

# Converting Colors

YIQ(131.6940, 35.6720, -7.7200)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(131.6940, 35.6720, -7.7200)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(131.6940, 35.6720,  
-7.7200)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A17F4F
RGB	161, 127, 79
RGB Percent	63%, 50%, 31%
CMY	0.3686, 0.5020, 0.6900
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.51, 0.37
HSL	35°, 34%, 47%
HSV	35°, 51%, 63%
XYZ	23.7010, 23.3186, 10.6576
YIQ	131.6940, 35.6720, -7.7200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

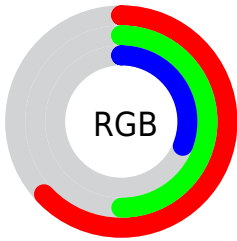
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	137, 161, 79
Decimal	10583887
CIE Lab	55.40, 6.96, 30.93
CIE LCh	55, 31.703, 77.323
Yxy	23.3186, 0.4109, 0.4043
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288773967 (0xFFA17F4F)
YUV	131.6940, -25.9781, 25.7014
Hunter-Lab	48.2894, 3.1037, 20.7171

# Details

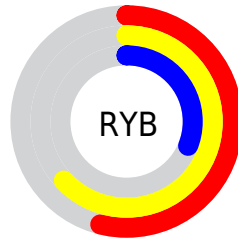
The YIQ color **131.6940, 35.6720, -7.7200** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **108.3060, -35.6720, 7.7200**, and the grayscale version is **132.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **185.5480, 39.0190, -7.8050**, and **81.5410, 31.7290, -7.8470** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **125.7610, 42.7330, -9.0350**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **137.6270, 28.6110, -6.4050**.

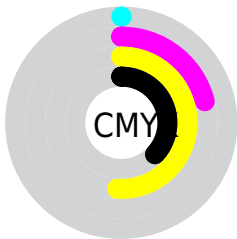
# Distribution



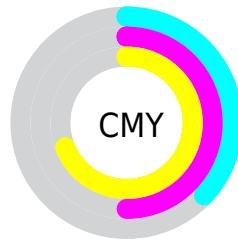
- Red (63%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (69%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 131.6940, 35.6720, -7.7200 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 131.6940, 35.6720, -7.7200 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 131.6940, 35.6720,  
-7.7200

■ 131.6940, 35.6720,  
-7.7200

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 106.2100, 34.1590,  
-7.8330

■ 185.5480, 39.0190,  
-7.8050

■ 81.5410, 31.7290,  
-7.8470

■ 213.0320, 40.5320,  
-7.6920

■ 57.6440, 29.9410,  
-8.4830

■ 234.9380, 28.9330,  
-12.2430

■ 37.0010, 24.6220,  
-5.6980

■ 249.8700, 14.4450,  
-13.9950

■ 17.1990, 15.4970,  
-0.0150

■ 253.1760, 5.1360,  
-4.9760

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 131.6940, 35.6720,  
-7.7200

■ 131.6940, 35.6720,  
-7.7200

■ 125.7610, 42.7330,  
-9.0350

■ 137.6270, 28.6110,  
-6.4050

■ 120.4150, 49.5190,  
-10.8730

■ 142.9730, 21.8250,  
-4.5670

■ 114.4820, 56.5800,  
-12.1880

■ 148.9060, 14.7640,  
-3.2520

■ 108.5490, 63.6410,  
-13.5030

■ 154.8390, 7.7030,  
-1.9370

■ 103.3170, 70.1060,  
-15.0300

■ 160.2990, 0.5960,  
0.2120

■ 166.2320, -6.4650,  
1.5270

■ 172.1650,  
-13.5260, 2.8420

■ 177.5110,

-20.3120, 4.6800

■ 183.4440,  
-27.3730, 5.9950

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



133.3890, 44.3810, 5.1570



131.6940, 35.6720, -7.7200



129.2030, 17.7010, -17.9390

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



131.6940, 35.6720, -7.7200



110.9350, -72.4370, -25.3410



136.4640, 5.4060, 23.1820

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



131.6940, 35.6720, -7.7200



108.3060, -35.6720, 7.7200

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



132.9810, -24.2110, 14.7730



131.6940, 35.6720, -7.7200



110.4040, -83.7630, -18.3150

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



131.6940, 35.6720, -7.7200



120.3010, -38.4170, -25.1450



124.3250, -55.0190, 0.4130



136.4960, 28.7430, 24.2550



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



131.6940, 35.6720, -7.7200



126.8850, 0.9210, -22.2070



124.3250, -55.0190, 0.4130



135.6200, -3.9010, 21.1470

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



131.6940, 35.6720, -7.7200



197.8350, 13.5260, -2.8420



107.3940, 37.9580, 27.9580



98.1380, 8.2990, -1.7250



232.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



131.6940, 35.6720, -7.7200



163.4110, 55.3420, -11.7780



149.5590, 22.1500, -26.9860



78.6260, 3.9890, -0.7070



93.2500, 63.0450, -13.7150



11.2520, 7.9780, -1.4140



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



108.3060, -35.6720, 7.7200



127.0020, -55.0670, 12.3010



90.4410, -22.1500, 26.9860



76.3740, -3.9890, 0.7070



51.7500, -63.0450, 13.7150



6.1610, -7.7030, 1.9370



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 131.6940, 35.6720, -7.7200 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 131.6940, 35.6720, -7.7200 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 131.6940, 35.6720, -7.7200

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 131.6940, 35.6720, -7.7200.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 131.6940, 35.6720, -7.7200.

-7.7200.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

131.6940, 35.6720, -7.7200

### Protanopia

130.6600, 23.8440, -13.6280

### Deuteranopia

131.6940, 35.6720, -7.7200



## Tritanopia

135.4810, 23.9310, 12.3390

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

131.6940, 35.6720, -7.7200

## Protanomaly

131.1660, 28.2910, -11.6210

## Deuteranomaly

131.6940, 35.6720, -7.7200

## Tritanomaly

133.8910, 28.2880, 4.9600

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

131.6940, 35.6720, -7.7200

## Achromatopsia

132.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

131.9490, 13.2050, -2.5310

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 131.6940, 35.6720, -7.7200 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 127, 79)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 127, 79)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 127, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 127, 79) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 131.6940, 35.6720, -7.7200 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 127, 79) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 127, 79) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 127, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 127, 79); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 127, 79);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 127,  
79) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 131.6940, 35.6720, -7.7200 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 127, 79) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
127, 79) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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