

Converting Colors

YIQ(136.1730, 72.2530, 28.6770)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(136.1730, 72.2530, 28.6770)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(136.1730, 72.2530,
28.6770)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DF6269
RGB	223, 98, 105
RGB Percent	87%, 38%, 41%
CMY	0.1252, 0.6159, 0.5880
CMYK	0.00, 0.56, 0.53, 0.13
HSL	357°, 66%, 63%
HSV	357°, 56%, 87%
XYZ	37.3714, 25.4471, 16.3260
YIQ	136.1730, 72.2530, 28.6770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

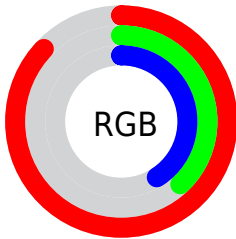
Format	Color
R_{YB}	223, 98, 105
Decimal	14639721
CIE _{Lab}	57.51, 49.45, 20.49
CIE _{LCh}	58, 53.529, 22.503
Yxy	25.4471, 0.4722, 0.3215
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292829801 (0xFFDF6269)
YUV	136.1730, -15.3683, 76.1473
Hunter-Lab	50.4452, 43.9596, 16.1230

Details

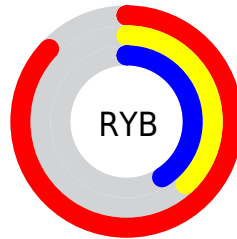
The YIQ color **136.1730, 72.2530, 28.6770** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **184.8270, -72.2530, -28.6770**, and the grayscale version is **136.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **183.2530, 60.1040, 23.0800**, and **80.5900, 66.7050, 30.1050** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **120.8650, 85.0440, 33.6520**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **151.4810, 59.4620, 23.7020**.

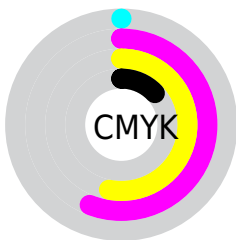
Distribution



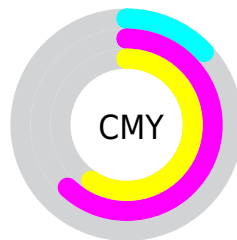
- Red (87%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 136.1730, 72.2530, 28.6770 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 136.1730, 72.2530, 28.6770 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

136.1730, 72.2530,
28.6770

136.1730, 72.2530,
28.6770

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

108.6180, 69.5020,
28.9740

183.2530, 60.1040,
23.0800

80.5900, 66.7050,
30.1050

202.7670, 43.7370,
16.8330

47.5070, 65.7410,
36.5650

222.9820, 26.7740,
10.3740

32.9200, 56.8480,
27.0240

243.1970, 9.8110,
3.9150

22.7240, 45.2960,
16.1120

14.8790, 28.5620,
11.0100

0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 136.1730, 72.2530,
28.6770

■ 136.1730, 72.2530,
28.6770

■ 120.8650, 85.0440,
33.6520

■ 151.4810, 59.4620,
23.7020

■ 104.9700, 98.1100,
39.1500

■ 167.3760, 46.3960,
18.2040

■ 89.6620, 110.9010,
44.1250

■ 182.6840, 33.6050,
13.2290

■ 74.3540, 123.6920,
49.1000

■ 197.9920, 20.8140,
8.2540

■ 68.1590, 128.7350,
51.3190

■ 213.3000, 8.0230,
3.2790

■ 229.1950, -5.0430,
-2.2190

■ 244.5030,
-17.8340, -7.1940

■ 245.4320,
-19.0720, -6.7840

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



138.5630, 54.1400, 43.0680



136.1730, 72.2530, 28.6770



135.3350, 70.8360, 4.7880

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



136.1730, 72.2530, 28.6770



120.8070, -25.9430, -41.9670



112.6230, -114.5760, -5.0400

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



136.1730, 72.2530, 28.6770



184.8270, -72.2530, -28.6770

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



116.2130, -110.9060, -16.4900



136.1730, 72.2530, 28.6770



108.0560, -83.8040, -45.1160

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



136.1730, 72.2530, 28.6770



129.2890, 22.6100, -35.3260



114.2290, -99.8080, -30.4000



138.1280, -37.3260, 26.6900

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



136.1730, 72.2530, 28.6770



134.7060, 61.7610, -12.4710



114.2290, -99.8080, -30.4000



114.5150, -114.3920, -8.3760

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



136.1730, 72.2530, 28.6770



225.0850, 24.9860, 9.7380



147.2330, 29.6070, 63.6790



109.8880, 15.1750, 5.8230



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



136.1730, 72.2530, 28.6770



136.2690, 98.7060, 39.3620



167.0730, 59.6500, -1.7420



104.4030, 6.2350, 2.6430



53.7640, 101.6860, 40.4220



14.6940, 27.6450, 11.1090

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



136.1730, 72.2530, 28.6770



136.2690, 98.7060, 39.3620



153.9270, -59.6500, 1.7420



104.4030, 6.2350, 2.6430



53.7640, 101.6860, 40.4220



14.6940, 27.6450, 11.1090

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 136.1730, 72.2530, 28.6770 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

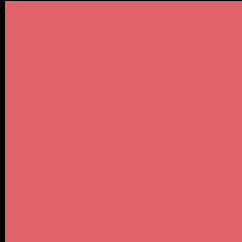
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 136.1730, 72.2530, 28.6770 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 136.1730, 72.2530, 28.6770

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 136.1730, 72.2530, 28.6770.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 136.1730, 72.2530,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

136.1730, 72.2530, 28.6770

Protanopia

138.1980, 8.0700, -3.0820

Deuteranopia

138.6920, 29.9860, -3.7900



Tritanopia

136.1730, 72.2530, 28.6770

Trichromacy



Original Color

136.1730, 72.2530, 28.6770

Protanomaly

137.2660, 31.7260, 8.7340

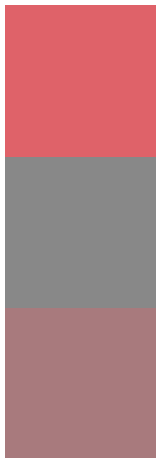
Deuteranomaly

137.5680, 45.4350, 8.0830

Tritanomaly

136.1730, 72.2530, 28.6770

Monochromacy



Original Color

136.1730, 72.2530, 28.6770

Achromatopsia

136.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

136.0960, 26.4530, 10.6850

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 136.1730, 72.2530, 28.6770 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(223, 98, 105)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(223, 98, 105)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 98, 105) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(223, 98, 105) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 136.1730, 72.2530, 28.6770 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(223, 98, 105) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(223, 98, 105) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 98, 105) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(223, 98, 105); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 98, 105);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 98,  
105) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 136.1730, 72.2530, 28.6770 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(223, 98, 105) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(223, 98,  
105) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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