

Converting Colors

YIQ(137.7880, -112.0480,
-39.8560)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(137.7880, -112.0480, -39.8560)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(137.7880, -112.0480,
-39.8560)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	06C2C2
RGB	6, 194, 194
RGB Percent	2%, 76%, 76%
CMY	0.9768, 0.2389, 0.2397
CMYK	0.97, 0.00, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	180°, 94%, 39%
HSV	180°, 97%, 76%
XYZ	29.1079, 42.5467, 57.6504
YIQ	137.7880, -112.0480, -39.8560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

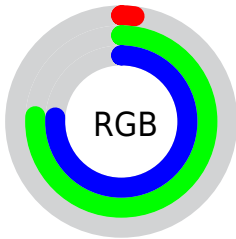
Format	Color
RYB	6, 100, 194
Decimal	443074
CIELab	71.25, -39.04, -11.38
CIElCh	71, 40.661, 196.246
Yxy	42.5467, 0.2251, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278633154 (0xFF06C2C2)
YUV	137.7880, 27.7125, -115.5781
Hunter-Lab	65.2278, -34.4930, -6.7429

Details

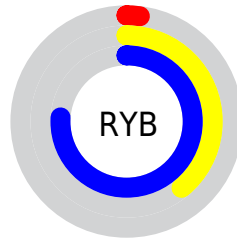
The YIQ color **137.7880, -112.0480, -39.8560** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCCC**. The color can be described as middle washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **62.2120, 112.0480, 39.8560**, and the grayscale version is **138.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **207.2320, -86.6950, -31.2630**, and **98.1400, -83.4400, -29.6800** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **135.9940, -115.6240, -41.1280**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **143.4690, -100.7240, -35.8280**.

Distribution



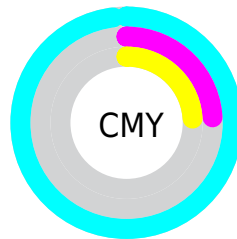
- Red (2%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (2%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 137.7880, -112.0480, -39.8560 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 137.7880, -112.0480, -39.8560 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 137.7880,
-112.0480, -39.8560

■ 137.7880,
-112.0480, -39.8560

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 117.0670,
-99.5320, -35.4040

■ 207.2320,
-86.6950, -31.2630

■ 98.1400, -83.4400,
-29.6800

■ 219.7180,
-70.3280, -25.0160

■ 80.0280, -68.2650,
-23.8570

■ 229.2860,
-51.2560, -18.2320

■ 61.9160, -53.0900,
-18.0340

■ 238.5550,
-32.7800, -11.6600

■ 45.2060, -39.1070,
-12.6350

■ 247.8240,
-14.3040, -5.0880

■ 29.7840, -25.9950,
-7.9710

■ 8.7200, -10.7750,

2.5450

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 137.7880,
-112.0480, -39.8560

■ 137.7880,
-112.0480, -39.8560

■ 135.9940,
-115.6240, -41.1280

■ 143.4690,
-100.7240, -35.8280

■ 149.4490,
-88.8040, -31.5880

■ 155.1300,
-77.4800, -27.5600

■ 161.1100,
-65.5600, -23.3200

■ 166.7910,
-54.2360, -19.2920

■ 172.4720,
-42.9120, -15.2640

■ 178.4520,
-30.9920, -11.0240

■ 184.1330,
-19.6680, -6.9960

■ 190.1130, -7.7480,
-2.7560

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



157.0880, -51.2990, -33.9790



137.7880, -112.0480, -39.8560



137.9950, -125.3920, -29.2960

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



137.7880, -112.0480, -39.8560



178.9190, 5.8630, 31.4230



172.7570, 48.5560, -9.9400

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



137.7880, -112.0480, -39.8560



62.2120, 112.0480, 39.8560

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



175.5820, 60.0150, 8.1670



137.7880, -112.0480, -39.8560



178.8550, 38.2780, 33.1740

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



137.7880, -112.0480, -39.8560



174.0540, -34.4820, 19.1980



177.3390, 56.9860, 24.5220



169.9230, 24.1210, -24.1590

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



137.7880, -112.0480, -39.8560



154.2970, -93.3470, -9.8190



177.3390, 56.9860, 24.5220



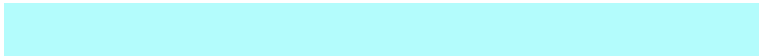
173.9690, 54.0110, -4.1730

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



137.7880, -112.0480, -39.8560



230.1730, -43.5080, -15.4760



117.2530, -49.9120, -97.6880



114.4310, -26.4990, -9.8510



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



137.7880, -112.0480, -39.8560



176.6520, -150.1920, -53.4240



84.3710, -87.0230, 7.7370



94.0100, -5.9600, -2.1200



112.7470, -95.6350, -34.4430



23.1330, -19.6680, -6.9960

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.2120, 112.0480, 39.8560



75.3480, 150.1920, 53.4240



115.6290, 87.0230, -7.7370



89.9900, 5.9600, 2.1200



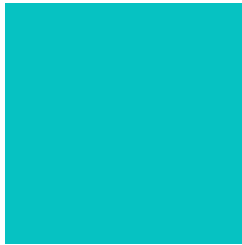
48.1390, 95.9560, 34.1320



9.8670, 19.6680, 6.9960

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 137.7880, -112.0480, -39.8560 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 137.7880, -112.0480, -39.8560 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

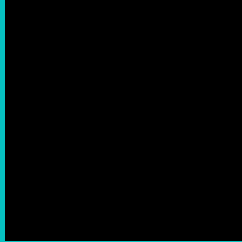
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

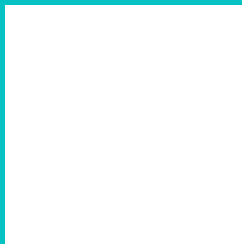
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 137.7880, -112.0480, -39.8560 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 137.7880, -112.0480, -39.8560.

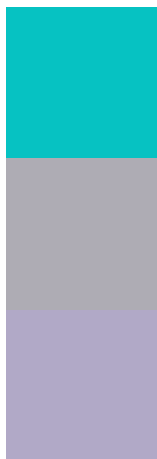


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 137.7880, -112.0480, -39.8560.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

137.7880, -112.0480, -39.8560

Protanopia

173.5100, -1.3760, 2.9120

Deuteranopia

174.8120, -4.8620, 11.0260



Tritanopia

147.1800, -98.1120, -28.0960

Trichromacy



Original Color

137.7880, -112.0480, -39.8560

Protanomaly

160.5370, -41.5370, -12.6490

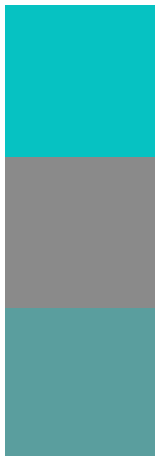
Deuteranomaly

161.3290, -43.6470, -7.4470

Tritanomaly

143.9080, -103.3380, -32.5060

Monochromacy



Original Color

137.7880, -112.0480, -39.8560

Achromatopsia

138.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

137.6680, -40.5280, -14.4160

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 137.7880, -112.0480, -39.8560 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(6, 194, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(6, 194, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(6, 194, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(6, 194, 194) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 137.7880, -112.0480, -39.8560 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(6, 194, 194) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(6, 194, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(6, 194, 194)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(6, 194, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(6, 194, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(6, 194,  
194) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 137.7880, -112.0480, -39.8560 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(6, 194, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(6, 194,  
194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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