

Converting Colors

YIQ(131.9820, 0.4110, 9.0750)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(131.9820, 0.4110, 9.0750)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(131.9820, 0.4110,
9.0750)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8A7E93
RGB	138, 126, 147
RGB Percent	54%, 49%, 58%
CMY	0.4588, 0.5059, 0.4235
CMYK	0.06, 0.14, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	274°, 9%, 54%
HSV	274°, 14%, 58%
XYZ	23.2094, 22.4311, 30.7086
YIQ	131.9820, 0.4110, 9.0750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

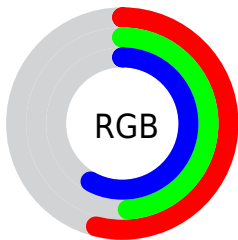
Format	Color
R_{YB}	138, 126, 147
Decimal	9076371
CIE _{Lab}	54.48, 8.72, -9.64
CIE _{LCh}	54, 12.999, 312.138
Yxy	22.4311, 0.3040, 0.2938
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287266451 (0xFF8A7E93)
YUV	131.9820, 7.4039, 5.2778
Hunter-Lab	47.3615, 4.5910, -5.2899

Details

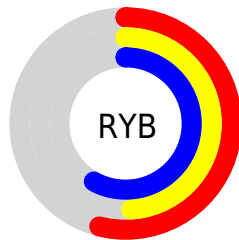
The YIQ color $131.9820, 0.4110, 9.0750$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $141.0180, -0.4110, -9.0750$, and the grayscale version is $132.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $185.0960, 0.0900, 9.3860$, and $82.4550, 0.4570, 8.2410$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $121.3830, 0.9600, 15.6480$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $142.5810, -0.1380, 2.5020$.

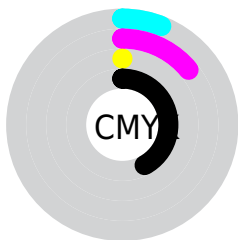
Distribution



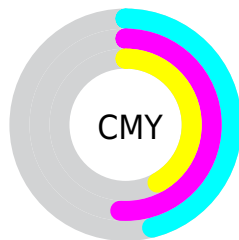
- Red (54%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 131.9820, 0.4110, 9.0750 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 131.9820, 0.4110, 9.0750 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 131.9820, 0.4110,
9.0750

■ 131.9820, 0.4110,
9.0750

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 106.8680, 0.7320,
8.7640

■ 185.3950, 0.6860,
9.5980

■ 82.4550, 0.4570,
8.2410

■ 212.5090, 0.3650,
9.9090

■ 59.4550, 0.4570,
8.2410

■ 240.5800, 1.6030,
9.4990

■ 37.6290, -0.0930,
7.1950

■ 16.0530, 1.6490,
8.6650

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 131.9820, 0.4110,
9.0750

■ 131.9820, 0.4110,
9.0750

■ 121.3830, 0.9600,
15.6480

■ 142.5810, -0.1380,
2.5020

■ 111.0720, 0.6380,
21.4860

■ 152.8920, 0.1840,
-3.3360

■ 100.4730, 1.1870,
28.0590

■ 163.4910, -0.3650,
-9.9090

■ 89.8740, 1.7360,
34.6320

■ 174.0900, -0.9140,
-16.4820

■ 79.2750, 2.2850,
41.2050

■ 184.1020, -1.1880,
-22.5320

■ 68.9640, 1.9630,
47.0430

■ 195.0000, -1.1410,
-28.8930

■ 58.3650, 2.5120,
53.6160

■ 205.5990, -1.6900,
-35.4660


■ 47.7660, 3.0610,

■ 216.1980, -2.2390,

60.1890

-42.0390

 41.8740, 2.8770,
63.5250

 224.7480, -1.0920,
-46.3080

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



130.7140, -10.6380, 5.5700



131.9820, 0.4110, 9.0750



132.3700, 11.0020, 9.8660

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



131.9820, 0.4110, 9.0750



130.6290, 17.1020, -1.5700



126.3070, -20.2180, -8.0420

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



131.9820, 0.4110, 9.0750



141.0180, -0.4110, -9.0750

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



126.7440, -11.3230, -9.5550



131.9820, 0.4110, 9.0750



129.2750, 9.1710, -6.5170

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



131.9820, 0.4110, 9.0750



131.7590, 19.8520, 3.6600



128.0180, -0.4110, -9.0750



126.8600, -23.1530, -4.4090

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



131.9820, 0.4110, 9.0750



132.7680, 15.6330, 8.5370



128.0180, -0.4110, -9.0750



126.4490, -17.7420, -8.8620

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



131.9820, 0.4110, 9.0750



185.9940, 0.1370, 3.0250



133.6770, -9.2160, 1.8240



93.4670, 0.1830, 2.1910



224.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



97.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



131.9820, 0.4110, 9.0750



168.0300, 0.4560, 13.7680



134.5590, 6.0960, 10.6720



68.9940, 0.1370, 3.0250



39.3530, 2.7860, 59.6660



2.9340, 0.3660, 4.3820

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



133.3050, 9.6270, 7.2510



170.1640, 14.5780, 11.1380



138.4410, -6.0960, -10.6720



69.4350, 3.2090, 2.4170



47.9880, 63.3090, 47.6050



3.4460, 4.6760, 3.3640

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 131.9820, 0.4110, 9.0750 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 131.9820, 0.4110, 9.0750 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

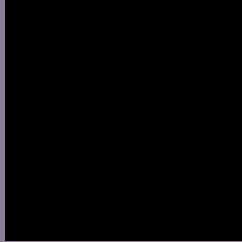
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 131.9820, 0.4110, 9.0750

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 131.9820, 0.4110, 9.0750.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 131.9820, 0.4110,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

131.9820, 0.4110, 9.0750

Protanopia

130.6820, -7.6120, 5.7960

Deuteranopia

131.6720, -1.6520, 7.9160



Tritanopia

131.8310, 2.1540, 5.0180

Trichromacy



Original Color

131.9820, 0.4110, 9.0750

Protanomaly

131.1770, -4.6320, 6.8560

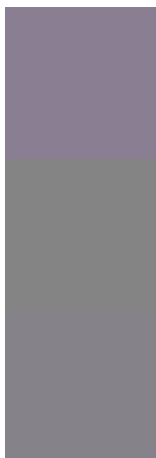
Deuteranomaly

131.9710, -1.0560, 8.1280

Tritanomaly

131.5860, 1.4660, 6.4740

Monochromacy



Original Color

131.9820, 0.4110, 9.0750

Achromatopsia

132.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

131.9940, 0.1370, 3.0250

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 131.9820, 0.4110, 9.0750 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 126, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 126, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 126, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 126, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 131.9820, 0.4110, 9.0750 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 126, 147) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 126, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(138, 126, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 126, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 126, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 126,  
147) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 131.9820, 0.4110, 9.0750 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 126, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138,  
126, 147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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