

Converting Colors

YIQ(133.8020, 35.4880, -4.3840)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(133.8020, 35.4880, -4.3840)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(133.8020, 35.4880,
-4.3840)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | A57F57 |
| RGB | 165, 127, 87 |
| RGB Percent | 65%, 50%, 34% |
| CMY | 0.3529, 0.5020, 0.6586 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.23, 0.47, 0.35 |
| HSL | 31°, 31%, 49% |
| HSV | 31°, 47%, 65% |
| XYZ | 24.8299, 23.8646, 12.3239 |
| YIQ | 133.8020, 35.4880, -4.3840 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

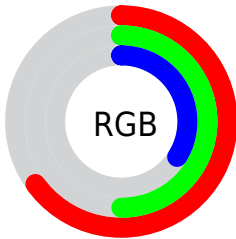
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 161, 165, 87 |
| Decimal | 10846039 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 55.95, 9.49, 27.31 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 56, 28.914, 70.832 |
| Yxy | 23.8646, 0.4069, 0.3911 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4289036119 (0xFFA57F57) |
| YUV | 133.8020, -23.0734, 27.3606 |
| Hunter-Lab | 48.8514, 5.2372, 19.2387 |

Details

The YIQ color **133.8020, 35.4880, -4.3840** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **118.1980, -35.4880, 4.3840**, and the grayscale version is **134.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **187.6560, 38.8350, -4.4690**, and **83.6490, 31.5450, -4.5110** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **127.2820, 42.8240, -5.1760**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **140.4360, 27.8310, -3.2810**.

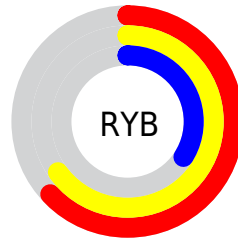
Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (50%)

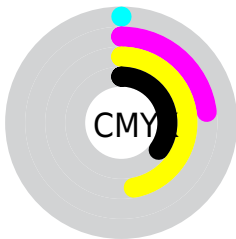
Blue (34%)



Red (63%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (34%)

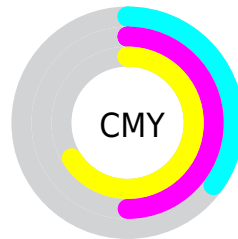


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (47%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (35%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 133.8020, 35.4880, -4.3840 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 133.8020, 35.4880, -4.3840 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 133.8020, 35.4880,
-4.3840

■ 133.8020, 35.4880,
-4.3840

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 108.3180, 33.9750,
-4.4970

■ 187.6560, 38.8350,
-4.4690

■ 83.6490, 31.5450,
-4.5110

■ 215.2540, 40.0270,
-4.0450

■ 59.8660, 29.4360,
-4.8360

■ 235.9640, 26.0440,
-9.4440

■ 38.1970, 27.0060,
-4.8500

■ 250.8960, 11.5560,
-11.1960

■ 18.3950, 17.8810,
0.8330

■ 254.2020, 2.2470,
-2.1770

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 133.8020, 35.4880,
-4.3840

■ 133.8020, 35.4880,
-4.3840

■ 127.2820, 42.8240,
-5.1760

■ 140.4360, 27.8310,
-3.2810

■ 120.6480, 50.4810,
-6.2790

■ 146.9560, 20.4950,
-2.4890

■ 114.1280, 57.8170,
-7.0710

■ 153.5900, 12.8380,
-1.3860

■ 107.4940, 65.4740,
-8.1740

■ 160.1100, 5.5020,
-0.5940

■ 100.9740, 72.8100,
-8.9660

■ 166.7440, -2.1550,
0.5090

■ 99.2300, 74.9650,
-9.4750

■ 173.2640, -9.4910,
1.3010

■ 179.8980,
-17.1480, 2.4040

■ 186.4180,

-24.4840, 3.1960

■ 193.0520,
-32.1410, 4.2990

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



135.3010, 41.8130, 7.6450



133.8020, 35.4880, -4.3840



131.2790, 20.5430, -14.3770

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



133.8020, 35.4880, -4.3840



119.3240, -54.4190, -21.4830



136.9470, -0.5080, 20.2280

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



133.8020, 35.4880, -4.3840



118.1980, -35.4880, 4.3840

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



133.0190, -27.3740, 11.5220



133.8020, 35.4880, -4.3840



117.7820, -67.2120, -15.4040

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



133.8020, 35.4880, -4.3840



124.1560, -27.6430, -22.1630



125.2280, -53.3680, -1.9760



137.6200, 22.4620, 22.4460

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



133.8020, 35.4880, -4.3840



129.5160, 6.5140, -18.9420



125.2280, -53.3680, -1.9760



135.9890, -9.4940, 17.8820

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



133.8020, 35.4880, -4.3840



202.3620, 13.4800, -2.0080



114.7680, 33.9690, 28.6650



99.6650, 8.2530, -0.8910



235.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



107.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



133.8020, 35.4880, -4.3840



165.4590, 55.3870, -7.0850



156.1080, 25.0380, -24.2580



78.6260, 3.9890, -0.7070



86.7930, 66.0700, -7.9620



10.6650, 8.2530, -0.8910

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



118.1980, -35.4880, 4.3840



141.1280, -55.6620, 6.5620



95.8920, -25.0380, 24.2580



76.3740, -3.9890, 0.7070



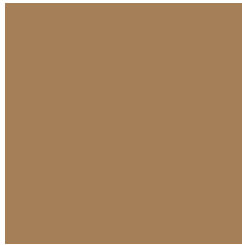
58.2070, -66.0700, 7.9620



7.3350, -8.2530, 0.8910

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 133.8020, 35.4880, -4.3840 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

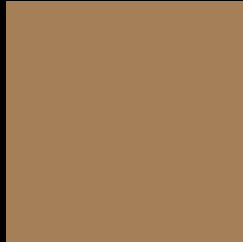
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 133.8020, 35.4880, -4.3840 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

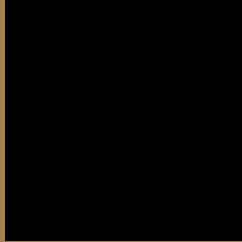
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 133.8020, 35.4880, -4.3840

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 133.8020, 35.4880, -4.3840.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 133.8020, 35.4880, -4.3840.

-4.3840.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

133.8020, 35.4880, -4.3840

Protanopia

132.5720, 21.2760, -11.1400

Deuteranopia

133.4920, 33.4250, -5.5430



Tritanopia

136.4920, 25.3980, 13.2860

Trichromacy



Original Color

133.8020, 35.4880, -4.3840

Protanomaly

132.7900, 26.5940, -8.3980

Deuteranomaly

133.7910, 34.0210, -5.3310

Tritanomaly

135.5430, 29.3880, 7.0520

Monochromacy



Original Color

133.8020, 35.4880, -4.3840

Achromatopsia

134.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

133.5900, 12.8380, -1.3860

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 133.8020, 35.4880, -4.3840 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(165, 127, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(165, 127, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 127, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(165, 127, 87) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 133.8020, 35.4880, -4.3840 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(165, 127, 87) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(165, 127, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(165, 127, 87)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(165, 127, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 127, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 127,  
87) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 133.8020, 35.4880, -4.3840 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(165, 127, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(165,  
127, 87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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