

# Converting Colors

YIQ(138.1270, 24.0270,  
-11.4370)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(138.1270, 24.0270, -11.4370)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(138.1270, 24.0270,  
-11.4370)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9A8B5C
RGB	154, 139, 92
RGB Percent	60%, 55%, 36%
CMY	0.3961, 0.4549, 0.6391
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.40, 0.40
HSL	45°, 25%, 48%
HSV	45°, 40%, 60%
XYZ	24.4917, 26.1069, 13.8812
YIQ	138.1270, 24.0270, -11.4370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

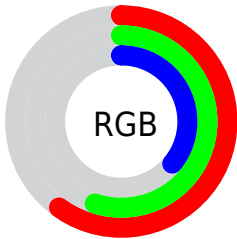
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	112, 154, 92
Decimal	10128220
CIELab	58.14, -1.39, 27.17
CIELCh	58, 27.201, 92.927
Yxy	26.1069, 0.3798, 0.4049
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288318300 (0xFF9A8B5C)
YUV	138.1270, -22.7406, 13.9206
Hunter-Lab	51.0949, -3.8544, 19.6588

# Details

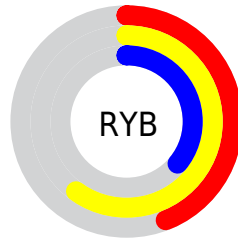
The YIQ color **138.1270, 24.0270, -11.4370** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **107.8730, -24.0270, 11.4370**, and the grayscale version is **138.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **191.4970, 25.8610, -11.6350**, and **87.8710, 21.8720, -10.9280** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **134.0690, 29.9420, -14.0100**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **142.1850, 18.1120, -8.8640**.

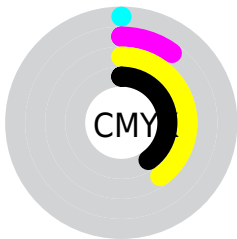
# Distribution



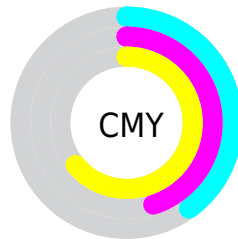
- Red (60%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (64%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 138.1270, 24.0270, -11.4370 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 138.1270, 24.0270, -11.4370 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 138.1270, 24.0270,  
-11.4370

■ 138.1270, 24.0270,  
-11.4370

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 112.6430, 22.5140,  
-11.5500

■ 191.4970, 25.8610,  
-11.6350

■ 87.8710, 21.8720,  
-10.9280

■ 219.6820, 26.7780,  
-11.7340

■ 64.3870, 20.3590,  
-11.0410

■ 244.8660, 20.2680,  
-14.9000

■ 41.6750, 19.4880,  
-11.7760

■ 251.5800, 9.6300,  
-9.3300

■ 23.0580, 11.2800,  
-6.1920

254.8860, 0.3210,  
-0.3110

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 138.1270, 24.0270,  
-11.4370

■ 138.1270, 24.0270,  
-11.4370

■ 134.0690, 29.9420,  
-14.0100

■ 142.1850, 18.1120,  
-8.8640

■ 130.4840, 35.9030,  
-17.4170

■ 145.7700, 12.1510,  
-5.4570

■ 126.4260, 41.8180,  
-19.9900

■ 149.8280, 6.2360,  
-2.8840

■ 122.2540, 48.0540,  
-22.8740

■ 154.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 118.1960, 53.9690,  
-25.4470

■ 158.0580, -5.9150,  
2.5730

■ 114.7250, 59.6090,  
-28.5430

■ 161.5290,  
-11.5550, 5.6690

■ 165.7010,  
-17.7910, 8.5530

■ 169.7590,

-23.7060, 11.1260

■ 173.9310,  
-29.9420, 14.0100

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



140.0950, 36.2210, -1.1470



138.1270, 24.0270, -11.4370



135.5590, 4.9550, -18.2210

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



138.1270, 24.0270, -11.4370



125.9740, -59.0050, -15.4610



143.2710, 16.1350, 21.4710

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



138.1270, 24.0270, -11.4370



107.8730, -24.0270, 11.4370

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



142.2450, -7.3390, 17.3730



138.1270, 24.0270, -11.4370



130.5330, -52.9090, -4.7890

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



138.1270, 24.0270, -11.4370



128.0110, -43.2320, -20.4800



137.5730, -32.0500, 8.1580



142.9600, 33.0080, 18.5440



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



138.1270, 24.0270, -11.4370



133.4800, -11.0000, -20.9200



137.5730, -32.0500, 8.1580



143.1500, 9.1660, 21.1180

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



138.1270, 24.0270, -11.4370



195.3290, 9.0790, -4.8490



112.3620, 31.8160, 18.1200



98.6430, 5.3190, -2.7850



230.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



102.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



138.1270, 24.0270, -11.4370



176.5550, 37.1410, -17.8270



142.4470, 10.9620, -22.4620



74.9140, 3.1180, -1.4420



104.0820, 54.2900, -25.7580



9.7570, 4.9980, -2.4740



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



107.8730, -24.0270, 11.4370



129.4450, -37.1410, 17.8270



103.8520, -10.3660, 22.6740



71.0860, -3.1180, 1.4420



35.9180, -54.2900, 25.7580



3.2430, -4.9980, 2.4740



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 138.1270, 24.0270, -11.4370 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 138.1270, 24.0270, -11.4370 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 138.1270, 24.0270, -11.4370

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 138.1270, 24.0270, -11.4370.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 138.1270, 24.0270, -11.4370.

-11.4370.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

138.1270, 24.0270, -11.4370

### Protanopia

138.1160, 22.5600, -12.3840

### Deuteranopia

139.4920, 33.4250, -5.5430



## Tritanopia

141.9140, 12.2860, 8.6220

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

138.1270, 24.0270, -11.4370

## Protanomaly

138.4150, 23.1560, -12.1720

## Deuteranomaly

139.1710, 29.8950, -7.6490

## Tritanomaly

140.3240, 16.6430, 1.2430

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

138.1270, 24.0270, -11.4370

## Achromatopsia

138.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

137.8560, 9.0330, -4.0150

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 138.1270, 24.0270, -11.4370 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 139, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 139, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 139, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 139, 92) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 138.1270, 24.0270, -11.4370 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 139, 92) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 139, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 139, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 139, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 139, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 139,  
92) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 138.1270, 24.0270, -11.4370 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 139, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
139, 92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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