

Converting Colors

YIQ(132.5060, -57.4470,
-10.6550)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(132.5060, -57.4470, -10.6550)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(132.5060, -57.4470,
-10.6550)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	479BB2
RGB	71, 155, 178
RGB Percent	28%, 61%, 70%
CMY	0.7217, 0.3920, 0.3022
CMYK	0.60, 0.13, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	193°, 43%, 49%
HSV	193°, 60%, 70%
XYZ	22.3519, 28.0041, 46.3138
YIQ	132.5060, -57.4470, -10.6550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

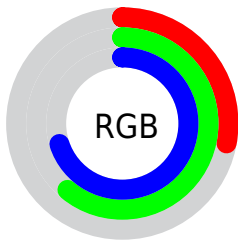
Format	Color
R_{YB}	71, 118, 178
Decimal	4692914
CIE _{Lab}	59.89, -18.50, -19.56
CIE _{LCh}	60, 26.924, 226.599
Yxy	28.0041, 0.2312, 0.2897
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282882994 (0xFF479BB2)
YUV	132.5060, 22.4285, -53.9408
Hunter-Lab	52.9189, -17.2133, -14.8464

Details

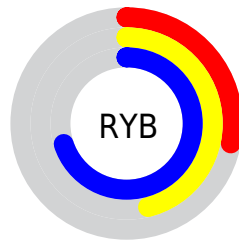
The YIQ color **132.5060, -57.4470, -10.6550** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **116.4940, 57.4470, 10.6550**, and the grayscale version is **132.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **188.5170, -55.9800, -9.7080**, and **75.2980, -68.7250, -15.5170** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **124.7760, -67.0750, -12.3790**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **140.2360, -47.8190, -8.9310**.

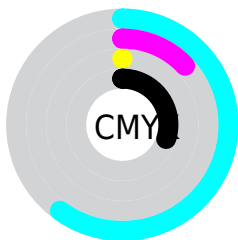
Distribution



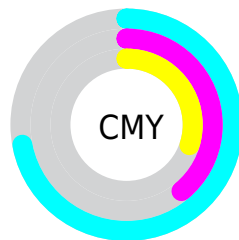
- Red (28%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (28%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (72%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 132.5060, -57.4470, -10.6550 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 132.5060, -57.4470, -10.6550 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 132.5060,
-57.4470, -10.6550

■ 132.5060,
-57.4470, -10.6550

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 104.2990,
-61.2980, -12.4500

■ 188.5170,
-55.9800, -9.7080

■ 75.2980, -68.7250,
-15.5170

■ 216.0180,
-53.1370, -11.6730

■ 57.7730, -53.8250,
-10.2170

■ 234.3690,
-41.1240, -14.6280

■ 41.5360, -39.7960,
-5.6520

■ 243.3390,
-23.2440, -8.2680

■ 26.5870, -26.6380,
-1.8220

■ 252.0100, -5.9600,
-2.1200

■ 4.9360, -11.1430,
9.2170

■ 0.5700, -1.6050,

1.5550

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 132.5060,
-57.4470, -10.6550

■ 132.5060,
-57.4470, -10.6550

■ 124.7760,
-67.0750, -12.3790

■ 140.2360,
-47.8190, -8.9310

■ 117.0460,
-76.7030, -14.1030

■ 147.9660,
-38.1910, -7.2070

■ 110.2020,
-86.0100, -16.1380

■ 154.8100,
-28.8840, -5.1720

■ 102.4720,
-95.6380, -17.8620

■ 162.5400,
-19.2560, -3.4480

■ 170.2700, -9.6280,
-1.7240

■ 178.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 185.7300, 9.6280,
1.7240

■ 193.1610, 18.6600,
3.2360

■ 200.3040, 28.5630,
5.4830

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



131.2860, -51.2560, -18.2320



132.5060, -57.4470, -10.6550



138.7130, -44.4280, 1.2040

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



132.5060, -57.4470, -10.6550



147.9360, 24.3880, 20.5800



141.7130, 16.3250, -15.0270

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



132.5060, -57.4470, -10.6550



116.4940, 57.4470, 10.6550

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



143.7090, 31.3160, -5.8680



132.5060, -57.4470, -10.6550



147.0050, 37.1350, 15.3350

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



132.5060, -57.4470, -10.6550



147.8720, 4.0770, 19.7330



145.7520, 38.9250, 4.9170



138.6440, -5.5900, -19.8460

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



132.5060, -57.4470, -10.6550



143.0680, -29.0700, 9.2180



145.7520, 38.9250, 4.9170



142.8170, 21.9640, -12.5960

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



132.5060, -57.4470, -10.6550



214.1590, -22.5570, -4.1970



136.2030, -36.1660, -49.4300



106.2910, -14.1210, -2.8970



245.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



117.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



132.5060, -57.4470, -10.6550



160.9350, -89.6320, -16.5760



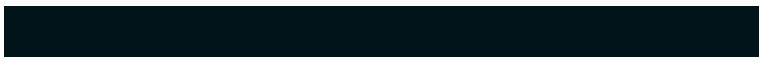
101.9820, -43.1470, 16.5410



85.1350, -4.8140, -0.8620



87.8820, -82.1130, -15.1770



14.7040, -13.8460, -2.3740

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



112.5690, 36.8080, 48.8080



129.8670, 57.4810, 76.1450



147.0180, 43.1470, -16.5410



83.4890, 3.1170, 4.0850



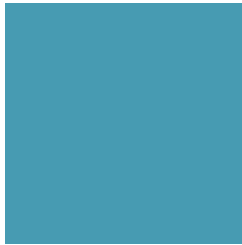
59.4270, 52.6680, 69.7560



10.0540, 9.0760, 11.7320

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 132.5060, -57.4470, -10.6550 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

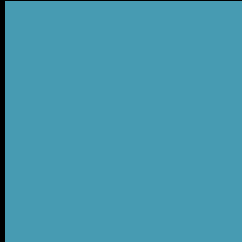
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 132.5060, -57.4470, -10.6550 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

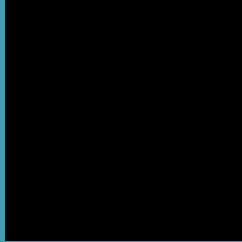
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 132.5060, -57.4470, -10.6550 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 132.5060, -57.4470, -10.6550.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 132.5060, -57.4470, -10.6550.

-10.6550.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

132.5060, -57.4470, -10.6550

Protanopia

143.8820, -11.0510, 7.5490

Deuteranopia

144.6630, -14.6280, 11.8040



Tritanopia

131.4580, -57.4920, -15.3480

Trichromacy



Original Color

132.5060, -57.4470, -10.6550

Protanomaly

139.9830, -27.6930, 0.7790

Deuteranomaly

140.3080, -29.9860, 3.7900

Tritanomaly

131.5120, -57.5840, -13.6800

Monochromacy



Original Color

132.5060, -57.4470, -10.6550

Achromatopsia

133.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

132.6430, -21.0440, -4.0840

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 132.5060, -57.4470, -10.6550 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(71, 155, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(71, 155, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 155, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(71, 155, 178) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 132.5060, -57.4470, -10.6550 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(71, 155, 178) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(71, 155, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(71, 155, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(71, 155, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 155, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 155,  
178) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 132.5060, -57.4470, -10.6550 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(71, 155, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(71, 155,  
178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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