

Converting Colors

YIQ(133.0470, -16.5500,
-8.4380)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(133.0470, -16.5500, -8.4380)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(133.0470, -16.5500,
-8.4380)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	708F89
RGB	112, 143, 137
RGB Percent	44%, 56%, 54%
CMY	0.5609, 0.4392, 0.4628
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.04, 0.44
HSL	168°, 12%, 50%
HSV	168°, 22%, 56%
XYZ	21.0182, 24.8980, 27.3591
YIQ	133.0470, -16.5500, -8.4380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

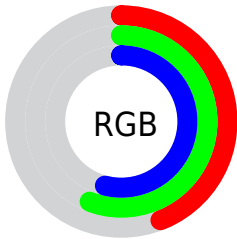
Format	Color
R_{YB}	112, 129, 143
Decimal	7376777
CIE _{Lab}	56.98, -12.19, -0.38
CIE _{LCh}	57, 12.198, 181.807
Yxy	24.8980, 0.2868, 0.3398
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285566857 (0xFF708F89)
YUV	133.0470, 1.9488, -18.4582
Hunter-Lab	49.8979, -12.1326, 2.4197

Details

The YIQ color $133.0470, -16.5500, -8.4380$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $121.9530, 16.5500, 8.4380$, and the grayscale version is $133.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $186.3350, -17.4210, -9.1730$, and $83.3460, -15.9540, -8.2260$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $128.5190, -23.9310, -12.3390$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $137.5750, -9.1690, -4.5370$.

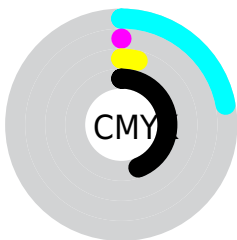
Distribution



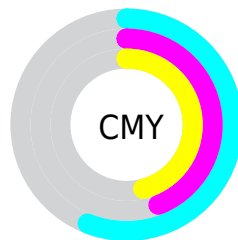
- Red (44%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 133.0470, -16.5500, -8.4380 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 133.0470, -16.5500, -8.4380 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 133.0470,
-16.5500, -8.4380

■ 133.0470,
-16.5500, -8.4380

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 107.4600,
-16.2750, -7.9150

■ 186.3350,
-17.4210, -9.1730

■ 83.3460, -15.9540,
-8.2260

■ 214.3350,
-17.4210, -9.1730

■ 59.7590, -15.6790,
-7.7030

■ 242.4490,
-17.7420, -8.8620

■ 37.7590, -15.6790,
-7.7030

■ 252.9070, -4.1720,
-1.4840

■ 17.7700, -14.2120,
-6.7560

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 133.0470,
-16.5500, -8.4380

■ 133.0470,
-16.5500, -8.4380

■ 128.5190,
-23.9310, -12.3390

■ 137.5750, -9.1690,
-4.5370

■ 123.6920,
-31.9080, -16.4520

■ 142.4020, -1.1920,
-0.4240

■ 119.2780,
-39.6100, -20.0420

■ 146.8160, 6.5100,
3.1660

■ 114.7500,
-46.9910, -23.9430

■ 151.3440, 13.8910,
7.0670

■ 109.9230,
-54.9680, -28.0560

■ 155.8720, 21.2720,
10.9680

■ 105.3950,
-62.3490, -31.9570

■ 160.6990, 29.2490,
15.0810

■ 100.9810,
-70.0510, -35.5470

■ 165.1130, 36.9510,
18.6710

■ 97.0510, -76.2400,

■ 169.6410, 44.3320,

-39.0240

22.5720

■ 174.4680, 52.3090,
26.6850

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



133.8970, -7.3800, -9.4280



133.0470, -16.5500, -8.4380



133.2900, -21.5480, -5.9640

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



133.0470, -16.5500, -8.4380



138.1880, -3.1650, 7.8030



137.5690, 17.3310, -0.2130

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



133.0470, -16.5500, -8.4380



121.9530, 16.5500, 8.4380

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



138.2150, 18.5680, 4.9040



133.0470, -16.5500, -8.4380



138.8040, 6.7840, 9.2160

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



133.0470, -16.5500, -8.4380



136.1050, -13.2970, 4.1990



138.4690, 15.0370, 8.3250



136.4110, 11.7840, -4.3120

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



133.0470, -16.5500, -8.4380



133.6970, -21.1360, -2.4160



138.4690, 15.0370, 8.3250



137.8080, 18.1560, 1.3560

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



133.0470, -16.5500, -8.4380



181.8850, -7.1060, -3.3780



131.9910, -4.9490, -14.9410



91.7930, -3.8510, -1.7950



222.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



133.0470, -16.5500, -8.4380



170.6220, -25.7190, -12.9750



128.4480, -16.0010, -1.8650



68.7930, -3.8510, -1.7950



91.6710, -72.1140, -36.7060



5.3800, -4.1260, -2.3180

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



121.9530, 16.5500, 8.4380



153.3780, 25.7190, 12.9750



126.5520, 16.0010, 1.8650



66.3210, 3.5300, 2.1060



43.3290, 72.1140, 36.7060



2.5060, 4.4470, 2.0070

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 133.0470, -16.5500, -8.4380 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 133.0470, -16.5500, -8.4380 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

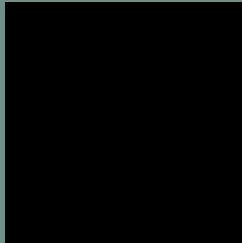
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

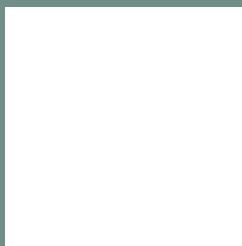
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 133.0470, -16.5500, -8.4380

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 133.0470, -16.5500, -8.4380.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 133.0470, -16.5500, -8.4380.

-8.4380.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

133.0470, -16.5500, -8.4380

Protanopia

136.8540, 3.3470, -0.0850

Deuteranopia

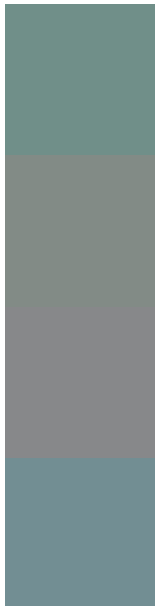
137.5820, 7.2890, 5.5690



Tritanopia

134.4800, -19.0270, -2.0910

Trichromacy



Original Color

133.0470, -16.5500, -8.4380

Protanomaly

135.7390, -3.7590, -3.4630

Deuteranomaly

135.9290, -1.2380, 0.4100

Tritanomaly

134.1980, -18.2930, -4.3810

Monochromacy



Original Color

133.0470, -16.5500, -8.4380

Achromatopsia

133.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

133.0700, -6.1890, -3.4770

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 133.0470, -16.5500, -8.4380 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 143, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 143, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 143, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 143, 137) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 133.0470, -16.5500, -8.4380 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 143, 137) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 143, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 143, 137)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 143, 137); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 143, 137);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 143,  
137) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 133.0470, -16.5500, -8.4380 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 143, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
143, 137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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