

# Converting Colors

YIQ(132.5840, 22.1430, 11.7030)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(132.5840, 22.1430, 11.7030)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(132.5840, 22.1430,  
11.7030)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A17780
RGB	161, 119, 128
RGB Percent	63%, 47%, 50%
CMY	0.3685, 0.5334, 0.4980
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.20, 0.37
HSL	347°, 18%, 55%
HSV	347°, 26%, 63%
XYZ	25.1957, 22.3284, 23.4110
YIQ	132.5840, 22.1430, 11.7030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

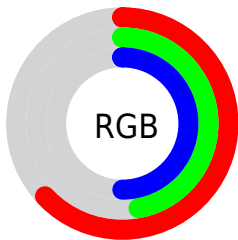
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	161, 119, 128
Decimal	10581888
CIELab	54.37, 17.86, 1.52
CIElCh	54, 17.923, 4.857
Yxy	22.3284, 0.3552, 0.3148
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288771968 (0xFFA17780)
YUV	132.5840, -2.2599, 24.9208
Hunter-Lab	47.2529, 12.4854, 3.7023

# Details

The YIQ color **132.5840, 22.1430, 11.7030** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **147.4160, -22.1430, -11.7030**, and the grayscale version is **133.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **185.5950, 23.6100, 12.6500**, and **82.6870, 20.3550, 11.0670** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **121.7100, 30.7160, 16.0280**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **143.4580, 13.5700, 7.3780**.

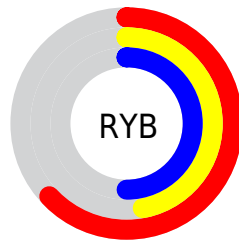
# Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (47%)

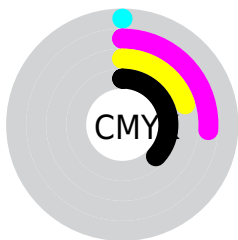
Blue (50%)



Red (63%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (50%)

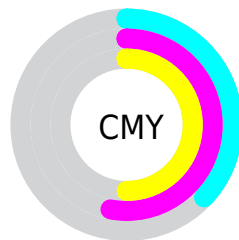


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (50%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 132.5840, 22.1430, 11.7030 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 132.5840, 22.1430, 11.7030 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 132.5840, 22.1430,  
11.7030

■ 132.5840, 22.1430,  
11.7030

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 106.9860, 20.9510,  
11.2790

■ 185.5950, 23.6100,  
12.6500

■ 82.6870, 20.3550,  
11.0670

■ 213.7800, 24.5270,  
12.5510

■ 59.0890, 19.1630,  
10.6430

■ 236.5120, 13.4780,  
9.0460

■ 37.1920, 17.3750,  
10.0070

■ 14.0180, 17.9250,  
11.0530

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 132.5840, 22.1430,  
11.7030

■ 132.5840, 22.1430,  
11.7030

■ 121.7100, 30.7160,  
16.0280

■ 143.4580, 13.5700,  
7.3780

■ 110.9500, 38.9680,  
20.6640

■ 154.2180, 5.3180,  
2.7420

■ 100.0760, 47.5410,  
24.9890

■ 165.0920, -3.2550,  
-1.5830

■ 89.2020, 56.1140,  
29.3140

■ 175.9660,  
-11.8280, -5.9080

■ 77.8550, 64.6410,  
34.4730

■ 187.3130,  
-20.3550, -11.0670

■ 66.9810, 73.2140,  
38.7980

■ 198.1870,  
-28.9280, -15.3920

■ 56.2210, 81.4660,  
43.4340


■ 209.0610,  
-37.5010, -19.7170

■ 52.1290, 84.7210,

■ 219.8210,

45.0170

-45.7530, -24.3530

 225.4120,  
-51.8510, -23.9710

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



132.7770, 11.4140, 13.4140



132.5840, 22.1430, 11.7030



132.0480, 26.4080, 5.9920

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



132.5840, 22.1430, 11.7030



126.9920, 2.4780, -11.8740



125.9610, -30.6270, -1.1150

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



132.5840, 22.1430, 11.7030



147.4160, -22.1430, -11.7030

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



123.7770, -33.2850, -8.0130



132.5840, 22.1430, 11.7030



125.6250, -12.6060, -13.8380

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



132.5840, 22.1430, 11.7030



129.1570, 15.3150, -7.7330



123.8500, -26.3610, -12.3530



129.6360, -19.1660, 5.9380



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



132.5840, 22.1430, 11.7030



130.8150, 25.4460, 1.3980



123.8500, -26.3610, -12.3530



125.0100, -32.3230, -3.4190

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



132.5840, 22.1430, 11.7030



197.5390, 8.8480, 4.8480



133.6550, 6.1860, 20.0580



97.5170, 5.9140, 2.9540



232.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



132.5840, 22.1430, 11.7030



165.0310, 34.2460, 18.1340



138.6020, 21.7320, 2.6280



75.9190, 4.7220, 2.5300



46.8890, 76.4690, 40.3810



5.8380, 9.4440, 5.0600



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



132.5840, 22.1430, 11.7030



165.0310, 34.2460, 18.1340



141.3980, -21.7320, -2.6280



75.9190, 4.7220, 2.5300



46.8890, 76.4690, 40.3810

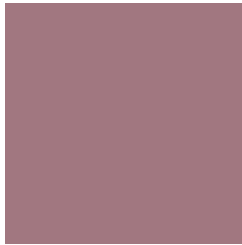


5.8380, 9.4440, 5.0600



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 132.5840, 22.1430, 11.7030 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 132.5840, 22.1430, 11.7030 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

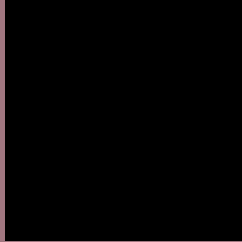
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 132.5840, 22.1430, 11.7030

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 132.5840, 22.1430, 11.7030.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 132.5840, 22.1430,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

132.5840, 22.1430, 11.7030

### Protanopia

130.7550, -0.6880, 1.4560

### Deuteranopia

131.4960, 10.4070, 4.1270



## Tritanopia

132.5840, 22.1430, 11.7030

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

132.5840, 22.1430, 11.7030

## Protanomaly

131.4680, 7.6100, 5.2580

## Deuteranomaly

131.5290, 14.8080, 6.9680

## Tritanomaly

132.5840, 22.1430, 11.7030

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

132.5840, 22.1430, 11.7030

## Achromatopsia

133.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

132.8270, 7.9770, 4.1130

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 132.5840, 22.1430, 11.7030 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 119, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 119, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 119, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 119, 128) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 132.5840, 22.1430, 11.7030 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 119, 128) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 119, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 119, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 119, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 119, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 119,  
128) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 132.5840, 22.1430, 11.7030 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 119, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
119, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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