

Converting Colors

YIQ(133.8400, -117.8260,
-34.2580)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(133.8400, -117.8260, -34.2580)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(133.8400, -117.8260,
-34.2580)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00BCCE
RGB	0, 188, 206
RGB Percent	0%, 74%, 81%
CMY	0.9998, 0.2624, 0.1926
CMYK	1.00, 0.09, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	185°, 100%, 40%
HSV	185°, 100%, 81%
XYZ	29.1258, 40.4505, 64.5870
YIQ	133.8400, -117.8260, -34.2580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

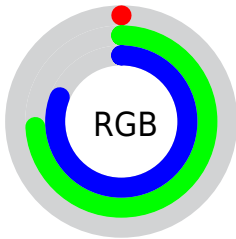
Format	Color
RYB	0, 98, 206
Decimal	48334
CIELab	69.79, -32.69, -20.13
CIELCh	70, 38.390, 211.629
Yxy	40.4505, 0.2171, 0.3015
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278238414 (0xFF00BCCE)
YUV	133.8400, 35.5749, -117.3777
Hunter-Lab	63.6007, -29.5576, -15.6889

Details

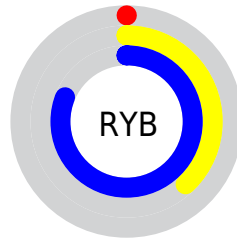
The YIQ color **133.8400, -117.8260, -34.2580** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCCC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **72.1600, 117.8260, 34.2580**, and the grayscale version is **134.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **203.9810, -87.2460, -26.7820**, and **95.9860, -85.6420, -22.8100** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **133.8400, -117.8260, -34.2580**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **141.2930, -105.8600, -30.8520**.

Distribution



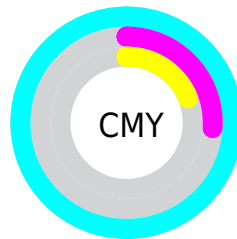
- Red (0%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 133.8400, -117.8260, -34.2580 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 133.8400, -117.8260, -34.2580 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 133.8400,
-117.8260, -34.2580

■ 133.8400,
-117.8260, -34.2580

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 114.7990,
-101.4130, -28.8450

■ 203.9810,
-87.2460, -26.7820

■ 95.9860, -85.6420,
-22.8100

■ 219.7180,
-70.3280, -25.0160

■ 78.3470, -70.4210,
-17.8210

■ 229.2860,
-51.2560, -18.2320

■ 60.8220, -55.5210,
-12.5210

■ 238.5550,
-32.7800, -11.6600

■ 43.9980, -41.2170,
-7.4330

■ 247.8240,
-14.3040, -5.0880

■ 29.0490, -28.0590,
-3.6030

■ 4.9360, -11.1430,

9.2170

■ 0.6840, -1.9260,
1.8660

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 133.8400,
-117.8260, -34.2580

■ 141.2930,
-105.8600, -30.8520

■ 148.4470,
-94.4900, -27.6580

■ 155.3130,
-82.2490, -23.7290

■ 162.4670,
-70.8790, -20.5350

■ 169.9200,
-58.9130, -17.1290

■ 177.3730,
-46.9470, -13.7230

■ 184.5270,
-35.5770, -10.5290

■ 191.3930,
-23.3360, -6.6000

■ 198.5470,
-11.9660, -3.4060

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



149.5730, -68.7220, -32.0980



133.8400, -117.8260, -34.2580



151.0970, -89.9080, -11.5720

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



133.8400, -117.8260, -34.2580



175.3030, 22.2770, 31.3090



167.7120, 35.2610, -16.7950

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



133.8400, -117.8260, -34.2580



72.1600, 117.8260, 34.2580

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



170.4790, 52.6350, -1.2610



133.8400, -117.8260, -34.2580



173.8850, 46.7610, 28.1130

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



133.8400, -117.8260, -34.2580



173.6500, -12.6130, 24.8510



172.6560, 57.1710, 15.6590



163.9580, 7.8450, -26.5470

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



133.8400, -117.8260, -34.2580



161.6430, -64.6020, 3.3820



172.6560, 57.1710, 15.6590



168.7670, 42.5960, -12.0600

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



133.8400, -117.8260, -34.2580



228.1670, -43.3710, -12.4510



122.8600, -62.1070, -102.4510



111.8980, -26.3160, -7.6600



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



133.8400, -117.8260, -34.2580



165.8410, -145.9300, -42.5540



73.9660, -89.7760, 19.0880



98.4230, -5.6850, -1.5970



107.5610, -94.8110, -27.3470



24.8770, -21.8230, -6.4870

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.0260, 62.4280, 102.1400



102.8070, 77.1870, 126.5230



132.0340, 89.7760, -19.0880



96.0160, 3.0710, 4.9190



66.8480, 50.4650, 82.1530



15.3520, 11.4130, 18.9410

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 133.8400, -117.8260, -34.2580 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 133.8400, -117.8260, -34.2580 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

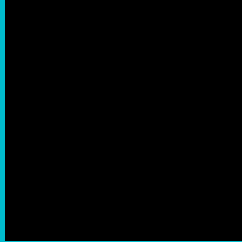
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

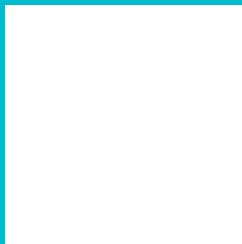
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 133.8400, -117.8260, -34.2580 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 133.8400, -117.8260, -34.2580.



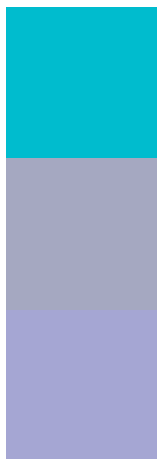
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 133.8400, -117.8260, -34.2580.

-34.2580.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

133.8400, -117.8260, -34.2580

Protanopia

169.9530, -9.8130, 7.1390

Deuteranopia

170.8310, -15.0410, 13.7830



Tritanopia

133.6120, -117.1840, -34.8800

Trichromacy



Original Color

133.8400, -117.8260, -34.2580

Protanomaly

156.6920, -49.1030, -7.6870

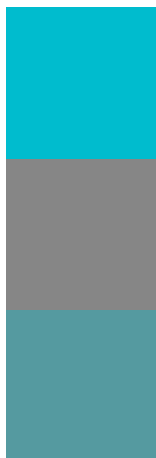
Deuteranomaly

157.3590, -52.3590, -3.7430

Tritanomaly

133.7260, -117.5050, -34.5690

Monochromacy



Original Color

133.8400, -117.8260, -34.2580

Achromatopsia

134.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

134.0530, -43.0500, -12.7620

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 133.8400, -117.8260, -34.2580 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 188, 206)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 188, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 188, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 188, 206) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 133.8400, -117.8260, -34.2580 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 188, 206) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 188, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 188, 206)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 188, 206); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 188, 206);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 188,  
206) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 133.8400, -117.8260, -34.2580 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 188, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 188,  
206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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