

Converting Colors

YIQ(137.7750, -12.6080,
-2.7840)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(137.7750, -12.6080, -2.7840)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(137.7750, -12.6080,
-2.7840)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7C8F93
RGB	124, 143, 147
RGB Percent	49%, 56%, 58%
CMY	0.5138, 0.4392, 0.4236
CMYK	0.16, 0.03, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	190°, 10%, 53%
HSV	190°, 16%, 58%
XYZ	23.3997, 26.0378, 31.3907
YIQ	137.7750, -12.6080, -2.7840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

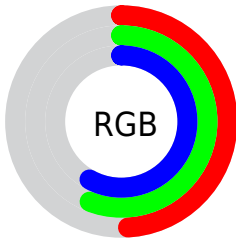
Format	Color
RYB	124, 134, 147
Decimal	8163219
CIELab	58.07, -5.91, -4.41
CIELCh	58, 7.372, 216.746
Yxy	26.0378, 0.2895, 0.3221
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286353299 (0xFF7C8F93)
YUV	137.7750, 4.5479, -12.0807
Hunter-Lab	51.0272, -7.4424, -0.7547

Details

The YIQ color $137.7750, -12.6080, -2.7840$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $133.2250, 12.6080, 2.7840$, and the grayscale version is $138.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $191.4760, -13.2040, -2.9960$, and $87.9600, -11.6910, -2.8830$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $131.5290, -20.7230, -4.3950$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $144.0210, -4.4930, -1.1730$.

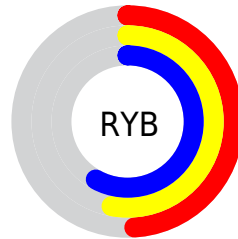
Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (56%)

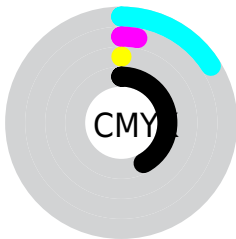
Blue (58%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (58%)

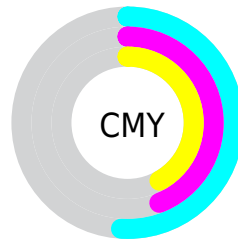


Cyan (16%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (51%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 137.7750, -12.6080, -2.7840 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 137.7750, -12.6080, -2.7840 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 137.7750,
-12.6080, -2.7840

■ 137.7750,
-12.6080, -2.7840

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 112.0740,
-12.0120, -2.5720

■ 191.4760,
-13.2040, -2.9960

■ 87.9600, -11.6910,
-2.8830

■ 219.1770,
-13.8000, -3.2080

■ 64.3730, -11.4160,
-2.3600

■ 247.2480,
-12.5620, -3.6180

■ 42.2590, -11.0950,
-2.6710

■ 20.9600, -11.6910,
-2.8830

■ 0.3420, -0.9630,
0.9330

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 137.7750,
-12.6080, -2.7840

■ 137.7750,
-12.6080, -2.7840

■ 131.5290,
-20.7230, -4.3950

■ 144.0210, -4.4930,
-1.1730

■ 126.1690,
-28.5170, -6.3170

■ 149.3810, 3.3010,
0.7490

■ 119.9230,
-36.6320, -7.9280

■ 155.6270, 11.4160,
2.3600

■ 114.2640,
-45.0220, -10.0620

■ 161.2860, 19.8060,
4.4940

■ 108.0180,
-53.1370, -11.6730

■ 167.2330, 27.3250,
5.8930

■ 102.6580,
-60.9310, -13.5950

■ 172.8920, 35.7150,
8.0270

■ 96.4120, -69.0460,
-15.2060

■ 179.1380, 43.8300,
9.6380

■ 90.7530, -77.4360,
-17.3400

■ 184.7970, 52.2200,
11.7720

■ 88.3720, -80.7370,
-18.0890

■ 190.4450, 59.1430,
12.9590

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



137.3900, -10.0860, -4.4380



137.7750, -12.6080, -2.7840



138.8400, -11.2330, -0.1690

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



137.7750, -12.6080, -2.7840



140.9130, 4.8590, 5.5550



139.7140, 6.5570, -3.1950

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



137.7750, -12.6080, -2.7840



133.2250, 12.6080, 2.7840

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



139.8610, 10.6370, -0.0430



137.7750, -12.6080, -2.7840



140.7240, 9.7650, 4.7490

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



137.7750, -12.6080, -2.7840



140.2760, -0.5970, 5.3150



140.6270, 11.4160, 2.3600



138.7240, 0.5970, -5.3150

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



137.7750, -12.6080, -2.7840



138.9760, -8.6200, 2.0360



140.6270, 11.4160, 2.3600



139.7250, 8.0240, -2.2480

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



137.7750, -12.6080, -2.7840



187.7220, -5.0890, -1.3850



137.9570, -7.6090, -10.7850



94.6190, -3.3010, -0.7490



224.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



97.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



137.7750, -12.6080, -2.7840



176.7140, -19.8060, -4.4940



131.3180, -9.5830, 2.9690



71.3200, -3.8970, -0.9610



82.6500, -75.6480, -16.7040



5.8360, -5.4100, -1.0740

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



133.0430, 7.6090, 10.7850



169.1840, 11.8260, 16.9620



139.6820, 9.5830, -2.9690



69.7770, 2.2460, 3.3500



54.2580, 45.6540, 64.7100



3.9020, 3.3920, 4.6080

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 137.7750, -12.6080, -2.7840 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

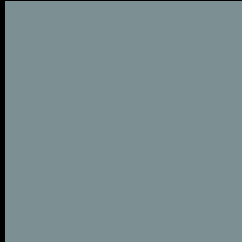
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 137.7750, -12.6080, -2.7840 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

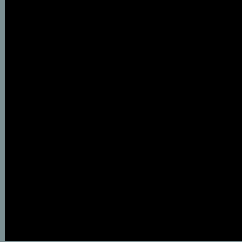
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

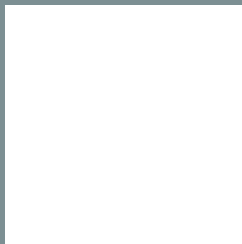
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 137.7750, -12.6080, -2.7840

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 137.7750, -12.6080, -2.7840.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 137.7750, -12.6080, -2.7840.

-2.7840.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

137.7750, -12.6080, -2.7840

Protanopia

139.8690, -1.0090, 1.7670

Deuteranopia

140.7820, 3.8500, 7.3220



Tritanopia

138.1710, -13.6630, -0.1830

Trichromacy



Original Color

137.7750, -12.6080, -2.7840

Protanomaly

138.7760, -5.1810, 0.2830

Deuteranomaly

139.7380, -2.0180, 3.5340

Tritanomaly

137.9430, -13.0210, -0.8050

Monochromacy



Original Color

137.7750, -12.6080, -2.7840

Achromatopsia

138.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

138.0210, -4.4930, -1.1730

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 137.7750, -12.6080, -2.7840 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 143, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 143, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 143, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 143, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 137.7750, -12.6080, -2.7840 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 143, 147) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 143, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(124, 143, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 143, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 143, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 143,  
147) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 137.7750, -12.6080, -2.7840 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 143, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124,  
143, 147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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