

Converting Colors

YIQ(134.9560, -13.8950,
15.0410)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(134.9560, -13.8950, 15.0410)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(134.9560, -13.8950,
15.0410)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8381B0
RGB	131, 129, 176
RGB Percent	51%, 51%, 69%
CMY	0.4862, 0.4941, 0.3099
CMYK	0.26, 0.27, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	243°, 23%, 60%
HSV	243°, 27%, 69%
XYZ	25.0457, 23.6600, 44.3090
YIQ	134.9560, -13.8950, 15.0410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

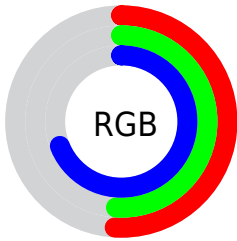
Format	Color
RYB	131, 129, 176
Decimal	8618416
CIELab	55.75, 11.31, -24.51
CIElCh	56, 26.991, 294.763
Yxy	23.6600, 0.2693, 0.2544
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286808496 (0xFF8381B0)
YUV	134.9560, 20.2347, -3.4694
Hunter-Lab	48.6415, 6.7878, -19.9599

Details

The YIQ color **134.9560, -13.8950, 15.0410** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **170.0440, 13.8950, -15.0410**, and the grayscale version is **135.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **188.5970, -14.2620, 16.1860**, and **84.9020, -13.8030, 13.3730** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **119.3070, -19.0770, 20.8510**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **150.6050, -8.7130, 9.2310**.

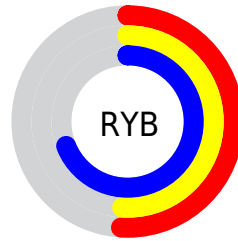
Distribution



Red (51%)

Green (51%)

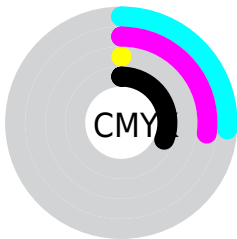
Blue (69%)



Red (51%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (69%)

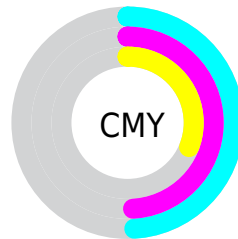


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (49%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 134.9560, -13.8950, 15.0410 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 134.9560, -13.8950, 15.0410 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 134.9560,
-13.8950, 15.0410

■ 134.9560,
-13.8950, 15.0410

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 109.4290,
-13.8490, 14.2070

■ 188.5970,
-14.2620, 16.1860

■ 84.9020, -13.8030,
13.3730

■ 215.4400,
-12.3820, 15.1540

■ 61.3750, -13.7570,
12.5390

■ 240.8350, -3.6690,
5.9230

■ 39.4350, -13.9860,
11.1820

■ 17.3100, -15.1320,
9.9240

■ 4.5940, -10.1800,
8.2840

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 134.9560,
-13.8950, 15.0410

■ 134.9560,
-13.8950, 15.0410

■ 119.3070,
-19.0770, 20.8510

■ 150.6050, -8.7130,
9.2310

■ 104.2450,
-24.5340, 26.1380

■ 165.6670, -3.2560,
3.9440

■ 88.5960, -29.7160,
31.9480

■ 181.3160, 1.9260,
-1.8660

■ 73.8330, -34.5770,
37.4470

■ 196.0790, 6.7870,
-7.3650

■ 58.1840, -39.7590,
43.2570

■ 211.7280, 11.9690,
-13.1750

■ 42.5350, -44.9410,
49.0670

■ 227.3770, 17.1510,
-18.9850

■ 27.4730, -50.3980,
54.3540

■ 242.4390, 22.6080,
-24.2720

■ 22.4560, -51.7280,
56.4320

■ 245.9940, 25.3590,
-24.5690

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



129.6430, -38.2390, 4.6810



134.9560, -13.8950, 15.0410



136.9220, 9.8080, 20.4960

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



134.9560, -13.8950, 15.0410



134.2740, 37.2750, 1.7790



122.7190, -36.5380, -20.6500

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



134.9560, -13.8950, 15.0410



170.0440, 13.8950, -15.0410

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



126.8220, -11.9630, -19.9870



134.9560, -13.8950, 15.0410



132.8610, 27.8320, -8.8080

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



134.9560, -13.8950, 15.0410



135.6090, 38.1900, 12.7340



130.1360, 10.6400, -16.6240



119.4750, -56.1620, -17.4260

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



134.9560, -13.8950, 15.0410



136.7510, 23.4710, 20.6790



130.1360, 10.6400, -16.6240



124.4980, -28.6060, -21.2300

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



134.9560, -13.8950, 15.0410



213.4650, -5.5030, 6.1210



160.7730, -27.4620, -8.9180



104.6670, -3.2560, 3.9440



242.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



115.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



134.9560, -13.8950, 15.0410



165.3330, -21.9660, 23.6500



141.8330, -0.1870, 19.9170



81.3250, -2.2930, 3.0110



19.5350, -44.9410, 49.0670



3.2630, -7.7500, 8.2980

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



148.1830, 13.5670, 23.9590



186.1060, 21.6340, 37.4580



163.1670, 0.1870, -19.9170



83.7170, 2.4750, 4.7070



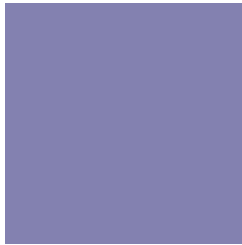
62.3910, 44.3220, 77.8420



10.5100, 7.7920, 12.9760

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 134.9560, -13.8950, 15.0410 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

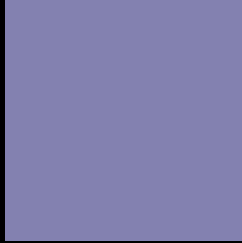
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 134.9560, -13.8950, 15.0410 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 134.9560, -13.8950, 15.0410

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 134.9560, -13.8950, 15.0410.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 134.9560, -13.8950, 15.0410.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

134.9560, -13.8950, 15.0410

Protanopia

133.9550, -21.3220, 11.9740

Deuteranopia

133.9230, -18.2960, 12.2000



Tritanopia

133.1500, -9.1700, 0.9900

Trichromacy



Original Color

134.9560, -13.8950, 15.0410

Protanomaly

134.4500, -18.3420, 13.0340

Deuteranomaly

134.2330, -16.2330, 13.3590

Tritanomaly

133.8280, -10.9590, 5.8810

Monochromacy



Original Color

134.9560, -13.8950, 15.0410

Achromatopsia

135.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

135.2370, -4.8610, 5.4990

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 134.9560, -13.8950, 15.0410 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(131, 129, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(131, 129, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 129, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(131, 129, 176) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 134.9560, -13.8950, 15.0410 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(131, 129, 176) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(131, 129, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(131, 129, 176)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(131, 129, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 129, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 129,  
176) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 134.9560, -13.8950, 15.0410 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(131, 129, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(131,  
129, 176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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