

# Converting Colors

YIQ(135.5930, 70.6500, 19.1780)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(135.5930, 70.6500, 19.1780)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(135.5930, 70.6500,  
19.1780)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D7685A
RGB	215, 104, 90
RGB Percent	84%, 41%, 35%
CMY	0.1566, 0.5923, 0.6468
CMYK	0.00, 0.52, 0.58, 0.16
HSL	7°, 61%, 60%
HSV	7°, 58%, 84%
XYZ	34.8377, 25.0876, 12.6957
YIQ	135.5930, 70.6500, 19.1780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

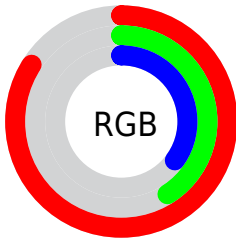
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">215, 106, 90</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">14116954</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">57.16, 42.48, 28.43</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">57, 51.116, 33.794</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">25.0876, 0.4797, 0.3455</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292307034</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFD7685A</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">135.5930, -22.4773, 69.6399</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">50.0875, 36.5000, 20.0330</a>

# Details

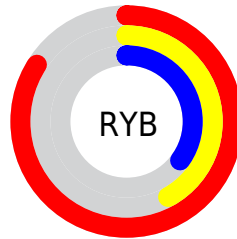
The YIQ color **135.5930, 70.6500, 19.1780** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **169.4070, -70.6500, -19.1780**, and the grayscale version is **136.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **184.9510, 63.5900, 14.9660**, and **81.8850, 63.9560, 19.3480** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **122.0460, 82.6160, 22.5840**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **149.2540, 58.3630, 16.0830**.

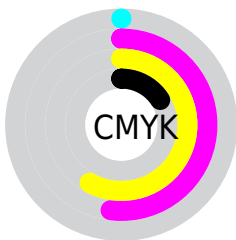
# Distribution



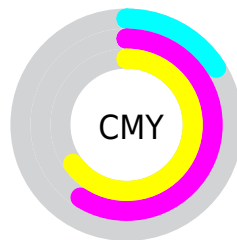
- Red (84%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Black (16%)




- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (65%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 135.5930, 70.6500, 19.1780 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 135.5930, 70.6500, 19.1780 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 135.5930, 70.6500,  
19.1780


 135.5930, 70.6500,  
19.1780


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 108.6250, 67.6240,  
18.9520


 184.9510, 63.5900,  
14.9660


 81.8850, 63.9560,  
19.3480


 203.8780, 47.4980,  
9.2420

 54.3840, 61.1130,  
21.3130


 223.9790, 30.8560,  
2.4720

 29.0030, 57.8120,  
20.5640

 243.6070, 14.1680,  
-3.4640

 20.6310, 41.1240,  
14.6280

254.5440, 1.2840,  
-1.2440

 12.9710, 25.3070,  
9.4270

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 135.5930, 70.6500,  
19.1780

■ 135.5930, 70.6500,  
19.1780

■ 122.0460, 82.6160,  
22.5840

■ 149.2540, 58.3630,  
16.0830

■ 108.3850, 94.9030,  
25.6790

■ 162.8010, 46.3970,  
12.6770

■ 94.8380, 106.8690,  
29.0850

■ 176.4620, 34.1100,  
9.5820

■ 80.5900, 119.4310,  
32.7030

■ 190.0090, 22.1440,  
6.1760

■ 78.3730, 121.5400,  
33.0280

■ 204.2570, 9.5820,  
2.5580

■ 217.8040, -2.3840,  
-0.8480

■ 231.4650,  
-14.6710, -3.9430

■ 243.0400,  
-23.8400, -8.4800

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



137.2830, 60.5600, 36.8480



135.5930, 70.6500, 19.1780



134.2320, 63.4560, -4.6400

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



135.5930, 70.6500, 19.1780



114.4760, -49.8760, -43.2520



123.7910, -79.4580, 8.3020

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



135.5930, 70.6500, 19.1780



169.4070, -70.6500, -19.1780

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



113.9620, -111.4570, -12.0090



135.5930, 70.6500, 19.1780



109.5210, -89.3070, -38.9950

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



135.5930, 70.6500, 19.1780



127.0790, 5.6460, -36.2580



113.9500, -103.1560, -24.7880



140.3220, -14.2650, 32.7670



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



135.5930, 70.6500, 19.1780



133.2160, 51.2170, -19.6230



113.9500, -103.1560, -24.7880



110.8790, -112.4210, -5.5490

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



135.5930, 70.6500, 19.1780



227.2050, 24.5280, 7.0240



140.2570, 38.2270, 61.6430



111.5350, 14.6710, 3.9430



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



135.5930, 70.6500, 19.1780



141.3750, 100.8630, 27.7990



171.4000, 53.8750, -12.7250



100.4630, 6.0060, 1.2860



62.2820, 96.6910, 26.3150



15.7920, 24.2530, 6.5010

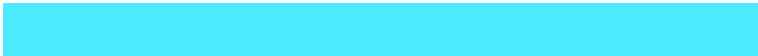


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



169.4070, -70.6500, -19.1780



190.0380, -100.5880, -27.2760



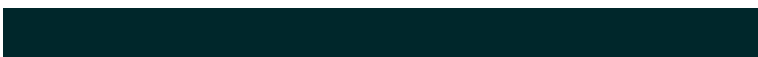
133.6000, -53.8750, 12.7250



103.1240, -6.2810, -1.8090



108.7180, -96.6910, -26.3150



27.7950, -24.5280, -7.0240



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 135.5930, 70.6500, 19.1780 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 135.5930, 70.6500, 19.1780 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 135.5930, 70.6500, 19.1780

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 135.5930, 70.6500, 19.1780.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 135.5930, 70.6500,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

135.5930, 70.6500, 19.1780

### Protanopia

136.8150, 16.2780, -8.6660

### Deuteranopia

137.1070, 35.9470, -7.1970



## Tritanopia

136.1830, 66.2930, 26.5570

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

135.5930, 70.6500, 19.1780

## Protanomaly

136.6760, 36.0830, 1.3550

## Deuteranomaly

136.5480, 48.1870, 2.2590

## Tritanomaly

135.9720, 68.2650, 23.8570

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

135.5930, 70.6500, 19.1780

## Achromatopsia

136.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

135.6890, 26.0410, 7.1370

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 135.5930, 70.6500, 19.1780 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(215, 104, 90)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(215, 104, 90)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 104, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(215, 104, 90) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 135.5930, 70.6500, 19.1780 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(215, 104, 90) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(215, 104, 90) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 104, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(215, 104, 90); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 104, 90);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 104,  
90) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 135.5930, 70.6500, 19.1780 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(215, 104, 90) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(215,  
104, 90) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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