

Converting Colors

YIQ(131.0000, 63.0350, 41.5550)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(131.0000, 63.0350, 41.5550)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(131.0000, 63.0350,
41.5550)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | D95784 |
| RGB | 217, 87, 132 |
| RGB Percent | 85%, 34%, 52% |
| CMY | 0.1487, 0.6590, 0.4821 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.60, 0.39, 0.15 |
| HSL | 339°, 63%, 60% |
| HSV | 339°, 60%, 85% |
| XYZ | 36.2132, 23.2399, 24.4266 |
| YIQ | 131.0000, 63.0350, 41.5550 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

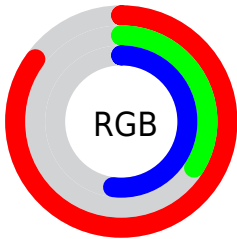
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 217, 87, 132 |
| Decimal | 14243716 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 55.32, 55.07, 1.44 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 55, 55.087, 1.496 |
| Yxy | 23.2399, 0.4317, 0.2771 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4292433796 (0xFFD95784) |
| YUV | 131.0000, 0.4930, 75.4220 |
| Hunter-Lab | 48.2078, 49.7239, 3.7036 |

Details

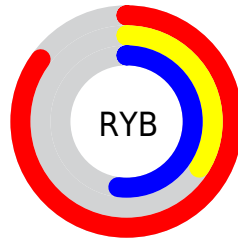
The YIQ color **131.0000, 63.0350, 41.5550** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6699**. The color can be described as middle muted rose. A complement of this color would be **173.0000, -63.0350, -41.5550**, and the grayscale version is **131.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **180.6890, 53.5450, 37.3290**, and **72.5530, 60.1000, 45.1880** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **116.4900, 73.5790, 48.7070**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **145.5100, 52.4910, 34.4030**.

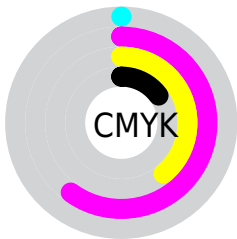
Distribution



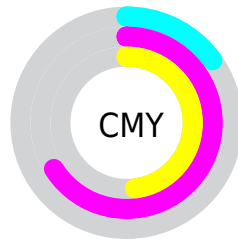
- Red (85%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Black (15%)




- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 131.0000, 63.0350, 41.5550 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 131.0000, 63.0350, 41.5550 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 131.0000, 63.0350,
41.5550


 131.0000, 63.0350,
41.5550


255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000


 102.7440, 60.8800,
42.0640


 180.6890, 53.5450,
37.3290


 72.5530, 60.1000,
45.1880


 200.3170, 36.8570,
31.3930


 45.4110, 57.6240,
46.0080

 220.5320, 19.8940,
24.9340

 34.5310, 47.9980,
33.2300

 239.1510, 7.4250,
14.1210

 23.8790, 37.7300,
21.0740

 13.9820, 26.7740,
10.3740

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 131.0000, 63.0350,
41.5550

■ 131.0000, 63.0350,
41.5550

■ 116.4900, 73.5790,
48.7070

■ 145.5100, 52.4910,
34.4030

■ 102.5670, 83.8480,
55.3360

■ 159.4330, 42.2220,
27.7740

■ 88.0570, 94.3920,
62.4880

■ 174.0570, 31.3570,
20.9330

■ 73.4330, 105.2570,
69.3290

■ 188.5670, 20.8130,
13.7810

■ 202.4900, 10.5440,
7.1520

■ 217.0000, -0.0000,
0.0000

■ 231.5100,
-10.5440, -7.1520

■ 242.6120,
-19.7590, -10.8550

■ 243.6380,
-22.6480, -8.0560

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



135.3400, 30.0230, 45.1190



131.0000, 63.0350, 41.5550



129.1530, 75.0050, 22.8530

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



131.0000, 63.0350, 41.5550



121.5370, 10.0480, -38.9440



112.0870, -110.3110, -10.7510

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



131.0000, 63.0350, 41.5550



173.0000, -63.0350, -41.5550

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



111.6190, -100.7260, -24.7740



131.0000, 63.0350, 41.5550



106.3890, -54.1850, -47.7610

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



131.0000, 63.0350, 41.5550



126.0920, 48.3300, -27.8780



106.1470, -85.3180, -39.7020



106.4110, -110.8630, -0.7430

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



131.0000, 63.0350, 41.5550



129.2320, 72.6240, 5.4240



106.1470, -85.3180, -39.7020



112.1210, -107.6510, -14.9070

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



131.0000, 63.0350, 41.5550



224.5780, 22.2800, 14.7280



127.2350, 8.9300, 58.4500



108.8110, 14.0740, 9.2580



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



131.0000, 63.0350, 41.5550



133.3120, 89.1200, 58.9120



137.0230, 72.2550, 17.6230



102.6310, 5.5930, 3.2650



58.5670, 83.8480, 55.3360



15.5780, 22.2800, 14.7280

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



131.0000, 63.0350, 41.5550



133.3120, 89.1200, 58.9120



166.9770, -72.2550, -17.6230



102.6310, 5.5930, 3.2650



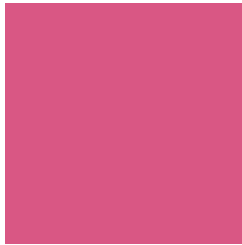
58.5670, 83.8480, 55.3360



15.5780, 22.2800, 14.7280

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 131.0000, 63.0350, 41.5550 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

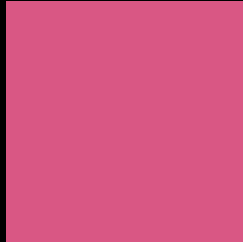
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 131.0000, 63.0350, 41.5550 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 131.0000, 63.0350, 41.5550

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 131.0000, 63.0350, 41.5550.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 131.0000, 63.0350,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

131.0000, 63.0350, 41.5550

Protanopia

133.5830, -11.6470, 7.3370

Deuteranopia

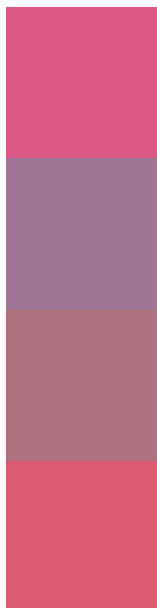
133.7520, 12.5620, 3.6180



Tritanopia

130.2760, 70.4650, 28.0410

Trichromacy



Original Color

131.0000, 63.0350, 41.5550

Protanomaly

132.9180, 15.6310, 19.5910

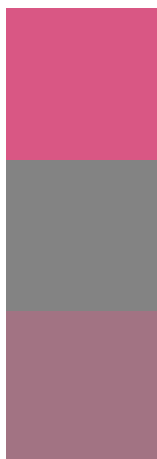
Deuteranomaly

132.6500, 30.9450, 17.3850

Tritanomaly

130.7690, 67.7590, 33.0310

Monochromacy



Original Color

131.0000, 63.0350, 41.5550

Achromatopsia

131.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

130.8770, 22.8760, 14.9400

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 131.0000, 63.0350, 41.5550 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(217, 87, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 87, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 87, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 87, 132) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 131.0000, 63.0350, 41.5550 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 87, 132) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 87, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 87, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(217, 87, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 87, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 87,  
132) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 131.0000, 63.0350, 41.5550 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 87, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217, 87,  
132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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