

Converting Colors

YIQ(136.1380, 25.4940,
-10.4900)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(136.1380, 25.4940, -10.4900)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(136.1380, 25.4940,
-10.4900)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9A885A
RGB	154, 136, 90
RGB Percent	60%, 53%, 35%
CMY	0.3961, 0.4667, 0.6469
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.42, 0.40
HSL	43°, 26%, 48%
HSV	43°, 42%, 60%
XYZ	23.9771, 25.2153, 13.2840
YIQ	136.1380, 25.4940, -10.4900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

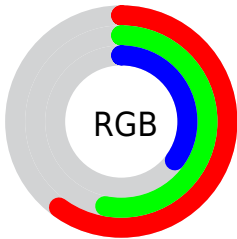
Format	Color
RYB	115, 154, 90
Decimal	10127450
CIELab	57.28, 0.05, 27.16
CIElCh	57, 27.159, 89.900
Yxy	25.2153, 0.3838, 0.4036
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288317530 (0xFF9A885A)
YUV	136.1380, -22.7460, 15.6650
Hunter-Lab	50.2149, -2.6438, 19.4657

Details

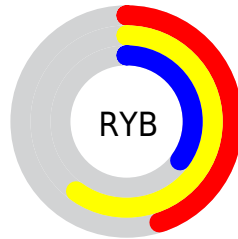
The YIQ color $136.1380, 25.4940, -10.4900$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999966 . A complement of this color would be $107.8620, -25.4940, 10.4900$, and the grayscale version is $136.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $189.5080, 27.3280, -10.6880$, and $85.5830, 22.7430, -10.1930$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $132.0800, 31.4090, -13.0630$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $140.1960, 19.5790, -7.9170$.

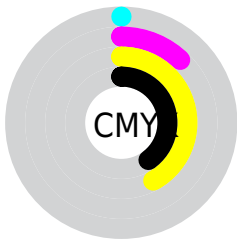
Distribution



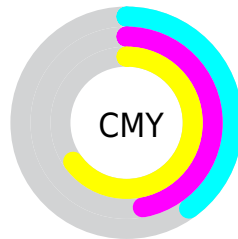
- Red (60%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 136.1380, 25.4940, -10.4900 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 136.1380, 25.4940, -10.4900 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 136.1380, 25.4940,
-10.4900

■ 136.1380, 25.4940,
-10.4900

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 110.6540, 23.9810,
-10.6030

■ 189.5080, 27.3280,
-10.6880

■ 85.5830, 22.7430,
-10.1930

■ 217.5790, 28.5660,
-11.0980

■ 62.0990, 21.2300,
-10.3060

■ 242.2900, 22.0100,
-13.4300

■ 39.9140, 20.3130,
-10.2070

■ 251.3520, 10.2720,
-9.9520

■ 20.9980, 11.5090,
-4.8350

■ 254.5440, 1.2840,
-1.2440

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 136.1380, 25.4940,
-10.4900

■ 136.1380, 25.4940,
-10.4900

■ 132.0800, 31.4090,
-13.0630

■ 140.1960, 19.5790,
-7.9170

■ 127.3210, 37.9200,
-15.4240

■ 144.9550, 13.0680,
-5.5560

■ 123.2630, 43.8350,
-17.9970

■ 149.0130, 7.1530,
-2.9830

■ 119.0910, 50.0710,
-20.8810

■ 153.1850, 0.9170,
-0.0990

■ 114.4460, 56.2610,
-22.9310

■ 157.8300, -5.2730,
1.9510

■ 111.2030, 61.2590,
-25.4050

■ 161.8880,
-11.1880, 4.5240

■ 166.0600,
-17.4240, 7.4080

■ 170.7050,

-23.6140, 9.4580

■ 174.8770,
-29.8500, 12.3420

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



137.9210, 36.7710, -0.1010



136.1380, 25.4940, -10.4900



133.4560, 6.7430, -17.5850

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



136.1380, 25.4940, -10.4900



123.6320, -58.0420, -16.3940



141.4880, 14.0260, 21.1460

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



136.1380, 25.4940, -10.4900



107.8620, -25.4940, 10.4900

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



139.4620, -9.4480, 17.0480



136.1380, 25.4940, -10.4900



127.5220, -54.3760, -5.7360

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



136.1380, 25.4940, -10.4900



125.7940, -41.1230, -20.1550



134.9640, -34.7090, 6.7870



140.7040, 30.8530, 19.0530

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



136.1380, 25.4940, -10.4900



131.5620, -8.2950, -20.3830



134.9640, -34.7090, 6.7870



140.9540, 6.7820, 20.2700

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



136.1380, 25.4940, -10.4900



194.7420, 9.3540, -4.3260



111.1880, 32.3660, 19.1660



98.0560, 5.5940, -2.2620



230.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



102.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



136.1380, 25.4940, -10.4900



173.1640, 39.8000, -16.4560



142.5180, 12.2000, -22.8720



74.3270, 3.3930, -0.9190



101.1470, 55.6650, -23.1430



9.1700, 5.2730, -1.9510

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



107.8620, -25.4940, 10.4900



128.8360, -39.8000, 16.4560



101.4820, -12.2000, 22.8720



71.0860, -3.1180, 1.4420



38.8530, -55.6650, 23.1430



3.8300, -5.2730, 1.9510

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 136.1380, 25.4940, -10.4900 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 136.1380, 25.4940, -10.4900 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 136.1380, 25.4940, -10.4900

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 136.1380, 25.4940, -10.4900.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 136.1380, 25.4940,

-10.4900.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

136.1380, 25.4940, -10.4900

Protanopia

135.9310, 21.6430, -12.2850

Deuteranopia

137.1930, 32.8290, -5.7550



Tritanopia

139.8110, 14.0740, 9.2580

Trichromacy



Original Color

136.1380, 25.4940, -10.4900

Protanomaly

135.9420, 23.1100, -11.3380

Deuteranomaly

136.5840, 30.1700, -7.1260

Tritanomaly

138.3350, 18.1100, 2.1900

Monochromacy



Original Color

136.1380, 25.4940, -10.4900

Achromatopsia

136.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

136.1550, 9.6290, -3.8030

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 136.1380, 25.4940, -10.4900 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 136, 90)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 136, 90)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 136, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 136, 90) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 136.1380, 25.4940, -10.4900 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 136, 90) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 136, 90) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 136, 90)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 136, 90); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 136, 90);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 136,  
90) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 136.1380, 25.4940, -10.4900 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 136, 90) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
136, 90) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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