

# Converting Colors

YIQ(136.3130, 15.1760, 0.2960)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(136.3130, 15.1760, 0.2960)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(136.3130, 15.1760,  
0.2960)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	978478
RGB	151, 132, 120
RGB Percent	59%, 52%, 47%
CMY	0.4078, 0.4824, 0.5293
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.21, 0.41
HSL	23°, 13%, 53%
HSV	23°, 21%, 59%
XYZ	24.4057, 24.4371, 21.2055
YIQ	136.3130, 15.1760, 0.2960

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

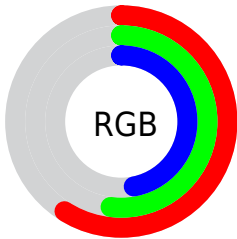
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	151, 140, 120
Decimal	9929848
CIE Lab	56.52, 5.20, 9.11
CIE LCh	57, 10.491, 60.273
Yxy	24.4371, 0.3484, 0.3489
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288119928 (0xFF978478)
YUV	136.3130, -8.0423, 12.8805
Hunter-Lab	49.4339, 1.6169, 9.1703

# Details

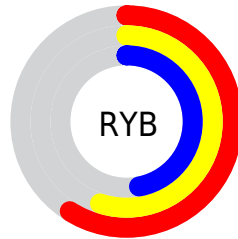
The YIQ color  $136.3130, 15.1760, 0.2960$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $134.6870, -15.1760, -0.2960$ , and the grayscale version is  $136.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $189.7970, 16.6890, 0.4090$ , and  $86.8290, 13.6630, 0.1830$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $129.3200, 22.4660, 0.3380$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $143.3060, 7.8860, 0.2540$ .

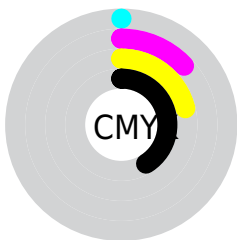
# Distribution



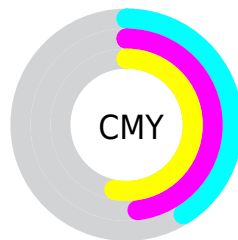
- Red (59%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 136.3130, 15.1760, 0.2960 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 136.3130, 15.1760, 0.2960 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 136.3130, 15.1760,  
0.2960

■ 136.3130, 15.1760,  
0.2960

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 111.0140, 14.5800,  
0.0840

■ 189.7970, 16.6890,  
0.4090

■ 86.8290, 13.6630,  
0.1830

■ 217.7970, 16.6890,  
0.4090

■ 63.5300, 13.0670,  
-0.0290

■ 243.7040, 12.5170,  
-1.0750

■ 41.0460, 11.5540,  
-0.1420

■ 19.7750, 13.7550,  
-1.4850

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 136.3130, 15.1760,  
0.2960

■ 136.3130, 15.1760,  
0.2960

■ 129.3200, 22.4660,  
0.3380

■ 143.3060, 7.8860,  
0.2540

■ 121.7400, 30.0310,  
0.9030

■ 150.8860, 0.3210,  
-0.3110

■ 114.7470, 37.3210,  
0.9450

■ 157.8790, -6.9690,  
-0.3530

■ 107.7540, 44.6110,  
0.9870

■ 164.8720,  
-14.2590, -0.3950

■ 100.7610, 51.9010,  
1.0290

■ 171.9790,  
-21.8700, -0.1260

■ 93.0670, 59.7870,  
1.2830

■ 179.5590,  
-29.4350, -0.6910

■ 86.0740, 67.0770,  
1.3250

■ 186.5520,  
-36.7250, -0.7330

■ 79.1950, 74.0460,

■ 193.5450,

1.6780

-44.0150, -0.7750

■ 200.4240,  
-50.9840, -1.1280

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



137.1330, 15.8630, 4.3670



136.3130, 15.1760, 0.2960



135.3400, 10.5460, -3.9020

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



136.3130, 15.1760, 0.2960



132.5420, -13.5700, -7.3780



136.5470, -2.7980, 6.6580

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



136.3130, 15.1760, 0.2960



134.6870, -15.1760, -0.2960

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



135.0620, -11.7380, 3.4780



136.3130, 15.1760, 0.2960



132.6710, -18.2470, -5.2150

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



136.3130, 15.1760, 0.2960



133.3210, -5.6380, -7.9580



133.4910, -17.5600, -1.1440



137.6790, 5.6380, 7.9580



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



136.3130, 15.1760, 0.2960



134.5350, 5.5030, -6.1210



133.4910, -17.5600, -1.1440



136.1660, -6.0990, 5.9090

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



136.3130, 15.1760, 0.2960



190.6370, 5.4560, 0.2400



131.4350, 12.3770, 12.4810



95.8540, 3.3470, -0.0850



227.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



99.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



136.3130, 15.1760, 0.2960



172.8040, 23.9790, 0.4510



145.1180, 11.0510, -7.5490



73.1530, 3.9430, 0.1270



73.5580, 68.5900, 1.4380



6.8220, 6.3730, 0.1410



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



134.6870, -15.1760, -0.2960



170.1960, -23.9790, -0.4510



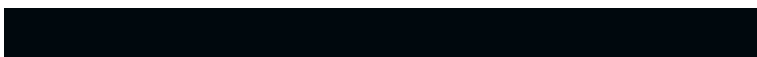
125.8820, -11.0510, 7.5490



72.8470, -3.9430, -0.1270



66.4420, -68.5900, -1.4380



6.1780, -6.3730, -0.1410



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 136.3130, 15.1760, 0.2960 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

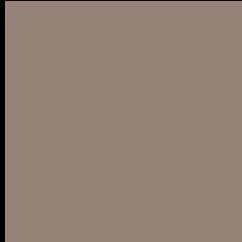
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 136.3130, 15.1760, 0.2960 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 136.3130, 15.1760, 0.2960

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 136.3130, 15.1760, 0.2960.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 136.3130, 15.1760,

0.2960.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

136.3130, 15.1760, 0.2960

### Protanopia

135.3120, 7.7490, -2.7710

### Deuteranopia

136.6230, 17.2390, 1.4550



## Tritanopia

137.3160, 11.0940, 8.1980

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

136.3130, 15.1760, 0.2960

## Protanomaly

135.8070, 10.7290, -1.7110

## Deuteranomaly

136.3240, 16.6430, 1.2430

## Tritanomaly

136.8060, 12.4700, 5.2860

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

136.3130, 15.1760, 0.2960

## Achromatopsia

136.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

136.2240, 5.1810, -0.2830

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 136.3130, 15.1760, 0.2960 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 132, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 132, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 132, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 132, 120) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 136.3130, 15.1760, 0.2960 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 132, 120) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 132, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 132, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 132, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 132, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 132,  
120) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 136.3130, 15.1760, 0.2960 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 132, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151,  
132, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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