

# Converting Colors

YIQ(137.7380, 62.1580, 73.9820)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(137.7380, 62.1580, 73.9820)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(137.7380, 62.1580,  
73.9820)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F349C3
RGB	243, 73, 195
RGB Percent	95%, 29%, 76%
CMY	0.0466, 0.7140, 0.2351
CMYK	0.00, 0.70, 0.20, 0.05
HSL	317°, 88%, 62%
HSV	317°, 70%, 95%
XYZ	49.2370, 27.7741, 54.4186
YIQ	137.7380, 62.1580, 73.9820

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

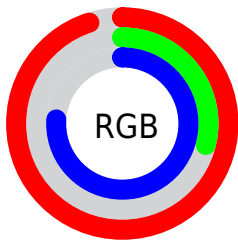
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	243, 73, 195
Decimal	15944131
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	59.68, 75.34, -28.23
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	60, 80.454, 339.460
Yxy	27.7741, 0.3746, 0.2113
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294134211 (0xFFFF349C3)
YUV	137.7380, 28.2302, 92.3148
Hunter-Lab	52.7012, 74.5399, -24.3314

# Details

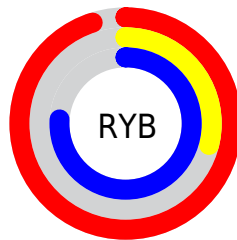
The YIQ color **137.7380, 62.1580, 73.9820** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF66CC**. The color can be described as light washed magenta. A complement of this color would be **178.2620, -62.1580, -73.9820**, and the grayscale version is **137.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **183.6310, 34.2380, 62.3500**, and **70.7910, 63.8070, 82.6470** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **122.8520, 71.0050, 84.3570**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **152.6240, 53.3110, 63.6070**.

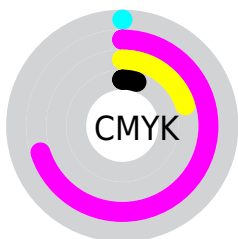
# Distribution



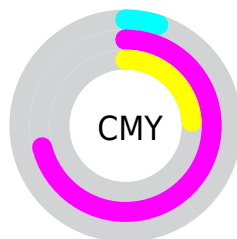
- Red (95%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 137.7380, 62.1580, 73.9820 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 137.7380, 62.1580, 73.9820 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



137.7380, 62.1580,  
73.9820

137.7380, 62.1580,  
73.9820

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

103.3840, 63.3950,  
79.0990

183.6310, 34.2380,  
62.3500

70.7910, 63.8070,  
82.6470

201.5830, 25.0250,  
47.5930

58.8570, 54.2730,  
68.2010

218.6060, 17.0500,  
32.4260

47.3360, 45.0140,  
54.2780

236.2160, 8.8000,  
16.7360

36.3420, 35.7090,  
41.1890

253.8260, 0.5500,  
1.0460

25.9460, 27.5960,  
28.5240

14.4680, 16.7780,

15.3220

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 137.7380, 62.1580,  
73.9820

■ 137.7380, 62.1580,  
73.9820

■ 122.8520, 71.0050,  
84.3570

■ 152.6240, 53.3110,  
63.6070

■ 107.3790, 80.1270,  
95.2550

■ 168.0970, 44.1890,  
52.7090

■ 92.4930, 88.9740,  
105.6300

■ 182.9830, 35.3420,  
42.3340

■ 197.8690, 26.4950,  
31.9590

■ 213.2280, 17.6940,  
20.7500

228.1140, 8.8470,  
10.3750

243.0000, 0.0000,  
-0.0000

250.8420, -5.5470,  
-4.0990

251.4120, -7.1520,  
-2.5440

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



146.7150, -10.0970, 56.3590



137.7380, 62.1580, 73.9820



122.7800, 96.7300, 64.1700

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



137.7380, 62.1580, 73.9820



132.6230, 50.4880, -44.9680



128.1130, -122.3680, -18.0160

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



137.7380, 62.1580, 73.9820



178.2620, -62.1580, -73.9820

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



121.5350, -101.0900, -40.2100



137.7380, 62.1580, 73.9820



117.7960, -2.1880, -70.5080

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



137.7380, 62.1580, 73.9820



135.0020, 92.8020, -18.8620



111.3380, -76.5110, -61.6550



125.9250, -127.2300, -6.9900



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



137.7380, 62.1580, 73.9820



128.1020, 106.5460, 40.4500



111.3380, -76.5110, -61.6550



126.3060, -115.9020, -25.0700

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



137.7380, 62.1580, 73.9820



221.5920, 19.6650, 23.5770



105.8350, -27.7500, 62.4100



108.0760, 12.0100, 13.6260



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



137.7380, 62.1580, 73.9820



122.4280, 78.4310, 92.9510



128.3900, 88.4800, 48.4800



114.6140, 4.2630, 5.3430



70.8900, 67.8420, 81.1060



22.4290, 21.6820, 25.5700



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



137.7380, 62.1580, 73.9820



122.4280, 78.4310, 92.9510



187.6100, -88.4800, -48.4800



114.6140, 4.2630, 5.3430



70.8900, 67.8420, 81.1060



22.4290, 21.6820, 25.5700



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 137.7380, 62.1580, 73.9820 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

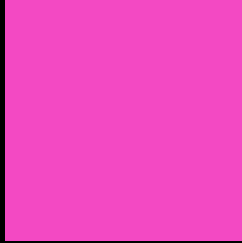
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 137.7380, 62.1580, 73.9820 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 137.7380, 62.1580, 73.9820

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 137.7380, 62.1580, 73.9820.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 137.7380, 62.1580,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

137.7380, 62.1580, 73.9820

### Protanopia

139.8570, -61.4880, 24.0480

### Deuteranopia

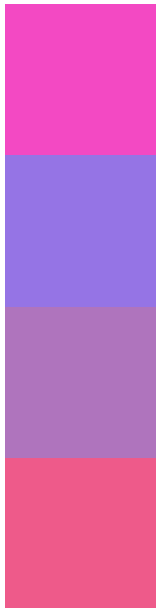
144.5210, -17.1040, 12.6240



## Tritanopia

140.4620, 78.8090, 31.0090

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

137.7380, 62.1580, 73.9820

**Protanomaly**

138.7490, -16.6050, 42.1390

**Deuteranomaly**

141.9630, 11.7310, 35.2110

**Tritanomaly**

139.7240, 72.8000, 46.3040

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

137.7380, 62.1580, 73.9820

**Achromatopsia**

138.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

**Achromatomaly**

137.6680, 22.5070, 27.1390

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 137.7380, 62.1580, 73.9820 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(243, 73, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 73, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 73, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 73, 195) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 137.7380, 62.1580, 73.9820 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 73, 195) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 73, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 73, 195)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 73, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 73, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 73,  
195) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 137.7380, 62.1580, 73.9820 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 73, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243, 73,  
195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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