

Converting Colors

YIQ(137.7550, -17.8830,
10.2210)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(137.7550, -17.8830, 10.2210)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(137.7550, -17.8830,
10.2210)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7F88AF
RGB	127, 136, 175
RGB Percent	50%, 53%, 69%
CMY	0.5019, 0.4666, 0.3138
CMYK	0.27, 0.22, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	229°, 23%, 59%
HSV	229°, 27%, 69%
XYZ	25.2925, 25.2156, 44.0782
YIQ	137.7550, -17.8830, 10.2210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

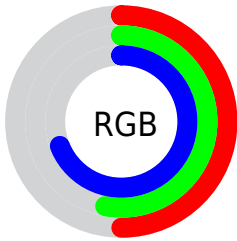
Format	Color
R_{YB}	127, 135, 175
Decimal	8358063
CIE _{Lab}	57.28, 5.72, -21.60
CIE _{LCh}	57, 22.342, 284.836
Yxy	25.2156, 0.2674, 0.2666
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286548143 (0xFF7F88AF)
YUV	137.7550, 18.3618, -9.4321
Hunter-Lab	50.2152, 2.0309, -16.8934

Details

The YIQ color **137.7550, -17.8830, 10.2210** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **164.2450, 17.8830, -10.2210**, and the grayscale version is **138.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **191.3960, -18.2500, 11.3660**, and **87.4130, -16.9200, 9.2880** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **124.4540, -24.1650, 13.9390**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **151.3550, -11.0050, 6.7150**.

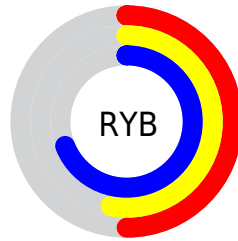
Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (53%)

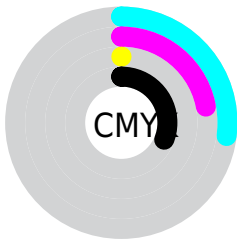
Blue (69%)



Red (50%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (69%)

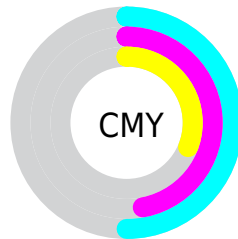


Cyan (27%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 137.7550, -17.8830, 10.2210 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 137.7550, -17.8830, 10.2210 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 137.7550,
-17.8830, 10.2210

■ 137.7550,
-17.8830, 10.2210

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 112.2280,
-17.8370, 9.3870

■ 191.3960,
-18.2500, 11.3660

■ 87.4130, -16.9200,
9.2880

■ 218.6410,
-17.5620, 9.9100

■ 63.5870, -17.4700,
8.2420

■ 243.7480, -7.9780,
1.4140

■ 41.0600, -17.4240,
7.4080

■ 19.0380, -20.3580,
5.5140

■ 4.5940, -10.1800,
8.2840

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 137.7550,
-17.8830, 10.2210

■ 137.7550,
-17.8830, 10.2210

■ 124.4540,
-24.1650, 13.9390

■ 151.3550,
-11.0050, 6.7150

■ 110.8540,
-31.0430, 17.4450

■ 164.6560, -4.7230,
2.9970

■ 96.9660, -37.0500,
21.6860

■ 178.5440, 1.2840,
-1.2440

■ 83.3660, -43.9280,
25.1920

■ 192.1440, 8.1620,
-4.7500

■ 70.0650, -50.2100,
28.9100

■ 205.4450, 14.4440,
-8.4680

■ 56.4650, -57.0880,
32.4160

■ 219.0450, 21.3220,
-11.9740

■ 43.1640, -63.3700,
36.1340

■ 232.9330, 27.3290,
-16.2150

■ 39.3210, -65.2500,
37.1660

■ 242.9450, 27.0550,
-22.2650

■ 245.8800, 25.6800,
-24.8800

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



133.2040, -35.6250, 1.3590



137.7550, -17.8830, 10.2210



139.9810, 2.1520, 16.0720

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



137.7550, -17.8830, 10.2210



138.9300, 32.5520, 4.7760



130.6560, -23.0590, -17.1310

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



137.7550, -17.8830, 10.2210



164.2450, 17.8830, -10.2210

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



133.4210, -3.3440, -16.4960



137.7550, -17.8830, 10.2210



137.6100, 27.2810, -4.3270

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



137.7550, -17.8830, 10.2210



139.7160, 30.5790, 13.0030



135.4510, 14.3070, -11.4930



128.1520, -39.0150, -14.3030

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



137.7550, -17.8830, 10.2210



140.8530, 14.2560, 16.9760



135.4510, 14.3070, -11.4930



131.3640, -16.3650, -17.3010

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



137.7550, -17.8830, 10.2210



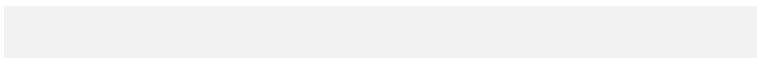
212.8130, -6.6030, 4.0290



159.5080, -25.3980, -13.2860



105.5420, -4.4020, 2.6860



242.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



115.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



137.7550, -17.8830, 10.2210



168.7680, -27.9250, 16.0030



136.6580, -7.0640, 17.8960



80.2000, -3.4390, 1.7530



33.5360, -55.8500, 32.0060



4.9700, -8.4830, 5.0610

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



142.3780, 25.7190, 12.9750



176.0210, 40.2060, 20.2540



165.3420, 7.0640, -17.8960



80.9190, 4.7220, 2.5300



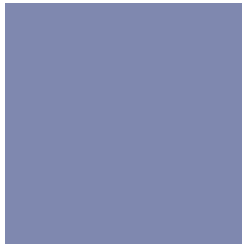
48.0420, 80.4120, 40.5080



7.3330, 12.4240, 6.1200

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 137.7550, -17.8830, 10.2210 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 137.7550, -17.8830, 10.2210 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

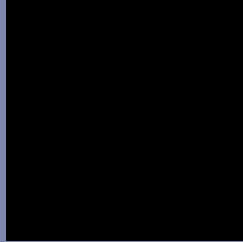
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 137.7550, -17.8830, 10.2210

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 137.7550, -17.8830, 10.2210.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 137.7550, -17.8830,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

137.7550, -17.8830, 10.2210

Protanopia

137.7550, -17.8830, 10.2210

Deuteranopia

138.3640, -15.2240, 11.5920



Tritanopia

135.8720, -14.2590, -0.3950

Trichromacy



Original Color

137.7550, -17.8830, 10.2210

Protanomaly

137.7550, -17.8830, 10.2210

Deuteranomaly

138.0650, -15.8200, 11.3800

Tritanomaly

136.9090, -15.6810, 3.3510

Monochromacy



Original Color

137.7550, -17.8830, 10.2210

Achromatopsia

138.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

137.6990, -6.2820, 3.7180

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 137.7550, -17.8830, 10.2210 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 136, 175)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 136, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 136, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 136, 175) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 137.7550, -17.8830, 10.2210 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 136, 175) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 136, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 136, 175)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 136, 175); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 136, 175);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 136,  
175) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 137.7550, -17.8830, 10.2210 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 136, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
136, 175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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