

# Converting Colors

YIQ(134.8580, 33.0550, 12.1830)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(134.8580, 33.0550, 12.1830)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(134.8580, 33.0550,  
12.1830)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	AE7677
RGB	174, 118, 119
RGB Percent	68%, 46%, 47%
CMY	0.3175, 0.5373, 0.5332
CMYK	0.00, 0.32, 0.32, 0.32
HSL	359°, 26%, 57%
HSV	359°, 32%, 68%
XYZ	27.2706, 23.2866, 20.5207
YIQ	134.8580, 33.0550, 12.1830

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

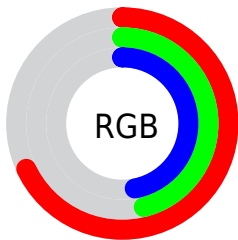
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	174, 118, 119
Decimal	11433591
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	55.37, 22.16, 8.38
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	55, 23.695, 20.706
Yxy	23.2866, 0.3837, 0.3276
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289623671 (0xFFAE7677)
YUV	134.8580, -7.8180, 34.3275
Hunter-Lab	48.2562, 16.4257, 8.5666

# Details

The YIQ color **134.8580, 33.0550, 12.1830** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **157.1420, -33.0550, -12.1830**, and the grayscale version is **135.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **188.9400, 35.7600, 12.7200**, and **84.4770, 29.7540, 11.4340** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **122.9410, 43.1870, 15.7870**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **146.7750, 22.9230, 8.5790**.

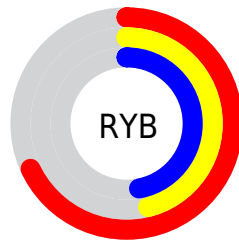
# Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (46%)

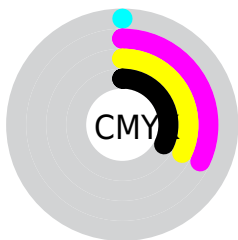
Blue (47%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (47%)

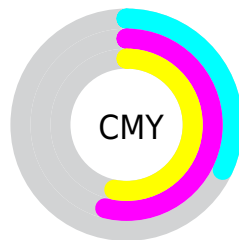


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (32%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (54%)


Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 134.8580, 33.0550, 12.1830 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 134.8580, 33.0550, 12.1830 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 134.8580, 33.0550,  
12.1830


 134.8580, 33.0550,  
12.1830


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 109.2600, 31.8630,  
11.7590


 188.9400, 35.7600,  
12.7200


 84.4770, 29.7540,  
11.4340


 215.0430, 33.9720,  
12.0840

 60.5800, 27.9660,  
10.7980

 234.6710, 17.2840,  
6.1480

 37.9110, 25.5360,  
10.7840

 14.3410, 27.1410,  
9.2290

 1.7940, 3.5760,  
1.2720

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 134.8580, 33.0550,  
12.1830

■ 134.8580, 33.0550,  
12.1830

■ 122.9410, 43.1870,  
15.7870

■ 146.7750, 22.9230,  
8.5790

■ 110.4370, 53.5940,  
19.9140

■ 159.2790, 12.5160,  
4.4520

■ 98.5200, 63.7260,  
23.5180

■ 171.1960, 2.3840,  
0.8480

■ 86.0160, 74.1330,  
27.6450

■ 183.7000, -8.0230,  
-3.2790

■ 74.0990, 84.2650,  
31.2490

■ 195.6170,  
-18.1550, -6.8830

■ 62.1820, 94.3970,  
34.8530

■ 207.5340,  
-28.2870, -10.4870

■ 52.3680, 102.7410,  
37.8210

■ 220.1520,  
-39.0150, -14.3030

■ 230.7810,  
-48.2760, -17.1720

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



135.7570, 23.3340, 17.6540



134.8580, 33.0550, 12.1830



133.4740, 33.8360, 3.5320

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



134.8580, 33.0550, 12.1830



127.4420, -7.8370, -17.6690



128.5570, -35.1210, 3.2390

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



134.8580, 33.0550, 12.1830



157.1420, -33.0550, -12.1830

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



123.5890, -47.3150, -7.0510



134.8580, 33.0550, 12.1830



124.4920, -28.4690, -18.2050

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



134.8580, 33.0550, 12.1830



130.0160, 11.0980, -13.9100



122.1020, -44.7460, -15.0660



133.7770, -14.9490, 12.1150



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



134.8580, 33.0550, 12.1830



132.8060, 29.6650, -3.4790



122.1020, -44.7460, -15.0660



126.8120, -40.3930, -0.3370

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



134.8580, 33.0550, 12.1830



210.9910, 13.3870, 5.1870



140.5300, 14.2080, 28.8640



105.1860, 8.3440, 2.9680



242.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



115.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



134.8580, 33.0550, 12.1830



164.8390, 52.4020, 19.4900



150.0060, 26.2260, -1.7260



80.6910, 5.3640, 1.9080



45.1920, 88.4370, 32.7330



6.8770, 13.7080, 4.8760



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



134.8580, 33.0550, 12.1830



164.8390, 52.4020, 19.4900



141.9940, -26.2260, 1.7260



80.6910, 5.3640, 1.9080



45.1920, 88.4370, 32.7330



6.8770, 13.7080, 4.8760



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 134.8580, 33.0550, 12.1830 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 134.8580, 33.0550, 12.1830 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

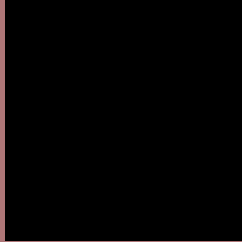
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 134.8580, 33.0550, 12.1830

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 134.8580, 33.0550, 12.1830.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 134.8580, 33.0550,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

134.8580, 33.0550, 12.1830

### Protanopia

132.9250, 4.5850, -0.4950

### Deuteranopia

133.6230, 17.2390, 1.4550



## Tritanopia

135.3680, 31.6790, 15.0950

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

134.8580, 33.0550, 12.1830

## Protanomaly

133.5350, 14.6710, 3.9430

## Deuteranomaly

133.7810, 22.7860, 5.5540

## Tritanomaly

135.0260, 32.6420, 14.1620

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

134.8580, 33.0550, 12.1830

## Achromatopsia

135.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

134.9800, 11.9200, 4.2400

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 134.8580, 33.0550, 12.1830 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 118, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 118, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 118, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 118, 119) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 134.8580, 33.0550, 12.1830 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 118, 119) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 118, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 118, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 118, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 118, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 118,  
119) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 134.8580, 33.0550, 12.1830 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 118, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174,  
118, 119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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