -31.8710, 32.4570



137.1800, 79.5430, 28.7190

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



129.6750, 18.3470, -40.6690



108.7910, -81.7400, -49.4840



141.3400, -31.8710, 32.4570



141.2410, 52.3510, 47.9590

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



129.6750, 18.3470, -40.6690



187.8090, 7.2470, -15.7050



89.6250, 58.4560, 8.8880



94.3560, 4.4490, -9.0470



227.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



99.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



129.6750, 18.3470, -40.6690



162.9370, 28.3920, -63.0320



113.5290, -13.8370, -52.1170



75.1910, 0.7800, -3.1240



113.2760, 23.4840, -51.1720



10.3220, 1.7890, -4.8910

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.3250, -18.3470, 40.6690



57.0630, -28.3920, 63.0320



77.4710, 13.8370, 52.1170



70.5100, -1.3760, 2.9120



27.0230, -22.8880, 51.3840



2.3790, -2.3850, 4.6790

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 129.6750, 18.3470, -40.6690 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 129.6750, 18.3470, -40.6690 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

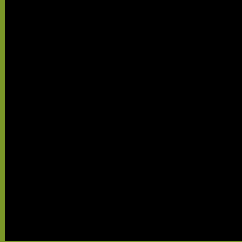
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 129.6750, 18.3470, -40.6690

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 129.6750, 18.3470, -40.6690.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 129.6750, 18.3470,

-40.6690.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

129.6750, 18.3470, -40.6690

Protanopia

133.3410, 43.1950, -28.4290

Deuteranopia

135.7540, 52.6380, -17.8420



Tritanopia

140.1610, -7.7030, 1.9370

Trichromacy



Original Color

129.6750, 18.3470, -40.6690

Protanomaly

131.9160, 34.0260, -32.9660

Deuteranomaly

133.8400, 40.3520, -26.4640

Tritanomaly

136.6390, 1.9740, -13.7540

Monochromacy



Original Color

129.6750, 18.3470, -40.6690

Achromatopsia

130.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

130.0370, 6.6050, -15.0830

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 129.6750, 18.3470, -40.6690 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 151, 40)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 151, 40)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 151, 40) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 151, 40) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 129.6750, 18.3470, -40.6690 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 151, 40) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 151, 40) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 151, 40) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 151, 40); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 151, 40);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 151,  
40) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 129.6750, 18.3470, -40.6690 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 151, 40) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122,  
151, 40) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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