

Converting Colors

YIQ(138.3660, -97.7950,
-6.2990)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(138.3660, -97.7950, -6.2990)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(138.3660, -97.7950,
-6.2990)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	29A9EC
RGB	41, 169, 236
RGB Percent	16%, 66%, 93%
CMY	0.8394, 0.3370, 0.0749
CMYK	0.83, 0.28, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	201°, 84%, 54%
HSV	201°, 83%, 93%
XYZ	30.2338, 34.9157, 84.4173
YIQ	138.3660, -97.7950, -6.2990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

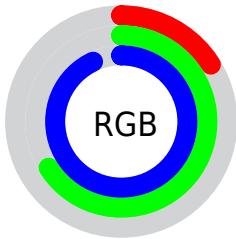
Format	Color
R _{YB}	41, 118, 236
Decimal	2730476
CIE Lab	65.68, -10.77, -42.90
CIE LCh	66, 44.231, 255.911
Yxy	34.9157, 0.2021, 0.2334
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280920556 (0xFF29A9EC)
YUV	138.3660, 48.1336, -85.3900
Hunter-Lab	59.0895, -12.0750, -43.3412

Details

The YIQ color **138.3660, -97.7950, -6.2990** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. The color can be described as middle washed azure. A complement of this color would be **138.6340, 97.7950, 6.2990**, and the grayscale version is **138.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **196.1390, -72.5310, -12.6190**, and **89.1990, -89.9550, -5.2110** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **126.4940, -109.8990, -7.2030**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **150.2380, -85.6910, -5.3950**.

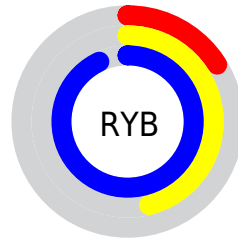
Distribution



Red (16%)

Green (66%)

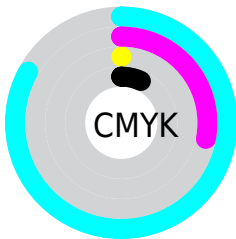
Blue (93%)



Red (16%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (93%)

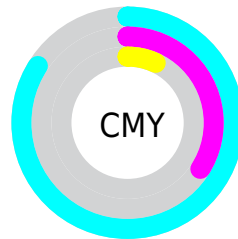


Cyan (83%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (84%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 138.3660, -97.7950, -6.2990 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 138.3660, -97.7950, -6.2990 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 138.3660,
-97.7950, -6.2990

■ 138.3660,
-97.7950, -6.2990

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 107.5390,
-105.7720, -10.4120

■ 196.1390,
-72.5310, -12.6190

■ 89.1990, -89.9550,
-5.2110

■ 222.7300,
-61.4340, -21.0020

■ 72.0330, -74.6880,
-1.0560

■ 233.4720,
-42.9120, -15.2640

■ 54.8670, -59.4210,
3.0990

■ 242.7410,
-24.4360, -8.6920

■ 39.1030, -45.3460,
6.8300

■ 252.0100, -5.9600,
-2.1200

■ 25.2140, -32.4170,
9.3030

■ 8.9770, -18.3880,

13.8680

■ 4.7080, -10.5010,
8.5950

■ 0.2280, -0.6420,
0.6220

■ 138.3660,
-97.7950, -6.2990

■ 138.3660,
-97.7950, -6.2990

■ 126.4940,
-109.8990, -7.2030

■ 150.2380,
-85.6910, -5.3950

■ 117.8890,
-118.3810, -7.6690

■ 161.8110,
-74.1830, -4.7030

■ 173.6830,
-62.0790, -3.7990

■ 185.2560,
-50.5710, -3.1070

■ 197.1280,
-38.4670, -2.2030

■ 209.2880,
-27.2340, -2.0340

■ 221.1600,
-15.1300, -1.1300

■ 233.0320, -3.0260,
-0.2260

■ 244.6050, 8.4820,
0.4660

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



128.4090, -117.6900, -25.7060



138.3660, -97.7950, -6.2990



158.2430, -39.3880, 20.0040

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



138.3660, -97.7950, -6.2990



161.3610, 59.9200, 26.4160



148.5750, -10.3100, -33.4300

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



138.3660, -97.7950, -6.2990



138.6340, 97.7950, 6.2990

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



154.2390, 26.0470, -26.0250



138.3660, -97.7950, -6.2990



159.8490, 63.6370, 8.6050

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



138.3660, -97.7950, -6.2990



163.2190, 40.2490, 36.0010



157.7850, 51.3530, -11.0710



138.2610, -59.2760, -38.0920

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



138.3660, -97.7950, -6.2990



162.9650, -8.9460, 29.9820



157.7850, 51.3530, -11.0710



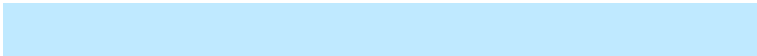
151.0450, 2.9860, -32.1020

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



138.3660, -97.7950, -6.2990



222.9500, -32.0940, -2.0620



162.8750, -74.4900, -81.7700



108.1210, -19.3940, -0.9460



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



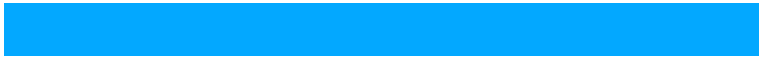
128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



138.3660, -97.7950, -6.2990



128.5830, -126.2670, -7.9230



82.0140, -71.3950, 43.9090



111.3630, -5.4560, -0.2400



90.4870, -90.8260, -5.9460



26.7010, -26.9590, -1.5110

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



113.8970, 75.1320, 81.1480



97.1580, 97.2270, 104.7390



194.3990, 71.6700, -43.3860



110.0870, 4.3090, 4.5090



67.6850, 69.6770, 75.3810



20.1360, 20.9490, 22.3330

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 138.3660, -97.7950, -6.2990 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

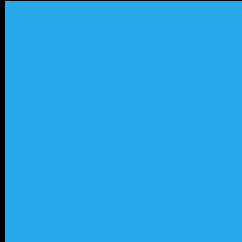
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 138.3660, -97.7950, -6.2990 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

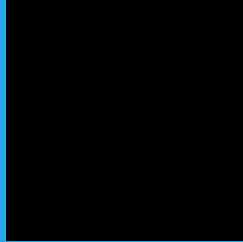
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

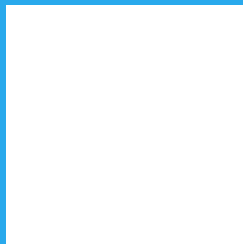
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 138.3660, -97.7950, -6.2990

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 138.3660, -97.7950, -6.2990.



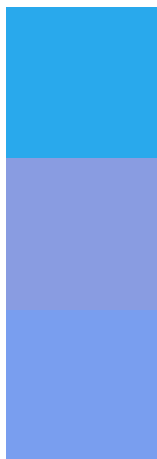
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 138.3660, -97.7950, -6.2990.

-6.2990.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

138.3660, -97.7950, -6.2990

Protanopia

158.1850, -33.4730, 17.4310

Deuteranopia

156.1710, -48.0530, 17.3470



Tritanopia

124.9720, -109.3900, -32.9580

Trichromacy



Original Color

138.3660, -97.7950, -6.2990

Protanomaly

151.1110, -56.9920, 8.6400

Deuteranomaly

149.7340, -66.1160, 8.7960

Tritanomaly

129.6340, -105.0820, -22.9220

Monochromacy



Original Color

138.3660, -97.7950, -6.2990

Achromatopsia

138.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

138.0960, -35.4410, -1.9770

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 138.3660, -97.7950, -6.2990 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(41, 169, 236)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(41, 169, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(41, 169, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(41, 169, 236) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 138.3660, -97.7950, -6.2990 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(41, 169, 236) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(41, 169, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(41, 169, 236)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(41, 169, 236); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 169, 236);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 169,  
236) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 138.3660, -97.7950, -6.2990 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(41, 169, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(41, 169,  
236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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