

Converting Colors

YIQ(130.4660, -24.4390, 7.8890)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(130.4660, -24.4390, 7.8890)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(130.4660, -24.4390,
7.8890)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7084AB
RGB	112, 132, 171
RGB Percent	44%, 52%, 67%
CMY	0.5608, 0.4823, 0.3295
CMYK	0.34, 0.23, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	220°, 26%, 55%
HSV	220°, 34%, 67%
XYZ	22.2813, 22.8882, 41.7554
YIQ	130.4660, -24.4390, 7.8890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

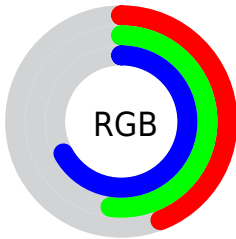
Format	Color
R_{YB}	112, 127, 171
Decimal	7373995
CIE _{Lab}	54.96, 2.45, -22.97
CIE _{LCh}	55, 23.096, 276.087
Yxy	22.8882, 0.2563, 0.2633
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285564075 (0xFF7084AB)
YUV	130.4660, 19.9833, -16.1947
Hunter-Lab	47.8416, -0.5899, -18.2582

Details

The YIQ color $130.4660, -24.4390, 7.8890$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $6699CC$. A complement of this color would be $152.5340, 24.4390, -7.8890$, and the grayscale version is $130.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $183.6940, -25.0810, 8.5110$, and $80.5260, -24.6680, 6.5320$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $118.9260, -31.5460, 10.0380$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $142.0060, -17.3320, 5.7400$.

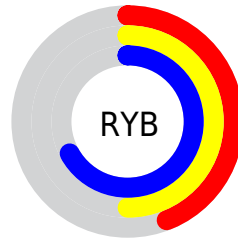
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (52%)

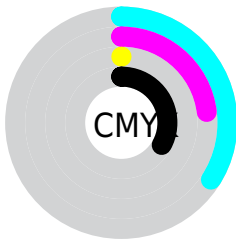
Blue (67%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (67%)

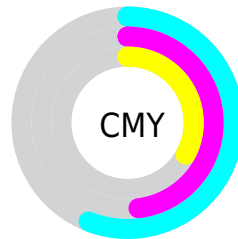


Cyan (34%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 130.4660, -24.4390, 7.8890 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 130.4660, -24.4390, 7.8890 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 130.4660,
-24.4390, 7.8890

■ 130.4660,
-24.4390, 7.8890

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 104.9390,
-24.3930, 7.0550

■ 183.6940,
-25.0810, 8.5110

■ 80.5260, -24.6680,
6.5320

■ 211.8080,
-25.4020, 8.8220

■ 56.7000, -25.2180,
5.4860

■ 236.6160,
-16.4140, 0.1140

■ 32.6780, -28.1520,
3.5920

■ 253.5050, -2.9800,
-1.0600

■ 15.9240, -20.0370,
5.2030

■ 3.5510, -8.6210,
7.5630

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 130.4660,
-24.4390, 7.8890

■ 130.4660,
-24.4390, 7.8890

■ 118.9260,
-31.5460, 10.0380

■ 142.0060,
-17.3320, 5.7400

■ 106.7990,
-38.3780, 12.7100

■ 154.1330,
-10.5000, 3.0680

■ 95.2590, -45.4850,
14.8590

■ 165.6730, -3.3930,
0.9190

■ 83.7190, -52.5920,
17.0080

■ 177.2130, 3.7140,
-1.2300

■ 72.1790, -59.6990,
19.1570

■ 188.7530, 10.8210,
-3.3790

■ 59.7530, -67.1270,
21.6170

■ 201.1790, 18.2490,
-5.8390

■ 53.5400, -70.8410,
22.8470

■ 212.7190, 25.3560,
-7.9880

■ 224.2590, 32.4630,
-10.1370

■ 233.0970, 32.7390,
-15.1410

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



125.5730, -41.2180, -1.9060



130.4660, -24.4390, 7.8890



133.9310, -3.5790, 15.3090

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



130.4660, -24.4390, 7.8890



133.1090, 33.6060, 7.7020



124.8800, -17.8780, -17.4140

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



130.4660, -24.4390, 7.8890



152.5340, 24.4390, -7.8890

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



127.5850, 2.0660, -15.4220



130.4660, -24.4390, 7.8890



132.1590, 30.1690, -1.5990

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



130.4660, -24.4390, 7.8890



134.4000, 28.6530, 14.8690



130.4300, 18.8000, -10.3200



122.3540, -36.7680, -16.4800

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



130.4660, -24.4390, 7.8890



134.9280, 9.6710, 17.4710



130.4300, 18.8000, -10.3200



125.7020, -11.5050, -17.2730

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



130.4660, -24.4390, 7.8890



206.6170, -8.9870, 3.1810



150.9650, -28.4230, -19.0390



102.8300, -5.2730, 1.9510



240.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



112.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



130.4660, -24.4390, 7.8890



159.5710, -37.7360, 12.0880



121.4170, -13.5750, 20.2570



80.7870, -3.7140, 1.2300



47.0370, -62.1750, 19.9770



7.3180, -9.5830, 2.9690

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



131.9210, 28.7440, 18.7280



161.7430, 44.2850, 28.9330



161.5830, 13.5750, -20.2570



81.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410



50.6640, 73.0290, 47.6610



7.7890, 11.1400, 7.3640

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 130.4660, -24.4390, 7.8890 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 130.4660, -24.4390, 7.8890 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

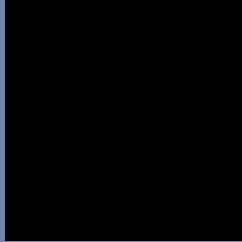
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

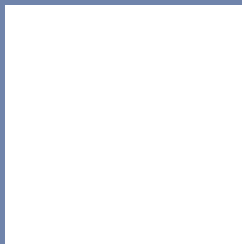
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 130.4660, -24.4390, 7.8890

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 130.4660, -24.4390, 7.8890.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 130.4660, -24.4390,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

130.4660, -24.4390, 7.8890

Protanopia

131.7550, -17.8830, 10.2210

Deuteranopia

131.8090, -17.9750, 11.8890



Tritanopia

128.2840, -21.4110, -2.9390

Trichromacy



Original Color

130.4660, -24.4390, 7.8890

Protanomaly

131.5590, -20.2670, 9.3730

Deuteranomaly

131.2000, -20.6340, 10.5180

Tritanomaly

129.3210, -22.8330, 0.8070

Monochromacy



Original Color

130.4660, -24.4390, 7.8890

Achromatopsia

130.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

130.2040, -9.2620, 2.6580

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 130.4660, -24.4390, 7.8890 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 132, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 132, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 132, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 132, 171) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 130.4660, -24.4390, 7.8890 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 132, 171) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 132, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 132, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 132, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 132, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 132,  
171) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 130.4660, -24.4390, 7.8890 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 132, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
132, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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