

Converting Colors

YIQ(129.7560, 21.6520,
-62.0280)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(129.7560, 21.6520, -62.0280)
contains.

YIQ(129.7560, 21.6520, -62.0280)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(129.7560, 21.6520,
-62.0280)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	70A400
RGB	112, 164, 0
RGB Percent	44%, 64%, 0%
CMY	0.5610, 0.3568, 0.9997
CMYK	0.32, 0.00, 1.00, 0.36
HSL	79°, 100%, 32%
HSV	79°, 100%, 64%
XYZ	19.9544, 29.9997, 4.7404
YIQ	129.7560, 21.6520, -62.0280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

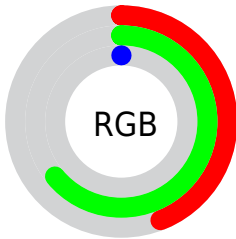
Format	Color
RYB	0, 164, 52
Decimal	7382016
CIELab	61.65, -37.55, 63.53
CIELCh	62, 73.794, 120.584
Yxy	29.9997, 0.3648, 0.5485
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285572096 (0xFF70A400)
YUV	129.7560, -63.9697, -15.5720
Hunter-Lab	54.7720, -30.8203, 33.2090

Details

The YIQ color **129.7560, 21.6520, -62.0280** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669900**. A complement of this color would be **34.2440, -21.6520, 62.0280**, and the grayscale version is **130.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **187.2210, 16.1490, -55.9070**, and **82.4880, 2.5760, -46.7040** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **129.7560, 21.6520, -62.0280**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **133.0750, 19.4960, -55.9920**.

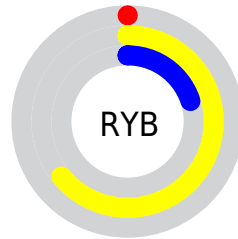
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (64%)

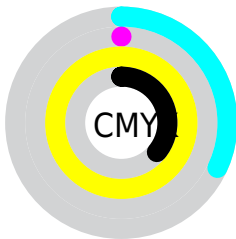
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (20%)

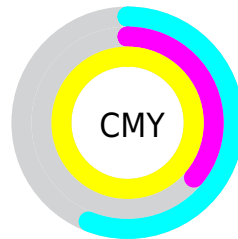


Cyan (32%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 129.7560, 21.6520, -62.0280 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 129.7560, 21.6520, -62.0280 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 129.7560, 21.6520,
-62.0280

■ 129.7560, 21.6520,
-62.0280

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 106.1220, 12.1140,
-54.3660

■ 187.2210, 16.1490,
-55.9070

■ 82.4880, 2.5760,
-46.7040

■ 216.1070, 16.4700,
-56.2180

■ 58.5440, -9.0250,
-40.2010

■ 231.9650, 23.1620,
-45.3340

■ 36.9810, -17.3250,
-32.9490

■ 243.8280, 31.4580,
-30.4780

■ 24.0670, -11.2750,
-21.4430

■ 247.0200, 22.4700,
-21.7700

■ 6.4570, -3.0250,
-5.7530

■ 250.3260, 13.1610,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

-12.7510

0.0000

■ 253.6320, 3.8520,
-3.7320

■ 129.7560, 21.6520,
-62.0280

■ 133.0750, 19.4960,
-55.9920

■ 136.5080, 17.0190,
-49.6450

■ 140.1260, 15.4590,
-43.3970

■ 143.5590, 12.9820,
-37.0500

■ 146.8780, 10.8260,
-31.0140

■ 150.1970, 8.6700,
-24.9780

■ 153.6300, 6.1930,
-18.6310

■ 157.2480, 4.6330,
-12.3830

■ 160.6810, 2.1560,
-6.0360

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



138.6250, 65.3420, -38.8340



129.7560, 21.6520, -62.0280



111.2580, -73.5300, -66.1220

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



129.7560, 21.6520, -62.0280



130.0340, -129.1550, -10.6510



138.5440, 82.6550, 60.4390

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



129.7560, 21.6520, -62.0280



34.2440, -21.6520, 62.0280

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



149.7950, 39.6480, 63.4240



129.7560, 21.6520, -62.0280



121.2290, -125.0300, -2.8060

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



129.7560, 21.6520, -62.0280



128.8820, -117.6440, -26.5400



149.6210, -30.8640, 41.7440



138.9930, 99.3030, 34.0470

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



129.7560, 21.6520, -62.0280



118.1490, -88.8000, -53.6960



149.6210, -30.8640, 41.7440



143.1010, 73.8970, 64.9770

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



129.7560, 21.6520, -62.0280



200.7240, 8.6240, -24.1440



79.5600, 83.4440, 7.5720



99.0800, 5.0460, -14.3620



235.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



107.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



129.7560, 21.6520, -62.0280



169.2720, 28.1660, -80.9700



105.2380, -27.2200, -79.4120



80.0770, 1.1010, -3.4350



114.7160, 19.1290, -54.8470



14.1540, 2.2020, -6.8700

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.2440, -21.6520, 62.0280



44.7280, -28.1660, 80.9700



58.7620, 27.2200, 79.4120



74.9230, -1.1010, 3.4350



30.2840, -19.1290, 54.8470



3.8460, -2.2020, 6.8700

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 129.7560, 21.6520, -62.0280 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 129.7560, 21.6520, -62.0280 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 129.7560, 21.6520, -62.0280

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 129.7560, 21.6520, -62.0280.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 129.7560, 21.6520,

-62.0280.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

129.7560, 21.6520, -62.0280

Protanopia

137.3960, 58.5570, -42.5230

Deuteranopia

142.2140, 62.7260, -24.4580



Tritanopia

146.3060, -18.4770, -1.0450

Trichromacy



Original Color

129.7560, 21.6520, -62.0280

Protanomaly

134.3510, 45.2620, -49.3780

Deuteranomaly

137.5830, 47.9650, -37.7870

Tritanomaly

140.0200, -3.8930, -23.0690

Monochromacy



Original Color

129.7560, 21.6520, -62.0280

Achromatopsia

130.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

129.5930, 7.6150, -22.3770

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 129.7560, 21.6520, -62.0280 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 164, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 164, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 164, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 164, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 129.7560, 21.6520, -62.0280 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 164, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 164, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 164, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 164, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 164, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 164,  
0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 129.7560, 21.6520, -62.0280 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 164, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
164, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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