

Converting Colors

YIQ(132.0780, -8.6670, 8.3970)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(132.0780, -8.6670, 8.3970)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(132.0780, -8.6670,
8.3970)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	81819C
RGB	129, 129, 156
RGB Percent	51%, 51%, 61%
CMY	0.4941, 0.4941, 0.3883
CMYK	0.17, 0.17, 0.00, 0.39
HSL	240°, 12%, 56%
HSV	240°, 17%, 61%
XYZ	22.9037, 22.7678, 34.6337
YIQ	132.0780, -8.6670, 8.3970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

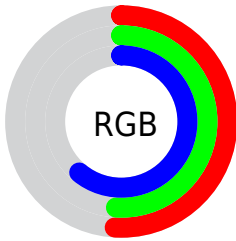
Format	Color
R_{YB}	129, 129, 156
Decimal	8487324
CIE _{Lab}	54.83, 5.83, -14.40
CIE _{LCh}	55, 15.535, 292.044
Yxy	22.7678, 0.2852, 0.2835
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286677404 (0xFF81819C)
YUV	132.0780, 11.7935, -2.6994
Hunter-Lab	47.7156, 2.1785, -9.6338

Details

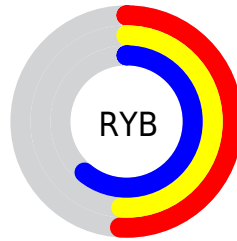
The YIQ color **132.0780, -8.6670, 8.3970** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **152.9220, 8.6670, -8.3970**, and the grayscale version is **132.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **185.3060, -9.3090, 9.0190**, and **82.5510, -8.6210, 7.5630** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **117.9020, -13.8030, 13.3730**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **146.2540, -3.5310, 3.4210**.

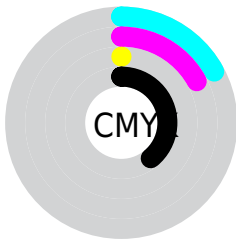
Distribution



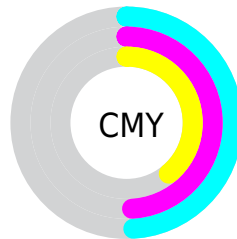
- Red (51%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 132.0780, -8.6670, 8.3970 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 132.0780, -8.6670, 8.3970 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 132.0780, -8.6670,
8.3970

■ 132.0780, -8.6670,
8.3970

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 106.9640, -8.3460,
8.0860

■ 185.3060, -9.3090,
9.0190

■ 82.5510, -8.6210,
7.5630

■ 212.7190, -9.0340,
9.5420

■ 59.4370, -8.3000,
7.2520

■ 239.9380, -5.4570,
5.2870

■ 37.9100, -8.2540,
6.4180

■ 16.5080, -7.0620,
6.8420

■ 2.0690, -4.4480,
3.5200

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 132.0780, -8.6670,
8.3970

■ 132.0780, -8.6670,
8.3970

■ 117.9020,
-13.8030, 13.3730

■ 146.2540, -3.5310,
3.4210

■ 104.6120,
-18.6180, 18.0380

■ 159.5440, 1.2840,
-1.2440

■ 90.4360, -23.7540,
23.0140

■ 173.7200, 6.4200,
-6.2200

■ 77.1460, -28.5690,
27.6790

■ 187.0100, 11.2350,
-10.8850

■ 62.9700, -33.7050,
32.6550

■ 201.1860, 16.3710,
-15.8610

■ 48.7940, -38.8410,
37.6310

■ 215.3620, 21.5070,
-20.8370

■ 35.5040, -43.6560,
42.2960

■ 228.6520, 26.3220,
-25.5020

■ 21.3280, -48.7920,
47.2720

■ 242.8280, 31.4580,
-30.4780

■ 17.7840, -50.0760,
48.5160

■ 243.7140, 31.7790,
-30.7890

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



129.7450, -21.0910, 2.2770



132.0780, -8.6670, 8.3970



133.6020, 4.5370, 11.3930

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



132.0780, -8.6670, 8.3970



132.3740, 22.3740, 2.0060



126.5690, -18.2000, -11.5760

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



132.0780, -8.6670, 8.3970



152.9220, 8.6670, -8.3970

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



128.0990, -5.1330, -11.6050



132.0780, -8.6670, 8.3970



131.0480, 17.2400, -4.0720

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



132.0780, -8.6670, 8.3970



133.0630, 22.0520, 7.8440



129.3240, 7.4750, -8.8210



126.0720, -26.8660, -8.7060

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



132.0780, -8.6670, 8.3970



133.9080, 12.4230, 11.6470



129.3240, 7.4750, -8.8210



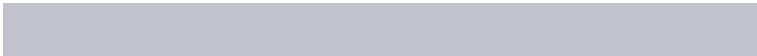
126.6080, -13.9360, -11.7600

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



132.0780, -8.6670, 8.3970



195.1400, -3.2100, 3.1100



147.9270, -16.0920, -5.7240



96.6840, -1.9260, 1.8660



230.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



102.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



132.0780, -8.6670, 8.3970



165.9020, -13.8030, 13.3730



135.9650, -0.9190, 11.1530



71.9120, -2.5680, 2.4880



16.3020, -45.9030, 44.4730



1.7100, -4.8150, 4.6650

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



140.1510, 7.4250, 14.1210



178.7590, 11.8250, 22.4890



148.7360, 0.3230, -11.3650



74.3040, 2.2000, 4.1840



59.0590, 39.3250, 74.7890



6.1950, 4.1250, 7.8450

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 132.0780, -8.6670, 8.3970 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

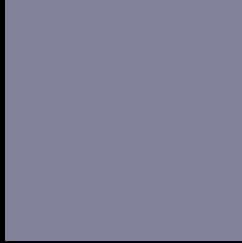
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 132.0780, -8.6670, 8.3970 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

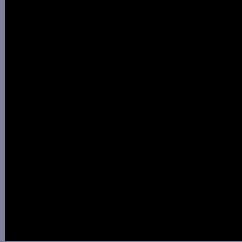
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 132.0780, -8.6670, 8.3970

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 132.0780, -8.6670, 8.3970.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 132.0780, -8.6670,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

132.0780, -8.6670, 8.3970

Protanopia

131.8820, -11.0510, 7.5490

Deuteranopia

132.3880, -6.6040, 9.5560



Tritanopia

130.7590, -6.5110, 2.3610

Trichromacy



Original Color

132.0780, -8.6670, 8.3970

Protanomaly

132.1810, -10.4550, 7.7610

Deuteranomaly

132.0890, -7.2000, 9.3440

Tritanomaly

131.0410, -7.2450, 4.6510

Monochromacy



Original Color

132.0780, -8.6670, 8.3970

Achromatopsia

132.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

132.1400, -3.2100, 3.1100

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 132.0780, -8.6670, 8.3970 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 129, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 129, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 129, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 129, 156) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 132.0780, -8.6670, 8.3970 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 129, 156) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 129, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(129, 129, 156)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 129, 156); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 129, 156); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 129, 156) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 132.0780, -8.6670, 8.3970 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 129, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129,  
129, 156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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