

Converting Colors

YIQ(137.3730, 5.7790, -11.1250)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(137.3730, 5.7790, -11.1250)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(137.3730, 5.7790,
-11.1250)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	888F70
RGB	136, 143, 112
RGB Percent	53%, 56%, 44%
CMY	0.4667, 0.4392, 0.5607
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.22, 0.44
HSL	74°, 12%, 50%
HSV	74°, 22%, 56%
XYZ	22.9000, 26.0494, 19.1538
YIQ	137.3730, 5.7790, -11.1250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

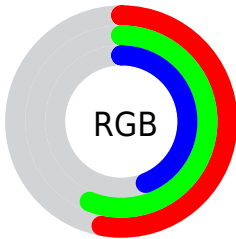
Format	Color
R_{YB}	112, 143, 119
Decimal	8949616
CIE Lab	58.08, -8.20, 15.67
CIE LCh	58, 17.685, 117.630
Yxy	26.0494, 0.3363, 0.3825
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287139696 (0xFF888F70)
YUV	137.3730, -12.5089, -1.2041
Hunter-Lab	51.0386, -9.2280, 13.4766

Details

The YIQ color $137.3730, 5.7790, -11.1250$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999966 . A complement of this color would be $117.6270, -5.7790, 11.1250$, and the grayscale version is $137.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $191.1450, 6.4210, -11.7470$, and $87.6010, 5.1370, -10.5030$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $134.8800, 8.4850, -16.1150$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $139.8660, 3.0730, -6.1350$.

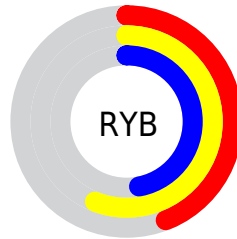
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (56%)

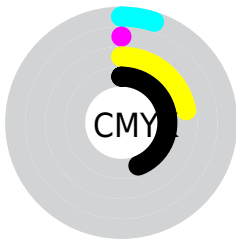
Blue (44%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (47%)

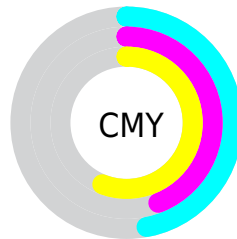


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 137.3730, 5.7790, -11.1250 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 137.3730, 5.7790, -11.1250 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 137.3730, 5.7790,
-11.1250

■ 137.3730, 5.7790,
-11.1250

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 111.4870, 5.4580,
-10.8140

■ 191.1450, 6.4210,
-11.7470

■ 87.6010, 5.1370,
-10.5030

■ 218.7320, 6.1460,
-12.2700

■ 63.8290, 4.4950,
-9.8810

■ 247.0310, 6.7420,
-12.0580

■ 41.9430, 4.1740,
-9.5700

■ 254.0880, 2.5680,
-2.4880

■ 21.5410, 5.3660,
-9.1460

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 137.3730, 5.7790,
-11.1250

■ 137.3730, 5.7790,
-11.1250

■ 134.8800, 8.4850,
-16.1150

■ 139.8660, 3.0730,
-6.1350

■ 132.2730, 11.5120,
-21.4160

■ 142.4730, 0.0460,
-0.8340

■ 129.4810, 13.6220,
-26.6180

■ 145.2650, -2.0640,
4.3680

■ 126.9880, 16.3280,
-31.6080

■ 147.7580, -4.7700,
9.3580

■ 124.4950, 19.0340,
-36.5980

■ 150.3650, -7.7970,
14.6590

■ 121.8880, 22.0610,
-41.8990

■ 152.8580,
-10.5030, 19.6490

■ 119.0960, 24.1710,
-47.1010

■ 155.6500,
-12.6130, 24.8510

■ 117.1300, 26.8310,

■ 158.1430,

-51.2570

-15.3190, 29.8410

■ 160.7500,
-18.3460, 35.1420

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



139.1790, 18.2490, -5.8390



137.3730, 5.7790, -11.1250



135.5930, -9.5800, -13.6120

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



137.3730, 5.7790, -11.1250



135.3090, -31.7270, -3.2070



142.3280, 19.9880, 12.2120

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



137.3730, 5.7790, -11.1250



117.6270, -5.7790, 11.1250

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



142.2220, 8.6630, 13.7110



137.3730, 5.7790, -11.1250



138.0270, -21.8250, 4.5670

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



137.3730, 5.7790, -11.1250



133.3210, -32.0010, -9.2570



141.0290, -6.9710, 10.7010



141.5150, 26.5910, 8.1830

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



137.3730, 5.7790, -11.1250



134.2160, -18.7040, -13.4560



141.0290, -6.9710, 10.7010



142.4140, 16.8700, 13.6540

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



137.3730, 5.7790, -11.1250



183.6210, 2.3850, -4.6790



125.3780, 16.5510, 2.9110



92.9030, 1.6510, -2.3890



222.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



137.3730, 5.7790, -11.1250



177.2390, 8.8520, -17.2600



132.8880, -3.1610, -14.3050



69.9030, 1.6510, -2.3890



110.6400, 25.4550, -48.3450



6.4900, 1.3760, -2.9120

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



117.6270, -5.7790, 11.1250



146.7610, -8.8520, 17.2600



122.1120, 3.1610, 14.3050



65.3960, -1.0550, 2.6010



24.6590, -24.8590, 48.5570



1.5100, -1.3760, 2.9120

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 137.3730, 5.7790, -11.1250 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 137.3730, 5.7790, -11.1250 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

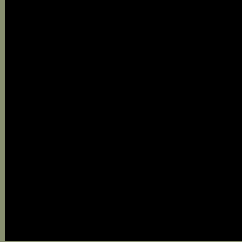
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 137.3730, 5.7790, -11.1250

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 137.3730, 5.7790, -11.1250.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 137.3730, 5.7790,

-11.1250.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

137.3730, 5.7790, -11.1250

Protanopia

138.3850, 14.6730, -7.1110

Deuteranopia

140.0920, 23.1080, -0.2840



Tritanopia

140.1510, -1.7430, 4.0570

Trichromacy



Original Color

137.3730, 5.7790, -11.1250

Protanomaly

137.8900, 11.6930, -8.1710

Deuteranomaly

139.0480, 17.2400, -4.0720

Tritanomaly

139.2450, 0.6880, -1.4560

Monochromacy



Original Color

137.3730, 5.7790, -11.1250

Achromatopsia

137.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

137.1480, 2.3390, -3.8450

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 137.3730, 5.7790, -11.1250 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 143, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 143, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 143, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 143, 112) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 137.3730, 5.7790, -11.1250 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 143, 112) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 143, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 143, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 143, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 143, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 143,  
112) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 137.3730, 5.7790, -11.1250 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 143, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136,  
143, 112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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