

Converting Colors

YIQ(137.2370, 3.1660, -13.3300)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(137.2370, 3.1660, -13.3300)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(137.2370, 3.1660,
-13.3300)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | 84916F |
| RGB | 132, 145, 111 |
| RGB Percent | 52%, 57%, 44% |
| CMY | 0.4824, 0.4313, 0.5647 |
| CMYK | 0.09, 0.00, 0.23, 0.43 |
| HSL | 83°, 13%, 50% |
| HSV | 83°, 23%, 57% |
| XYZ | 22.5097, 26.3048, 18.9327 |
| YIQ | 137.2370, 3.1660, -13.3300 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

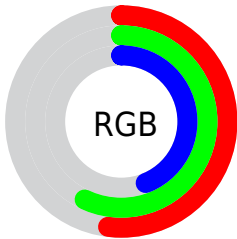
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| RYB | 111, 145, 124 |
| Decimal | 8687983 |
| CIELab | 58.33, -11.02, 16.52 |
| CIElCh | 58, 19.856, 123.711 |
| Yxy | 26.3048, 0.3323, 0.3883 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4286878063 (0xFF84916F) |
| YUV | 137.2370, -12.9348, -4.5928 |
| Hunter-Lab | 51.2882, -11.4133, 14.0152 |

Details

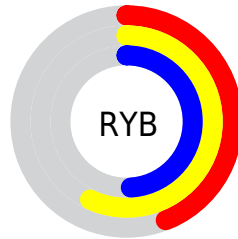
The YIQ color $137.2370, 3.1660, -13.3300$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999966 . A complement of this color would be $118.7630, -3.1660, 13.3300$, and the grayscale version is $137.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $190.7100, 3.2120, -14.1640$, and $87.4650, 2.5240, -12.7080$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $133.8470, 4.0840, -18.9560$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $140.7410, 1.9270, -7.3930$.

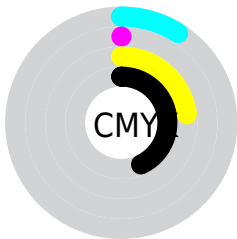
Distribution



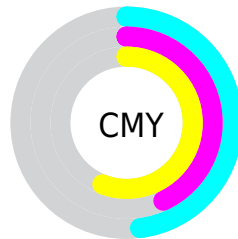
- Red (52%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 137.2370, 3.1660, -13.3300 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 137.2370, 3.1660, -13.3300 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 137.2370, 3.1660,
-13.3300

 137.2370, 3.1660,
-13.3300


255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

 111.7640, 3.1200,
-12.4960


 190.7100, 3.2120,
-14.1640

 87.4650, 2.5240,
-12.7080


 218.5960, 3.5330,
-14.4750

 63.9920, 2.4780,
-11.8740

 246.8950, 4.1290,
-14.2630

 41.5190, 2.4320,
-11.0400

 253.9740, 2.8890,
-2.7990

 21.5190, 2.4320,
-11.0400

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 137.2370, 3.1660,
-13.3300

■ 137.2370, 3.1660,
-13.3300

■ 133.8470, 4.0840,
-18.9560

■ 140.7410, 1.9270,
-7.3930

■ 130.6420, 5.9190,
-24.6810

■ 143.8320, 0.4130,
-1.9790

■ 127.2520, 6.8370,
-30.3070

■ 147.3360, -0.8260,
3.9580

■ 124.0470, 8.6720,
-36.0320

■ 150.4270, -2.3400,
9.3720

■ 120.6570, 9.5900,
-41.6580

■ 153.9310, -3.5790,
15.3090

■ 117.4520, 11.4250,
-47.3830

■ 157.0220, -5.0930,
20.7230

■ 114.0620, 12.3430,
-53.0090

■ 160.5260, -6.3320,
26.6600

■ 111.7260, 13.1690,

■ 163.6170, -7.8460,

-56.9670

32.0740

■ 167.1210, -9.0850,
38.0110

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



139.4130, 17.4700, -8.2420



137.2370, 3.1660, -13.3300



135.0870, -14.0270, -15.6190

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



137.2370, 3.1660, -13.3300



135.3950, -34.8450, -1.7650



143.3070, 24.4810, 13.3850

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



137.2370, 3.1660, -13.3300



118.7630, -3.1660, 13.3300

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



143.4290, 12.5140, 15.5060



137.2370, 3.1660, -13.3300



139.1950, -22.2380, 6.5460

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



137.2370, 3.1660, -13.3300



132.7980, -37.7780, -9.1860



142.1650, -4.3580, 12.9060



141.9560, 29.6630, 7.5750

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



137.2370, 3.1660, -13.3300



133.7530, -24.7100, -14.7420



142.1650, -4.3580, 12.9060



143.0940, 20.7670, 14.6150

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



137.2370, 3.1660, -13.3300



185.9090, 1.5140, -5.4140



128.2100, 16.9640, 0.9320



92.3050, 0.4590, -2.8130



222.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



137.2370, 3.1660, -13.3300



176.6790, 4.4970, -20.9350



132.4530, -6.3700, -16.7220



69.6040, 1.0550, -2.6010



104.0620, 12.3430, -53.0090



6.1910, 0.7800, -3.1240

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



118.7630, -3.1660, 13.3300



148.0220, -5.0930, 20.7230



123.5470, 6.3700, 16.7220



65.6950, -0.4590, 2.8130



30.9380, -12.3430, 53.0090



1.8090, -0.7800, 3.1240

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 137.2370, 3.1660, -13.3300 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 137.2370, 3.1660, -13.3300 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

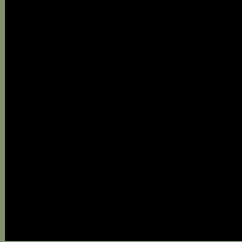
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 137.2370, 3.1660, -13.3300

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 137.2370, 3.1660, -13.3300.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 137.2370, 3.1660,

-13.3300.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

137.2370, 3.1660, -13.3300

Protanopia

139.1570, 15.3150, -7.7330

Deuteranopia

140.8640, 23.7500, -0.9060



Tritanopia

140.6560, -4.7230, 2.9970

Trichromacy



Original Color

137.2370, 3.1660, -13.3300

Protanomaly

138.6510, 10.8680, -9.7400

Deuteranomaly

139.8090, 16.4150, -5.6410

Tritanomaly

139.5220, -1.6500, -3.1380

Monochromacy



Original Color

137.2370, 3.1660, -13.3300

Achromatopsia

137.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

137.1370, 0.8720, -4.7920

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 137.2370, 3.1660, -13.3300 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 145, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 145, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 145, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 145, 111) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 137.2370, 3.1660, -13.3300 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 145, 111) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 145, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 145, 111)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 145, 111); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 145, 111); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 145, 111) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 137.2370, 3.1660, -13.3300 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 145, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132,  
145, 111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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